



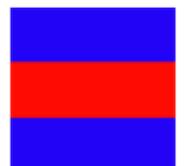
THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census MON STATE, MAWLAMYINE DISTRICT Ye Township Report



Department of Population
Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Mon State, Mawlamyine District

Ye Township Report

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Office No.48

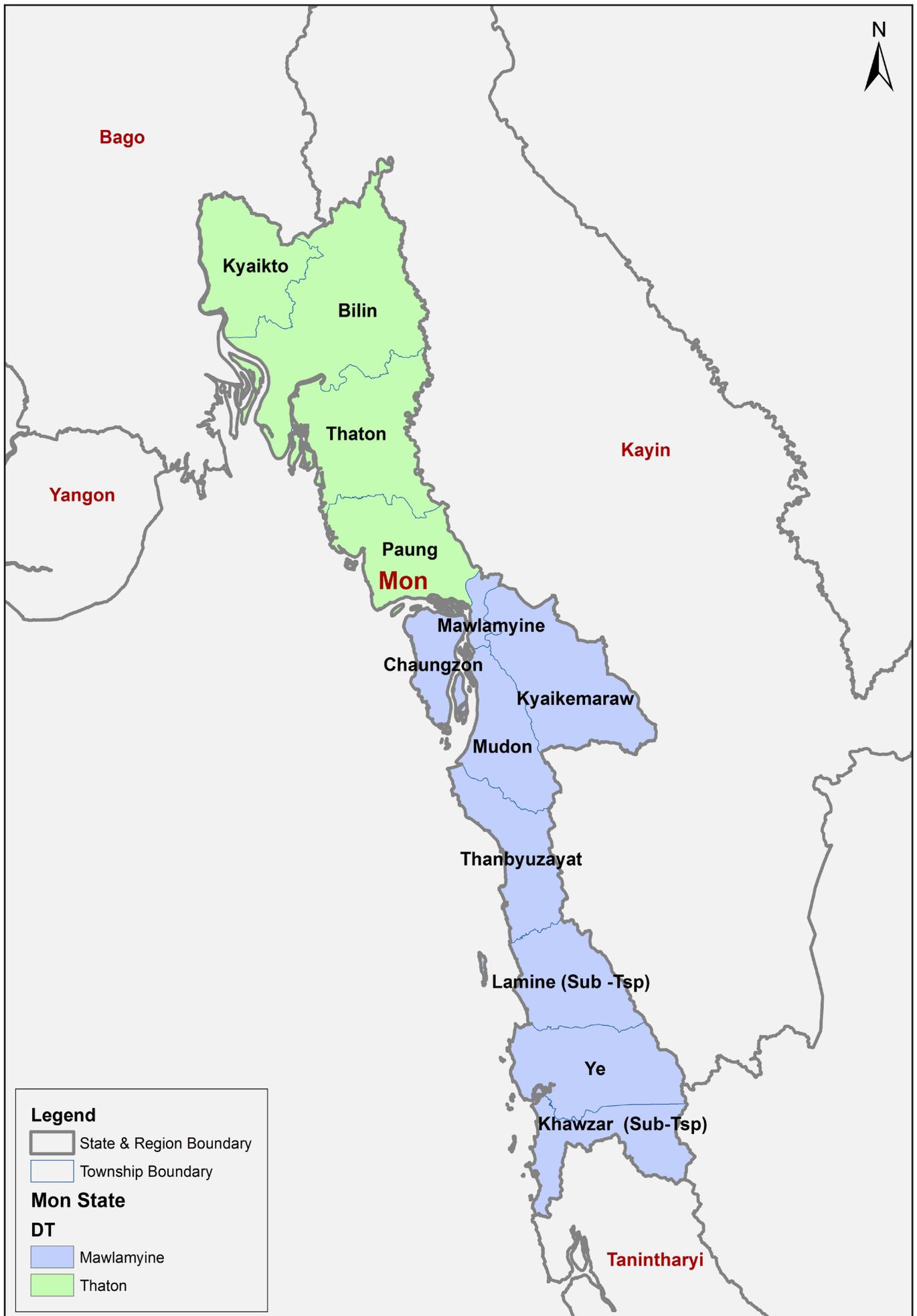
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Figure 1 : Map of Mon State, showing the townships



Ye Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	152,485 ²	
Population males	76,089 (49.9%)	
Population females	76,396 (50.1%)	
Percentage of urban population	22.6%	
Area (Km²)	1,146.0 ³	
Population density (per Km²)	133.1 persons	
Median age	26.1 years	
Number of wards	9	
Number of village tracts	13	
Number of private households	29,991	
Percentage of female headed households	21.3%	
Mean household size	4.8 persons ⁴	
Percentage of population by age group		
Children (0 – 14 years)	30.7%	
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	63.9%	
Elderly population (65+ years)	5.4%	
Dependency ratios		
Total dependency ratio	56.4	
Child dependency ratio	48.0	
Old dependency ratio	8.4	
Ageing index	17.6	
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	100	
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	84.7%	
Male	88.6%	
Female	81.1%	
People with disability	Number	Per cent
Any form of disability	11,931	7.8
Walking	4,212	2.8
Seeing	7,847	5.1
Hearing	2,918	1.9
Remembering	2,955	1.9

Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number	Per cent	
Citizenship Scrutiny	84,546	68.8	
Associate Scrutiny	63	0.1	
Naturalised Scrutiny	288	0.2	
National Registration	1,465	1.2	
Religious	866	0.7	
Temporary Registration	374	0.3	
Foreign Registration	*	< 0.1	
Foreign Passport	*	< 0.1	
None	35,348	28.7	
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexes	Male	Female
Labour force participation rate	62.0%	86.1%	38.6%
Unemployment rate	5.8%	5.2%	7.0%
Employment to population ratio	58.4%	81.6%	35.9%
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number	Per cent	
Owner	24,412	81.4	
Renter	2,910	9.7	
Provided free (individually)	1,525	5.1	
Government quarters	760	2.5	
Private company quarters	105	0.4	
Other	279	0.9	
Material for housing	Wall	Floor	Roof
Dhani/Theke/In leaf	10.4%		63.2%
Bamboo	36.4%	21.7%	0.2%
Earth	0.1%	0.4%	
Wood	40.5%	70.7%	< 0.1%
Corrugated sheet	0.2%		35.2%
Tile/Brick/Concrete	11.2%	6.0%	0.7%
Other	1.1%	1.1%	0.7%
Main source of energy for cooking	Number	Per cent	
Electricity	281	0.9	
LPG	144	0.5	
Kerosene	39	0.1	
Biogas	827	2.8	
Firewood	21,405	71.4	
Charcoal	6,997	23.3	
Coal	219	0.7	
Other	79	0.3	

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	906	3.0
Kerosene	651	2.2
Candle	7,965	26.6
Battery	1,359	4.5
Generator (private)	17,935	59.8
Water mill (private)	213	0.7
Solar system/energy	609	2.0
Other	353	1.2
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	7,792	26.0
Tube well, borehole	682	2.3
Protected well/spring	12,876	42.9
Bottled/purifier water	1,125	3.7
<i>Total Improved Water Sources</i>	<i>22,475</i>	<i>74.9</i>
Unprotected well/spring	3,476	11.6
Pool/pond/lake	75	0.3
River/stream/canal	743	2.5
Waterfall/rainwater	1,148	3.8
Other	2,074	6.9
<i>Total Unimproved Water Sources</i>	<i>7,516</i>	<i>25.1</i>
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	8,273	27.6
Tube well, borehole	557	1.9
Protected well/spring	13,048	43.5
Unprotected well/spring	3,533	11.8
Pool/pond/lake	93	0.3
River/stream/canal	908	3.0
Waterfall/rainwater	1,190	4.0
Bottled/purifier water	31	0.1
Other	2,358	7.9

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	505	1.7
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	20,566	68.6
<i>Total Improved Sanitation</i>	<i>21,071</i>	<i>70.3</i>
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	2,370	7.9
Bucket (Surface latrine)	529	1.8
Other	288	0.9
None	5,733	19.1
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	7,285	24.3
Television	17,886	59.6
Landline phone	1,166	3.9
Mobile phone	9,435	31.5
Computer	602	2.0
Internet at home	592	2.0
Households with none of the items	8,871	29.6
Households with all of the items	*	0.1
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	513	1.7
Motorcycle/Moped	15,182	50.6
Bicycle	6,118	20.4
4-Wheel tractor	540	1.8
Canoe/Boat	198	0.7
Motor boat	773	2.6
Cart (bullock)	798	2.7

Note: ¹ Population figures for Ye Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

* Less than 20.

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Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at <http://www.dop.gov.mm/> and <http://myanmar.unfpa.org/node/15104>.

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Ye Township in Mon State. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.

Census information on Ye Township

(A) Demographic Characteristics

Total population	152,485 *		
Males	76,089		
Females	76,396		
Sex ratio	100 males per 100 females		
Percentage of urban population	22.6%		
Area (Km ²)	1,146.0 **		
Population density (persons per Km ²)	133.1 persons		
Number of wards	9		
Number of village tracts	13		
	Total	Urban	Rural
Population in conventional households	145,114	32,732	112,382
Number of conventional households	29,991	6,113	23,878
Mean household size	4.8 persons ***		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Ye Township, males/females ratio are same. • The majority of the people in the Township live in rural areas with only (22.6%) living in urban areas. • The population density of Ye Township is 133 persons per square kilometre. • There are 4.8 persons living in each household in Ye Township. This is slightly higher than the Union average. 			

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

** Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

*** Calculated based on conventional household population

**Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract;
Ye Township (Mawlamyine District, Mon State)**

Sr	Ward/Village Tract	No. of Conventional households	Population		
			Total	Males	Females
	Total	29,991	152,485	76,089	76,396
	Ward	6,113	34,430	16,619	17,811
1	Thi Ri Zay Yar(W)	378	2,127	997	1,130
2	Thi Ri Mar Lar(W)	348	1,885	878	1,007
3	Thi Ri Nan Dar(W)	1,289	7,510	3,703	3,807
4	Thi Ri Khay Mar(W)	566	3,244	1,606	1,638
5	Yan Myo Aung(W)	762	4,488	2,154	2,334
6	Yan Gyi Aung(W)	723	3,895	1,846	2,049
7	Aung Thu Kha(W)	369	2,057	968	1,089
8	Aung Myit Tar(W)	822	4,555	2,244	2,311
9	Aung Min Ga Lar(W)	856	4,669	2,223	2,446
	Village Tract	23,878	118,055	59,470	58,585
1	Ah Sin(VT)	4,361	21,462	10,851	10,611
2	Zee Hpyu Thaug(VT)	1,621	8,662	4,555	4,107
3	Ah Baw(VT)	1,536	7,859	3,848	4,011
4	Tu Myaung(VT)	1,359	6,621	3,429	3,192
5	Kyaung Ywar(VT)	3,477	16,996	8,692	8,304
6	An Din(VT)	1,793	8,097	3,924	4,173
7	Ka Lawt(VT)	976	4,538	2,283	2,255
8	Kyauk Mi Khaung(VT)	1,148	5,170	2,678	2,492
9	Chaung Taung(VT)	1,473	7,427	3,734	3,693
10	Du Yar(VT)	1,936	9,890	4,820	5,070
11	Thin Gan Kyun(VT)	752	3,237	1,573	1,664
12	Ah Yu Taung(VT)	1,767	9,035	4,609	4,426
13	Han Gan(VT)	1,679	9,061	4,474	4,587

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups, Ye Township

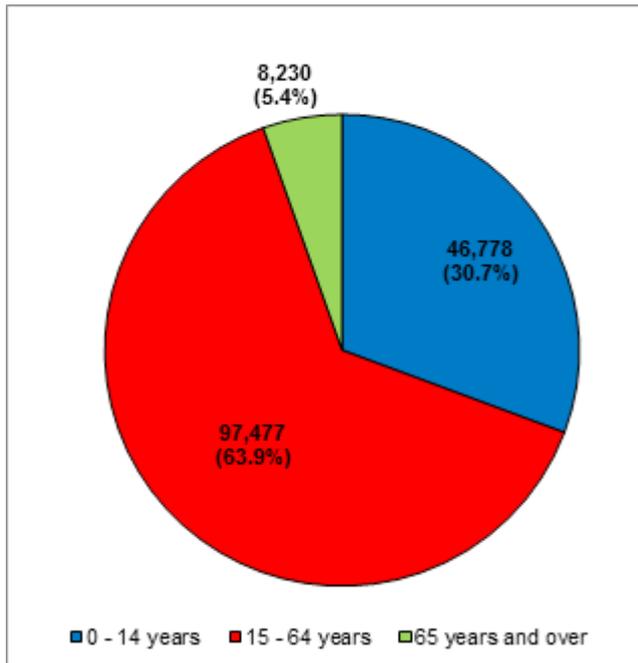
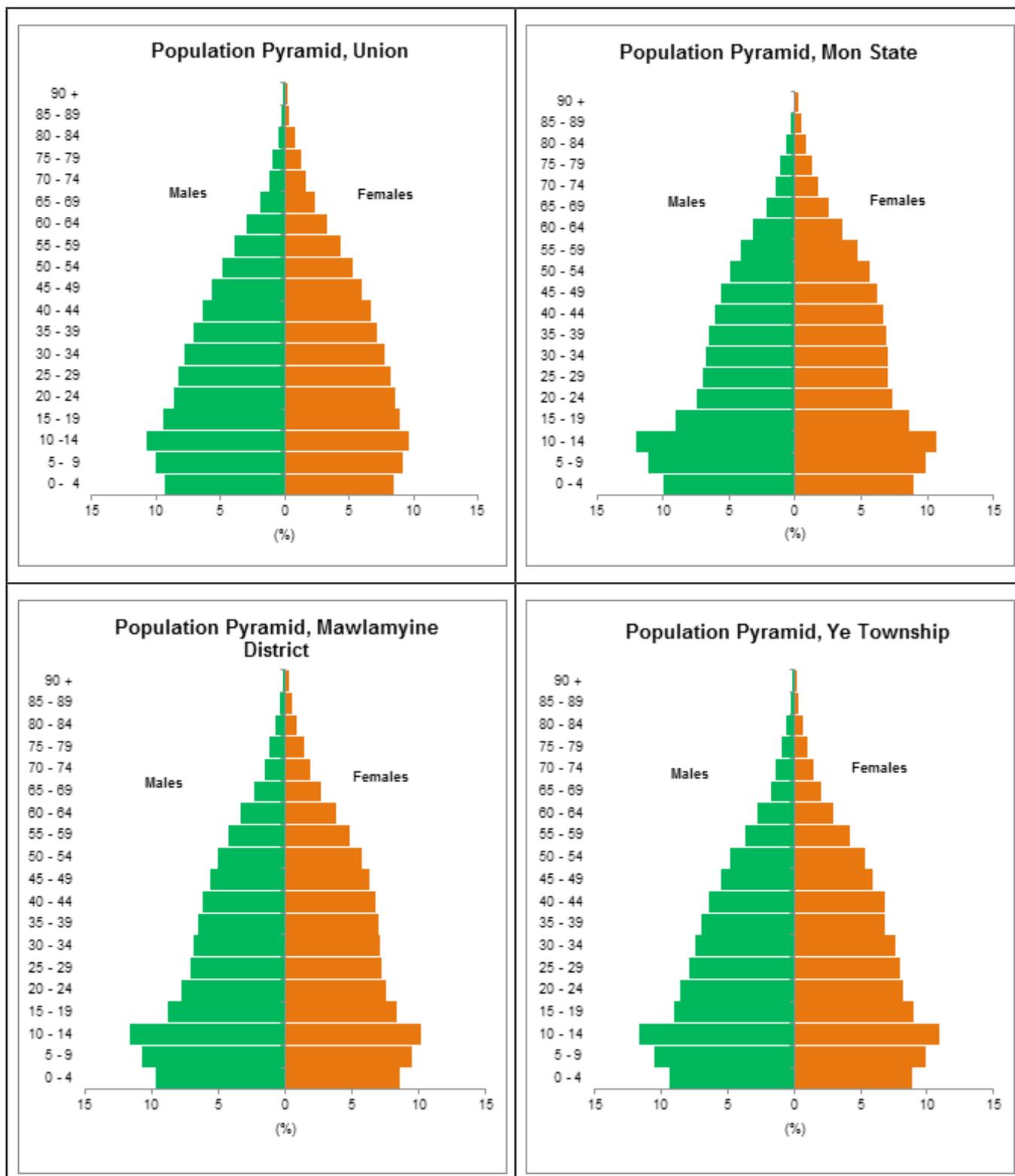


Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups, Ye Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females
Total	152,485	76,089	76,396
0 - 4	13,920	7,171	6,749
5 - 9	15,591	8,012	7,579
10 - 14	17,267	8,918	8,349
15 - 19	13,723	6,859	6,864
20 - 24	12,794	6,552	6,242
25 - 29	12,098	6,025	6,073
30 - 34	11,519	5,680	5,839
35 - 39	10,486	5,306	5,180
40 - 44	10,133	4,918	5,215
45 - 49	8,692	4,229	4,463
50 - 54	7,682	3,635	4,047
55 - 59	5,979	2,796	3,183
60 - 64	4,371	2,103	2,268
65 - 69	2,843	1,316	1,527
70 - 74	2,196	1,058	1,138
75 - 79	1,519	732	787
80 - 84	958	447	511
85 - 89	503	235	268
90 +	211	97	114

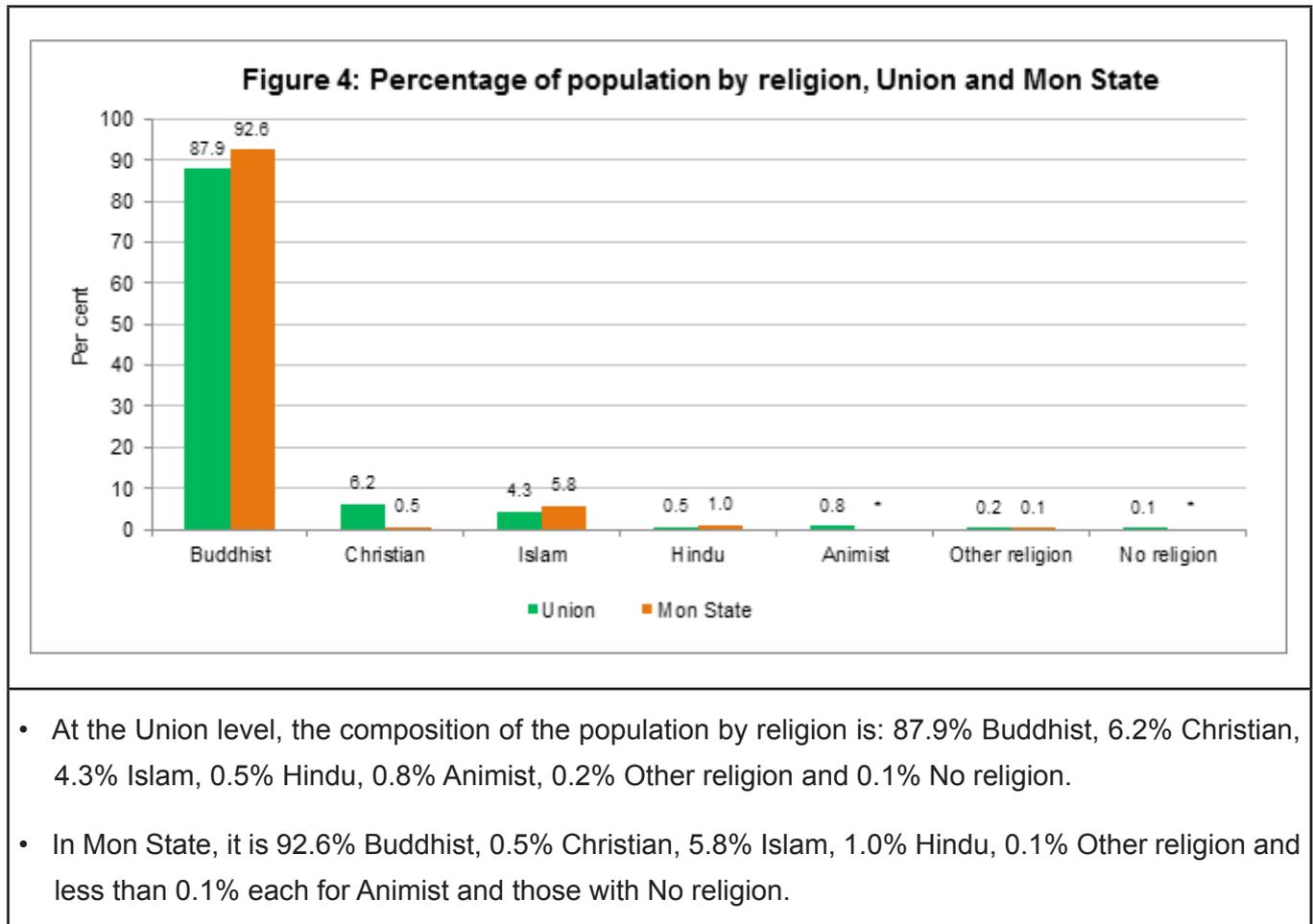
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Ye Township is 63.9 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Mon State, Mawlamyine District and Ye Township)



- The birth rate has been noticeably declining in Ye Township since the last 10 years.
- The population has markedly declined from age group 15-19 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is slightly lower in percentage of working age group 15-64 population in Ye Township.
- Except age group (0-4), (5-9), (10-14) and (20-24) all other age groups are less males than females.

(B) Religion



Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

Age	Total population			Currently attending		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
5	2,811	1,438	1,373	591	290	301
6	3,193	1,664	1,529	2,341	1,200	1,141
7	3,147	1,584	1,563	2,700	1,352	1,348
8	3,067	1,565	1,502	2,669	1,372	1,297
9	3,104	1,590	1,514	2,713	1,386	1,327
10	3,250	1,682	1,568	2,807	1,450	1,357
11	3,004	1,495	1,509	2,524	1,247	1,277
12	3,453	1,741	1,712	2,694	1,327	1,367
13	3,501	1,733	1,768	2,406	1,154	1,252
14	3,194	1,533	1,661	1,833	832	1,001
15	2,798	1,376	1,422	1,213	501	712
16	2,400	1,178	1,222	817	330	487
17	2,436	1,146	1,290	580	197	383
18	2,717	1,274	1,443	434	151	283
19	2,282	1,086	1,196	339	122	217
20	2,683	1,250	1,433	185	71	114
21	2,248	1,084	1,164	144	69	75
22	2,369	1,165	1,204	72	35	37
23	2,231	1,070	1,161	46	21	25
24	1,959	970	989	34	23	11
25	2,439	1,166	1,273	20	8	12
26	2,117	978	1,139	13	9	4
27	2,156	1,055	1,101	18	9	9
28	2,442	1,144	1,298	17	7	10
29	2,011	934	1,077	17	8	9

Figure 5: School attendance by age, Union, Mon State and Ye Township

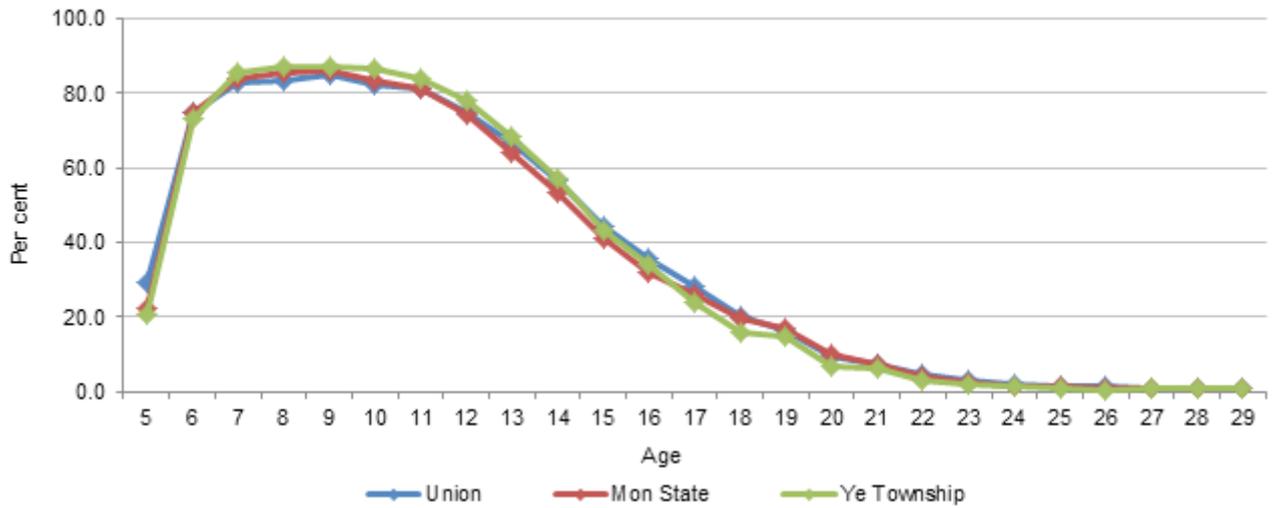
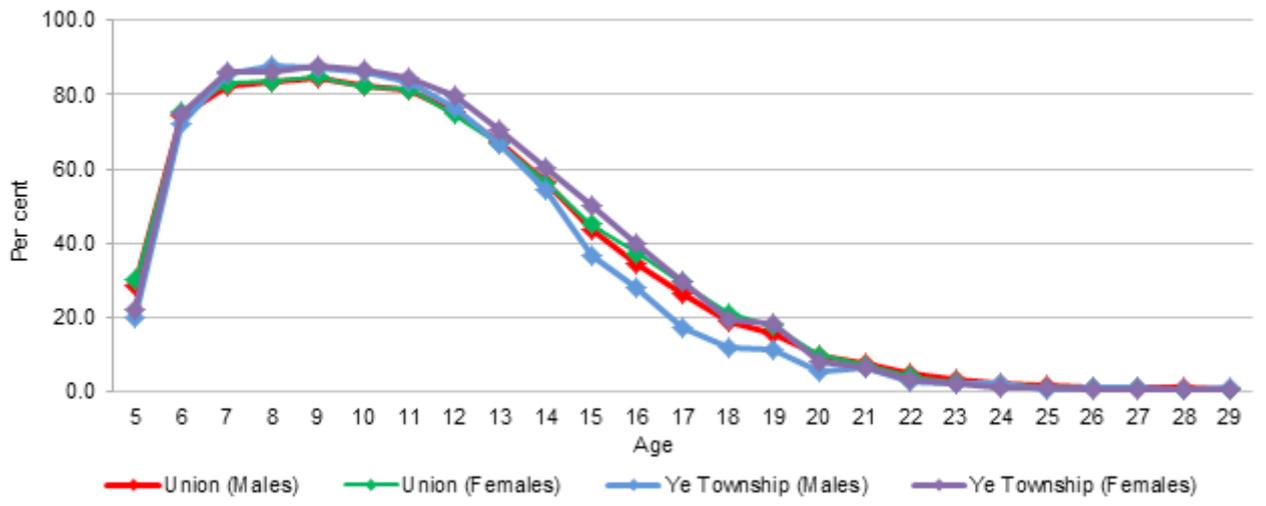
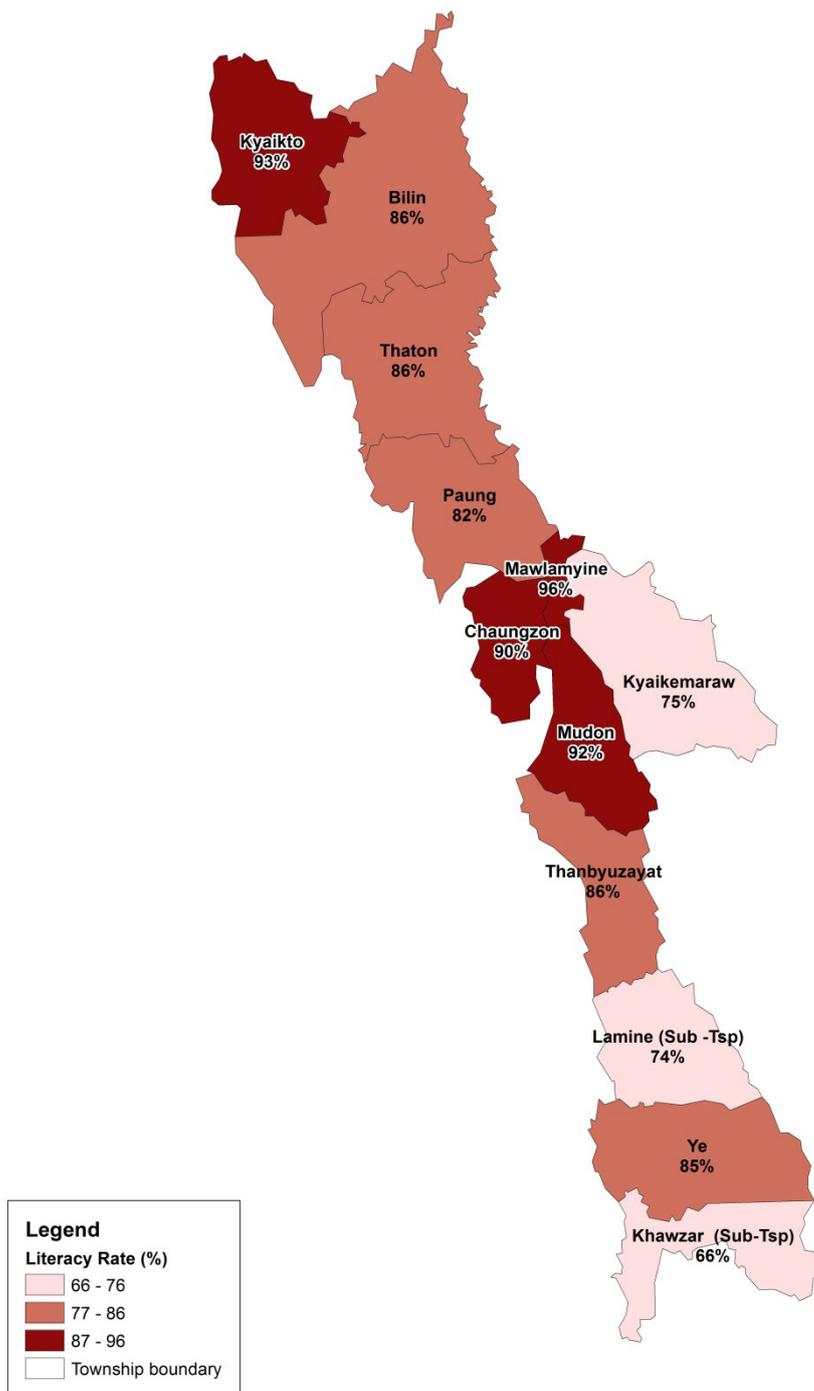


Figure 6: School attendance by age by sex, Union and Ye Township



- School attendance in Ye Township drops after age 12 for both males and females.
- Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males in Ye Township is decreasing between age 14 and 20.

Figure 7: Literacy rate, Mon State (aged 15 and over)



Union	: 89.5%
Mon State	: 86.6%
Mawlamyine District	: 86.6%
Ye Township	: 84.7%

Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 - 24), Ye Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)
Total	24,123	93.6
Males	11,599	93.2
Females	12,524	93.9

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Ye Township is 84.7 per cent. It is lower than the literacy rate of Mon State (86.6%) and the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 81.1 per cent and for the males it is 88.6 per cent.
- In Ye Township, the literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 93.6 per cent with 93.9 per cent for females and 93.2 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

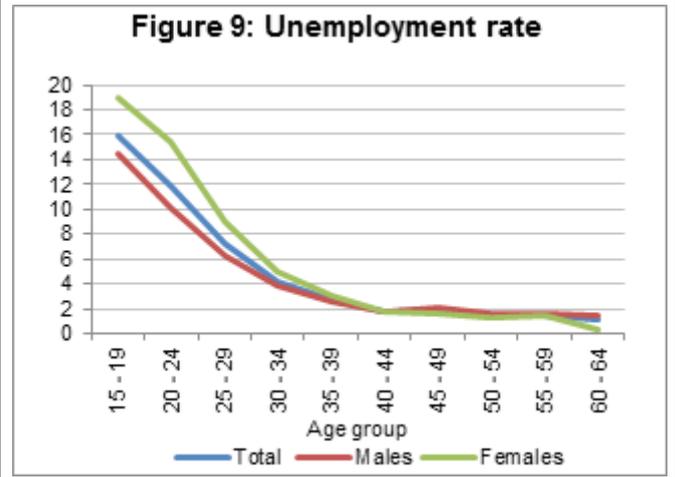
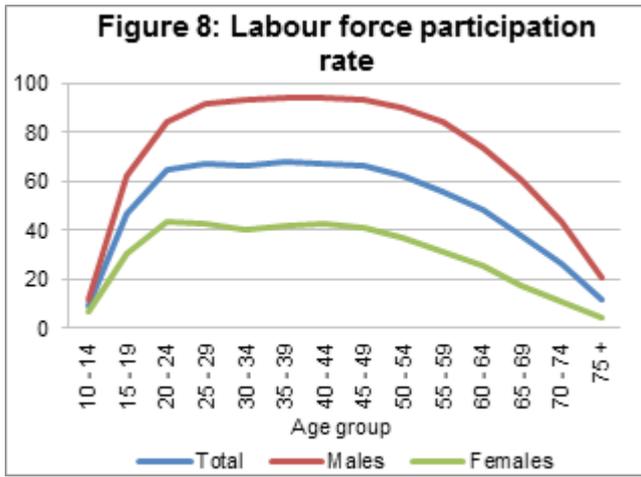
	Total	None	% Never attended	Primary school		Middle school (grade 6 - 9)	High school (grade 10 - 11)	Diploma	University/ College	Post-graduate and above	Vocational training	Other
				(grade 1 -4)	(grade 5)							
Total	79,190	15,174	19.2	21,410	12,916	15,493	6,485	129	3,815	81	43	3,644
Urban	19,337	1,937	10.0	3,741	3,208	5,212	2,935	48	2,112	35	18	91
Rural	59,853	13,237	22.1	17,669	9,708	10,281	3,550	81	1,703	46	25	3,553
Males	38,577	5,702	14.8	9,442	6,313	8,758	3,510	94	1,495	42	31	3,190
Females	40,613	9,472	23.3	11,968	6,603	6,735	2,975	35	2,320	39	12	454

- About 19.2 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 22.1 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 14.8 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 23.3 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 16.3 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 4.8 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Age groups	Labour Force Participation Rate			Unemployment Rate		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
10 - 14	9.3	11.5	6.9	21.2	20.9	21.8
15 - 19	46.6	62.6	30.7	15.9	14.4	18.9
20 - 24	64.7	84.7	43.8	11.9	10.1	15.5
25 - 29	66.9	91.5	42.5	7.2	6.3	9.0
30 - 34	66.4	93.3	40.2	4.2	3.9	4.9
35 - 39	68.2	94.0	41.8	2.8	2.6	3.1
40 - 44	67.5	94.2	42.4	1.7	1.7	1.7
45 - 49	66.6	93.5	41.2	2.0	2.1	1.6
50 - 54	62.0	89.7	37.2	1.5	1.6	1.3
55 - 59	56.2	84.5	31.3	1.5	1.6	1.4
60 - 64	48.6	73.5	25.5	1.2	1.5	0.3
65 - 69	37.6	60.9	17.5	1.4	1.6	0.7
70 - 74	26.5	43.4	10.7	0.3	0.4	-
75 +	12.0	20.6	4.3	0.8	0.6	1.4
15 - 24	55.4	73.4	36.9	13.7	12.0	17.0
15 - 64	62.0	86.1	38.6	5.8	5.2	7.0



- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Ye Township is 62.0 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 38.6 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 86.1 per cent.
- In Ye Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 9.3 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Ye Township is 5.8 per cent. There is difference between the unemployment rate for males (5.2%) and for females (7.0%).
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 17.0 per cent.

Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

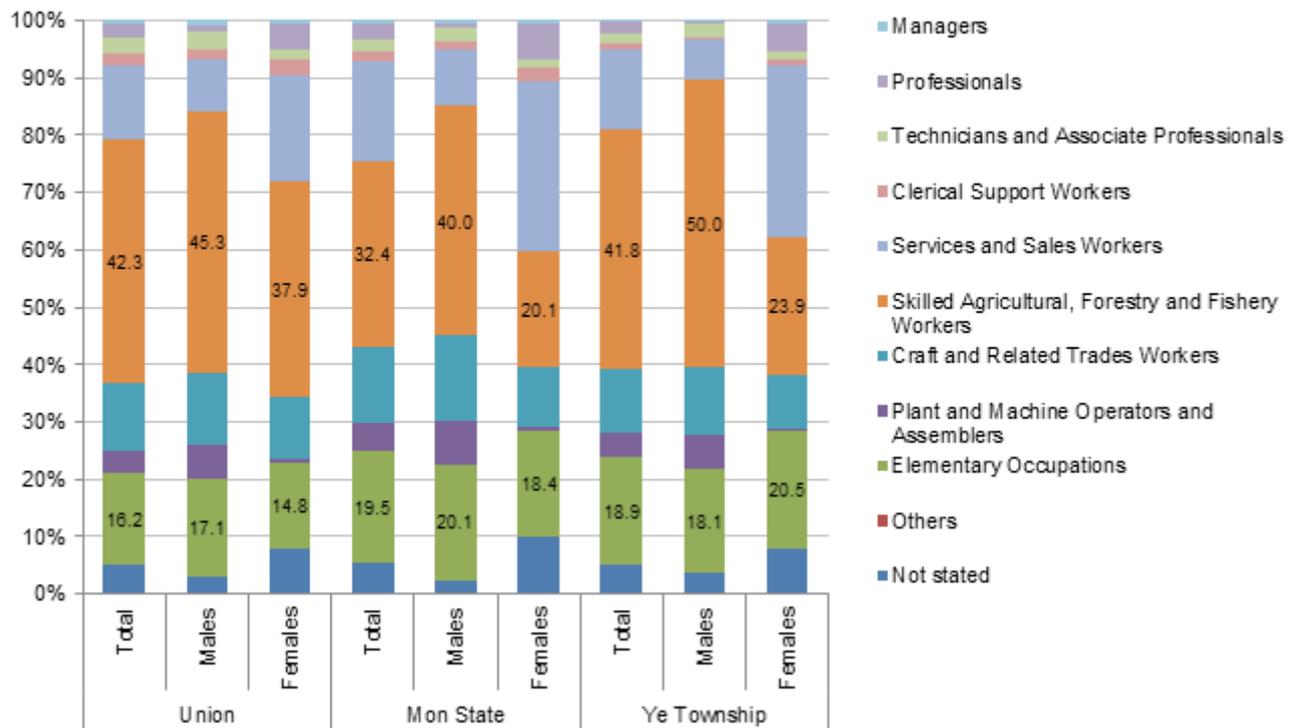
Sex	Usual activity status						
	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	Ill, disabled	Other
Total	58,886	3.0	29.0	47.4	9.6	2.1	8.9
Males	16,912	6.8	47.8	5.2	14.4	3.9	21.9
Females	41,974	1.5	21.4	64.3	7.7	1.3	3.7

- Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 47.8 per cent of males are full time students while 64.3 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

Occupation	Employed persons			Per cent		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total	52,953	36,223	16,730	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managers	162	89	73	0.3	0.2	0.4
Professionals	986	147	839	1.9	0.4	5.0
Technicians and Associate Professionals	1,010	790	220	1.9	2.2	1.3
Clerical Support Workers	442	230	212	0.8	0.6	1.3
Services and Sales Workers	7,489	2,500	4,989	14.1	6.9	29.8
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	22,123	18,122	4,001	41.8	50.0	23.9
Craft and Related Trades Workers	5,817	4,244	1,573	11.0	11.7	9.4
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	2,278	2,229	49	4.3	6.2	0.3
Elementary Occupations	9,983	6,554	3,429	18.9	18.1	20.5
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not stated	2,663	1,318	1,345	5.0	3.6	8.0

Figure 10: Percentage of employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex, Union, Mon State and Ye Township



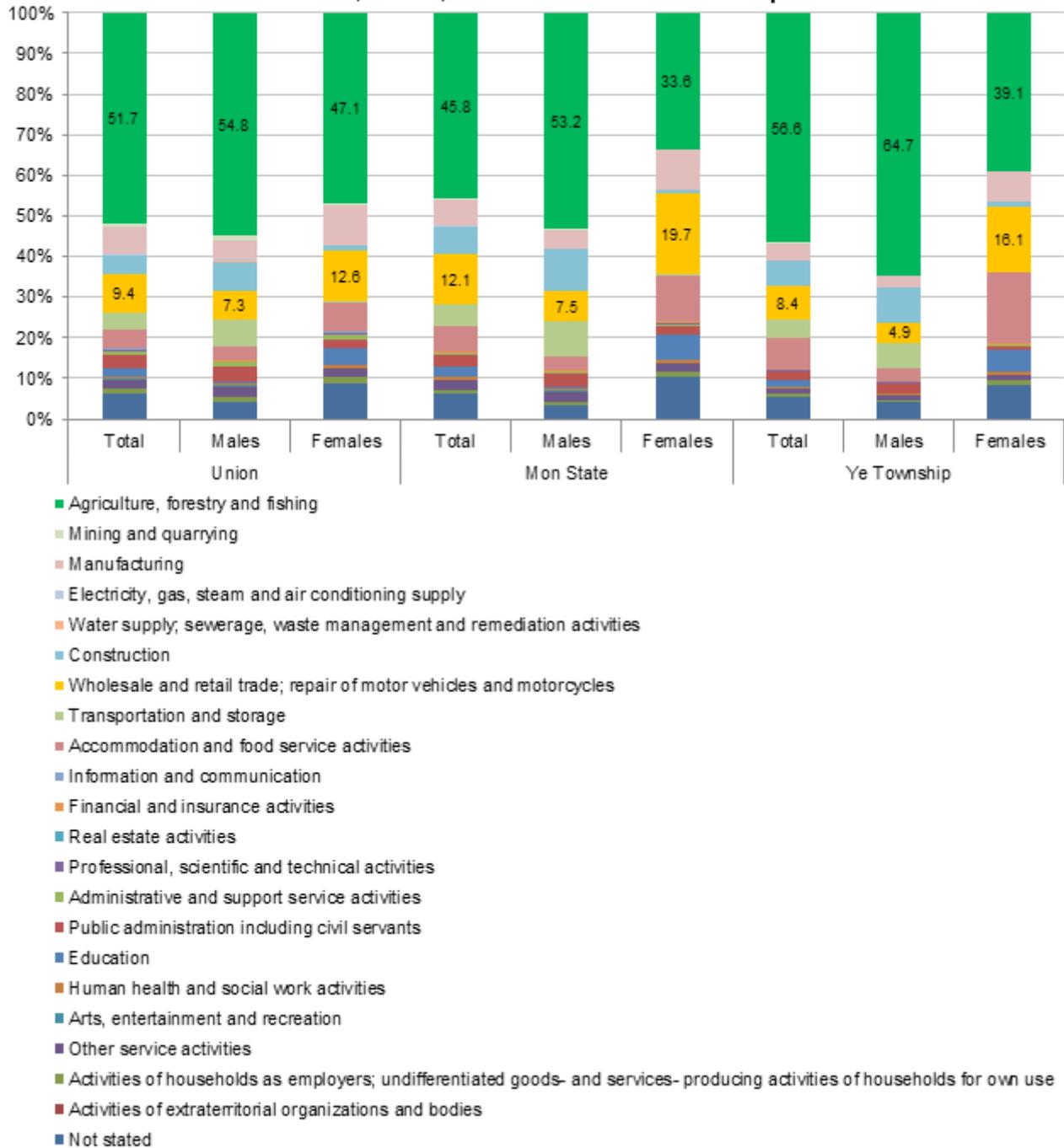
- In Ye Township, 41.8 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 18.9 per cent in elementary occupations.
- Analysis by sex shows that 50.0 per cent of males and 23.9 per cent of females are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers.
- In Mon State, 32.4 per cent are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 19.5 per cent are in elementary occupations.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

Industry	Employed persons			Per cent		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total	52,953	36,223	16,730	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	29,990	23,444	6,546	56.6	64.7	39.1
Mining and quarrying	64	60	4	0.1	0.2	*
Manufacturing	2,171	963	1,208	4.1	2.7	7.2
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	72	69	3	0.1	0.2	*
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	37	29	8	0.1	0.1	*
Construction	3,282	3,080	202	6.2	8.5	1.2
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	4,464	1,773	2,691	8.4	4.9	16.1
Transportation and storage	2,282	2,251	31	4.3	6.2	0.2
Accommodation and food service activities	4,176	1,251	2,925	7.9	3.5	17.5
Information and communication	55	33	22	0.1	0.1	0.1
Financial and insurance activities	34	13	21	0.1	*	0.1
Real estate activities	1	1	-	*	*	-
Professional, scientific and technical activities	61	40	21	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support service activities	145	91	54	0.3	0.3	0.3
Public administration including civil servants	1,054	885	169	2.0	2.4	1.0
Education	900	52	848	1.7	0.1	5.1
Human health and social work activities	252	96	156	0.5	0.3	0.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	44	36	8	0.1	0.1	*
Other service activities	624	388	236	1.2	1.1	1.4
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services- producing activities of households for own use	332	168	164	0.6	0.5	1.0
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	4	1	3	*	*	*
Not stated	2,909	1,499	1,410	5.5	4.1	8.4

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Figure 11: Percentage of employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex, Union, Mon State and Ye Township



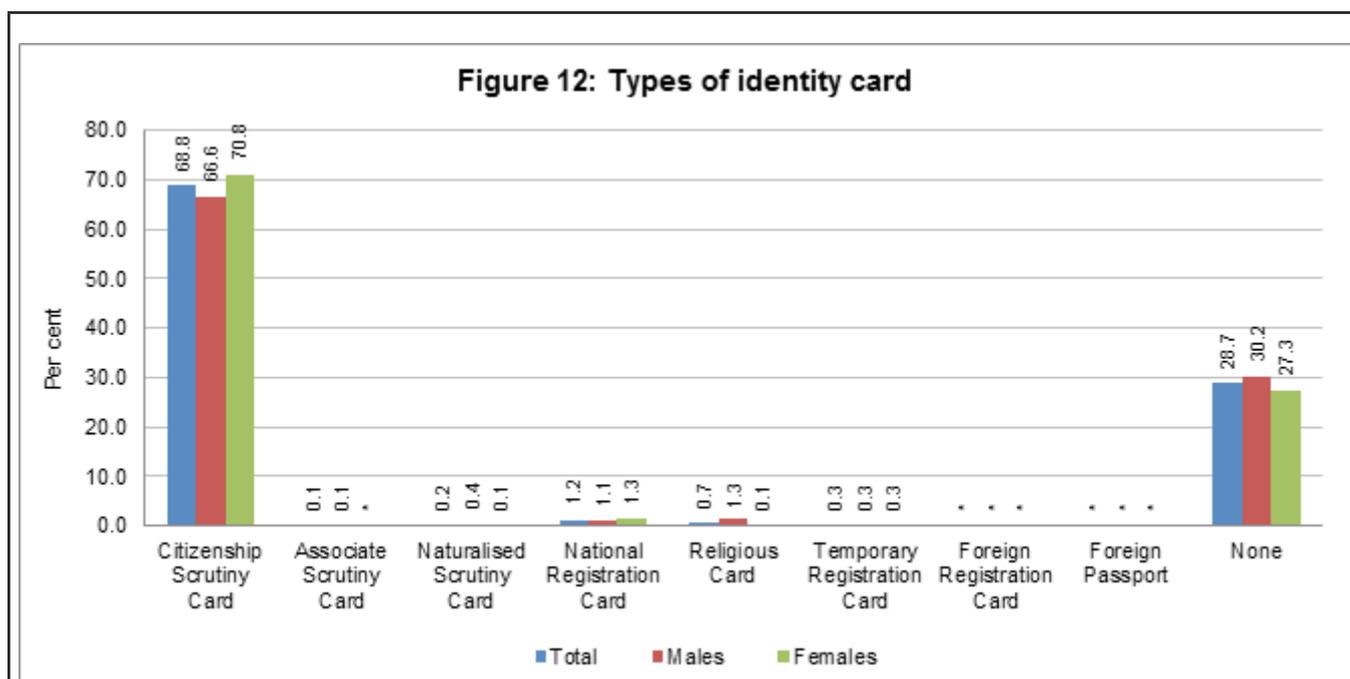
- In Ye Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” is the highest with 56.6 per cent.
- The second highest industry is “Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles” at 8.4 per cent.
- There are 64.7 per cent of males and 39.1 per cent of females working in “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” industry.
- In Mon State, there are 45.8 per cent of employed population working in “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” industry and 12.1 per cent in “Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles” industry.

(E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	84,546	63	288	1,465	866	374	*	*	35,348
Urban	21,993	13	72	385	217	78	*	*	6,001
Rural	62,553	50	216	1,080	649	296	*	*	29,347
Males	40,578	35	222	662	811	180	*	*	18,402
Females	43,968	28	66	803	55	194	*	*	16,946

Note: * Less than 20 cards.



- In Ye Township, 68.8 per cent of the population aged 10 and over have Citizenship Scrutiny Card while 28.7 per cent have none.
- Analysis by sex shows that 30.2 per cent of males and 27.3 per cent of females do not have any type of card.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Total	152,485	140,554	11,931	7.8	7,847	2,918	4,212	2,955
0 - 4	13,920	13,774	146	1.0	18	15	108	59
5 - 9	15,591	15,391	200	1.3	41	68	59	90
10 - 14	17,267	17,002	265	1.5	81	63	67	131
15 - 19	13,723	13,465	258	1.9	100	60	65	93
20 - 24	12,794	12,509	285	2.2	113	49	86	98
25 - 29	12,098	11,763	335	2.8	157	60	89	92
30 - 34	11,519	11,116	403	3.5	197	73	90	120
35 - 39	10,486	9,947	539	5.1	284	90	151	127
40 - 44	10,133	9,234	899	8.9	608	149	188	165
45 - 49	8,692	7,480	1,212	13.9	952	165	241	192
50 - 54	7,682	6,228	1,454	18.9	1,086	222	405	265
55 - 59	5,979	4,622	1,357	22.7	986	253	463	267
60 - 64	4,371	3,218	1,153	26.4	838	279	418	226
65 - 69	2,843	1,911	932	32.8	664	273	387	221
70 - 74	2,196	1,356	840	38.3	605	285	421	221
75 - 79	1,519	804	715	47.1	504	298	377	216
80 - 84	958	431	527	55.0	346	277	314	196
85 - 89	503	213	290	57.7	194	159	192	109
90 +	211	90	121	57.3	73	80	91	67

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Males	76,089	70,584	5,505	7.2	3,493	1,347	1,924	1,376
0 - 4	7,171	7,090	81	1.1	11	6	64	33
5 - 9	8,012	7,897	115	1.4	25	38	35	50
10 - 14	8,918	8,771	147	1.6	37	37	39	76
15 - 19	6,859	6,735	124	1.8	36	28	33	52
20 - 24	6,552	6,407	145	2.2	38	26	54	61
25 - 29	6,025	5,871	154	2.6	61	31	50	44
30 - 34	5,680	5,499	181	3.2	85	29	47	57
35 - 39	5,306	5,036	270	5.1	127	46	85	63
40 - 44	4,918	4,522	396	8.1	234	83	95	76
45 - 49	4,229	3,680	549	13.0	415	65	121	90
50 - 54	3,635	2,962	673	18.5	495	88	195	135
55 - 59	2,796	2,181	615	22.0	459	112	195	114
60 - 64	2,103	1,562	541	25.7	402	124	180	101
65 - 69	1,316	912	404	30.7	287	130	154	88
70 - 74	1,058	680	378	35.7	282	130	178	96
75 - 79	732	410	322	44.0	225	147	153	92
80 - 84	447	220	227	50.8	157	125	125	80
85 - 89	235	101	134	57.0	93	68	87	46
90 +	97	48	49	50.5	24	34	34	22

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Females	76,396	69,970	6,426	8.4	4,354	1,571	2,288	1,579
0 - 4	6,749	6,684	65	1.0	7	9	44	26
5 - 9	7,579	7,494	85	1.1	16	30	24	40
10 - 14	8,349	8,231	118	1.4	44	26	28	55
15 - 19	6,864	6,730	134	2.0	64	32	32	41
20 - 24	6,242	6,102	140	2.2	75	23	32	37
25 - 29	6,073	5,892	181	3.0	96	29	39	48
30 - 34	5,839	5,617	222	3.8	112	44	43	63
35 - 39	5,180	4,911	269	5.2	157	44	66	64
40 - 44	5,215	4,712	503	9.6	374	66	93	89
45 - 49	4,463	3,800	663	14.9	537	100	120	102
50 - 54	4,047	3,266	781	19.3	591	134	210	130
55 - 59	3,183	2,441	742	23.3	527	141	268	153
60 - 64	2,268	1,656	612	27.0	436	155	238	125
65 - 69	1,527	999	528	34.6	377	143	233	133
70 - 74	1,138	676	462	40.6	323	155	243	125
75 - 79	787	394	393	49.9	279	151	224	124
80 - 84	511	211	300	58.7	189	152	189	116
85 - 89	268	112	156	58.2	101	91	105	63
90 +	114	42	72	63.2	49	46	57	45

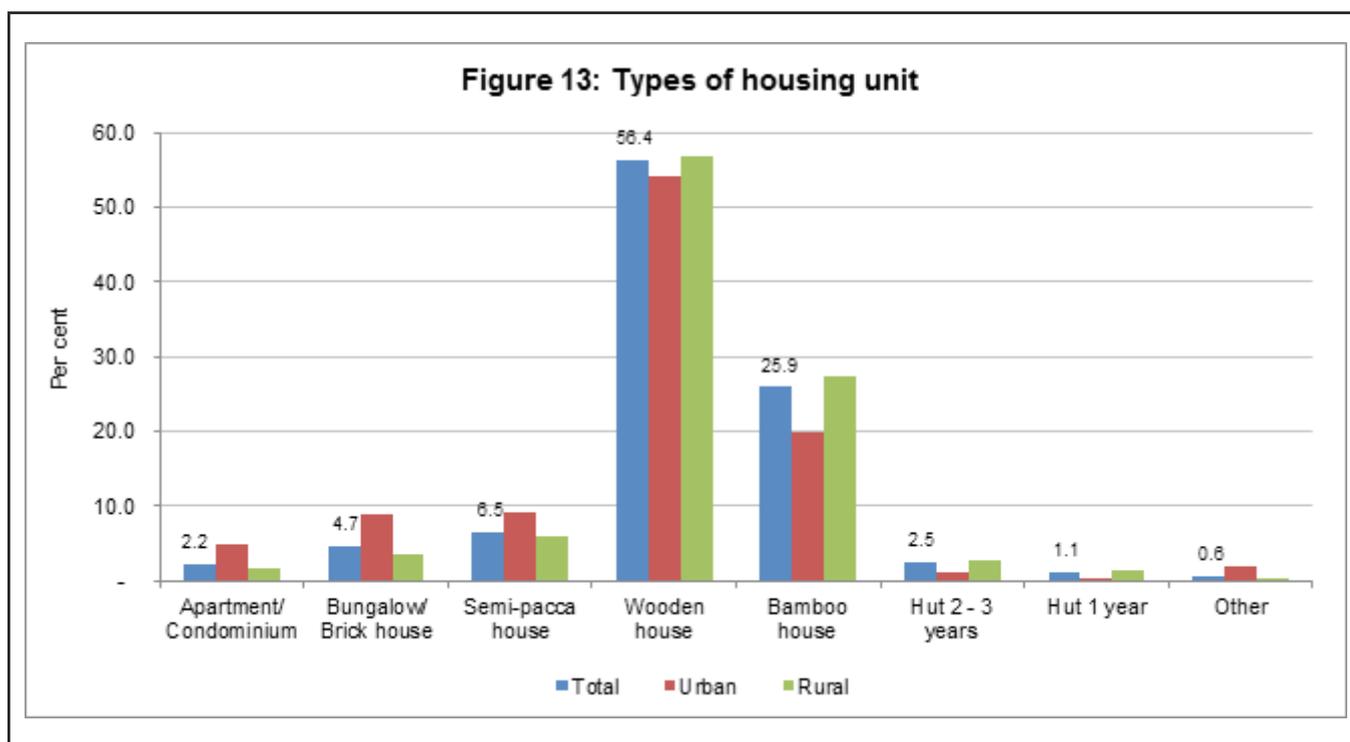
- Eight in every 100 persons in Ye Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 60.
- Difficulties with seeing and walking were the most commonly mentioned forms of disability in the Township.

(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	Bungalow/ Brick house	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	29,991	2.2	4.7	6.5	56.4	25.9	2.5	1.1	0.6
Urban	6,113	4.9	8.9	9.0	54.1	19.9	1.1	0.3	1.8
Rural	23,878	1.6	3.6	5.9	57.0	27.5	2.8	1.3	0.3



- The majority of the households in Ye Township are living in wooden houses (56.4%) followed by households in bamboo houses (25.9%).
- About 54.1 per cent of urban households and 57.0 per cent of rural households live in wooden houses.

Type of toilet

Figure 14: Proportion of households with access to improved sanitation

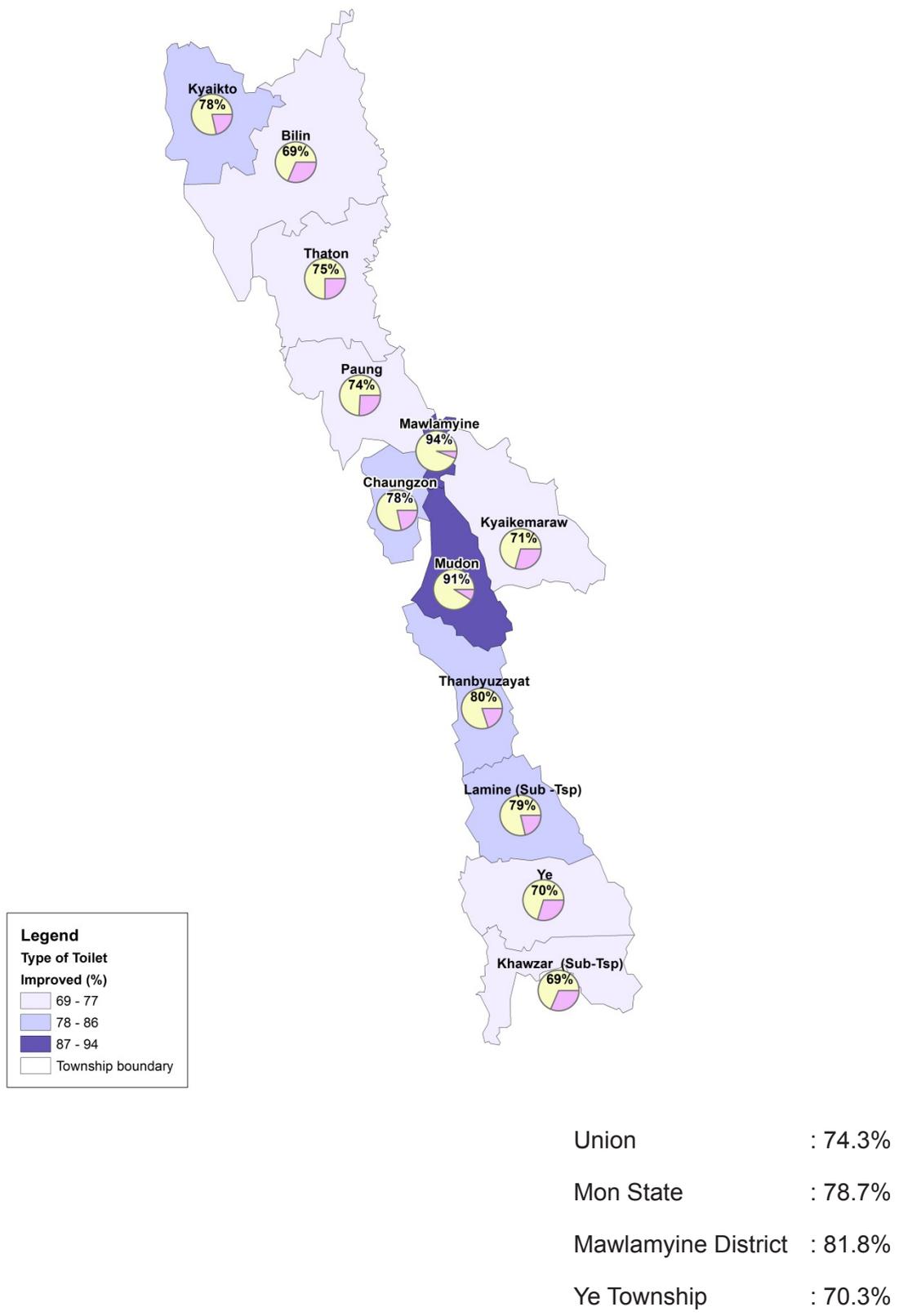


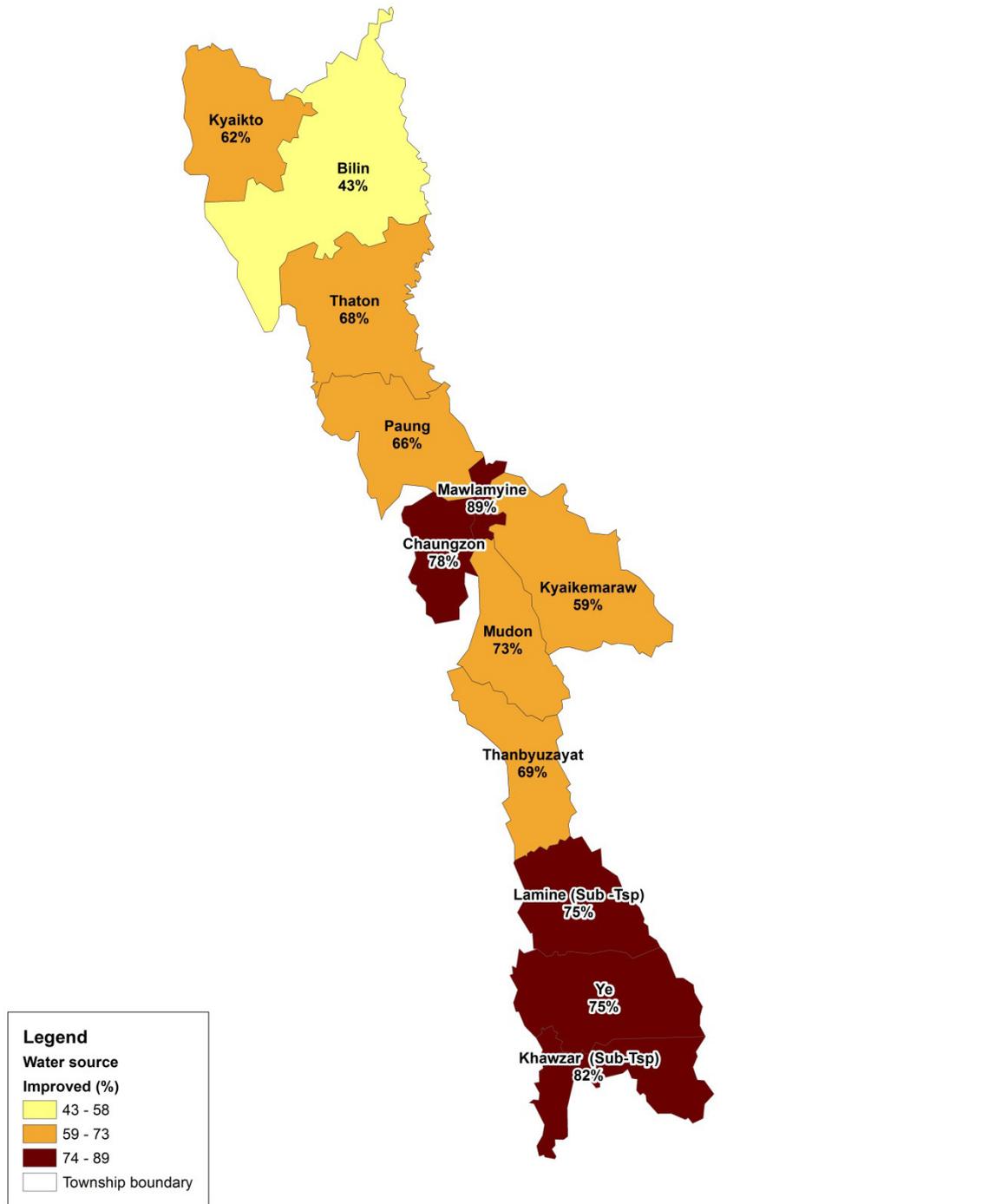
Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Type of toilet		Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		1.7	1.3	1.8
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)		68.6	88.2	63.5
<i>Improved sanitation</i>		<i>70.3</i>	<i>89.5</i>	<i>65.3</i>
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)		7.9	6.5	8.3
Bucket (Surface latrine)		1.8	0.5	2.1
Other		0.9	0.4	1.1
None		19.1	3.1	23.2
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	29,991	6,113	23,878

- Up to 70.3 per cent of the households in Ye Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (1.7%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (68.6%)).
- Compared to other townships in Mon State, Ye has the third lowest proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Mon State is 78.7 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- About 19.1 per cent of the households in the Ye Township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Mon State, it is 16.3 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Ye Township, 23.2 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.

Source of drinking water

Figure 15: Proportion of households with access to improved source of drinking water



Union	: 69.5%
Mon State	: 69.0%
Mawlamyine District	: 74.9%
Ye Township	: 74.9%

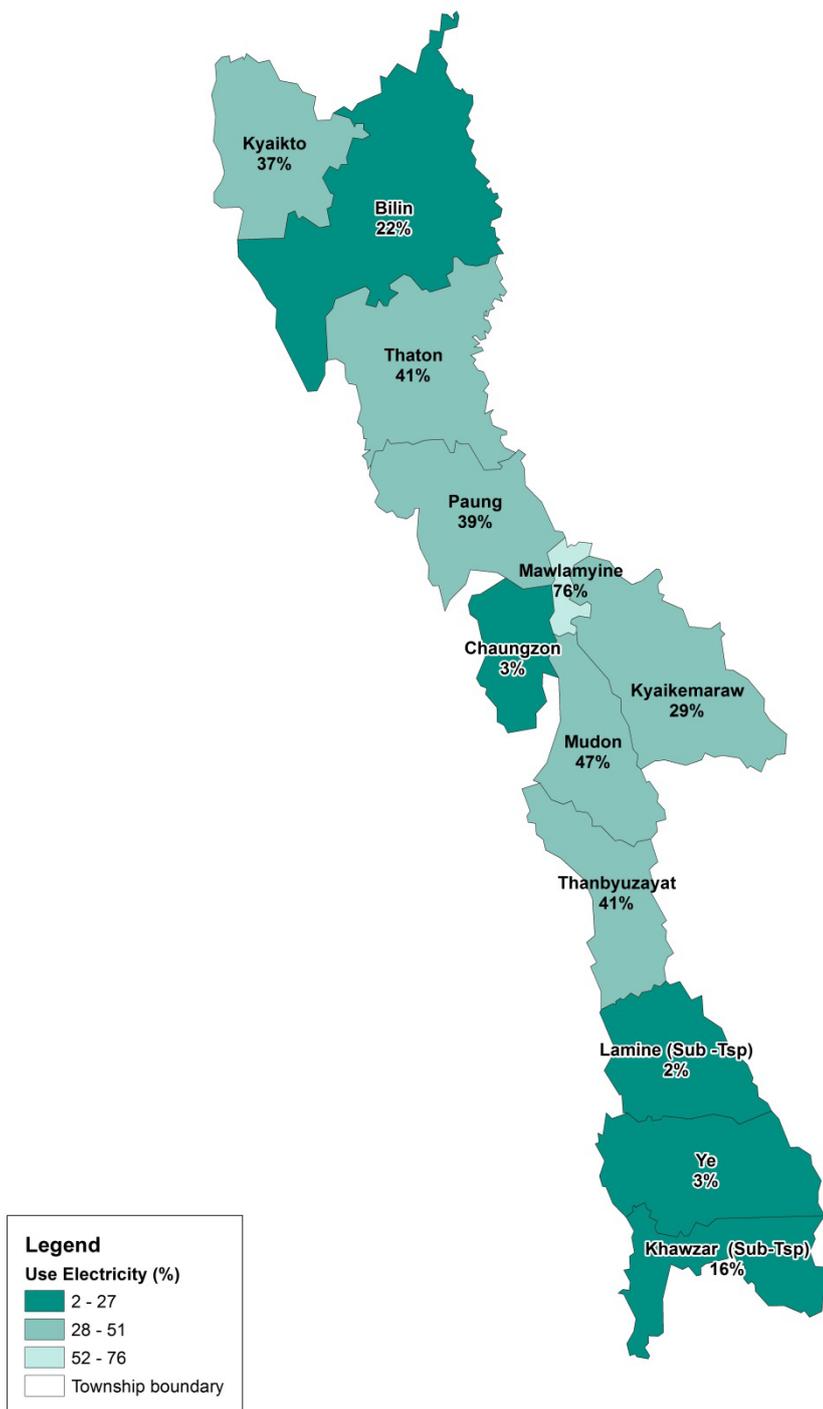
Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source of drinking water		Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ Piped		26.0	16.0	28.6
Tube well, borehole		2.3	5.6	1.4
Protected well/ Spring		42.9	49.3	41.3
Bottled water/ Water purifier		3.7	10.2	2.1
<i>Total improved drinking water</i>		<i>74.9</i>	<i>81.1</i>	<i>73.4</i>
Unprotected well/Spring		11.6	7.2	12.7
Pool/Pond/ Lake		0.3	0.7	0.1
River/stream/ canal		2.5	-	3.1
Waterfall/ Rain water		3.8	1.2	4.5
Other		6.9	9.8	6.2
<i>Total unimproved drinking water</i>		<i>25.1</i>	<i>18.9</i>	<i>26.6</i>
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	29,991	6,113	23,878

- In Ye Township, 74.9 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/ piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Mon State, this household proportion is higher in use improved sources for drinking water and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- About 42.9 per cent of the households use water from protected well/spring and 26.0 per cent use water from tap water/piped.
- About 25.1 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 26.6 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

Source of lighting

Figure 16: Proportion of households using electricity for lighting



Union	: 32.4%
Mon State	: 35.7%
Mawlamyine District	: 35.9%
Ye Township	: 3.0%

Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

Source of lighting		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		3.0	2.7	3.1
Kerosene		2.2	0.2	2.7
Candle		26.6	16.7	29.1
Battery		4.5	2.9	4.9
Generator (private)		59.8	74.3	56.1
Water mill (private)		0.7	1.2	0.6
Solar system/energy		2.0	1.3	2.2
Other		1.2	0.8	1.3
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	29,991	6,113	23,878

- In Ye Township, 3.0 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. This proportion is the third lowest in electricity usage compared to other townships in Mon State. The percentage of households that use electricity in Mon State is 35.7 per cent.
- The use of generator (private) for lighting is the highest in the township with 59.8 per cent.
- In rural areas, 56.1 per cent of the households use generator (private) for lighting.

Type of cooking fuel

Figure 17: Proportion of households using wood-related cooking fuel

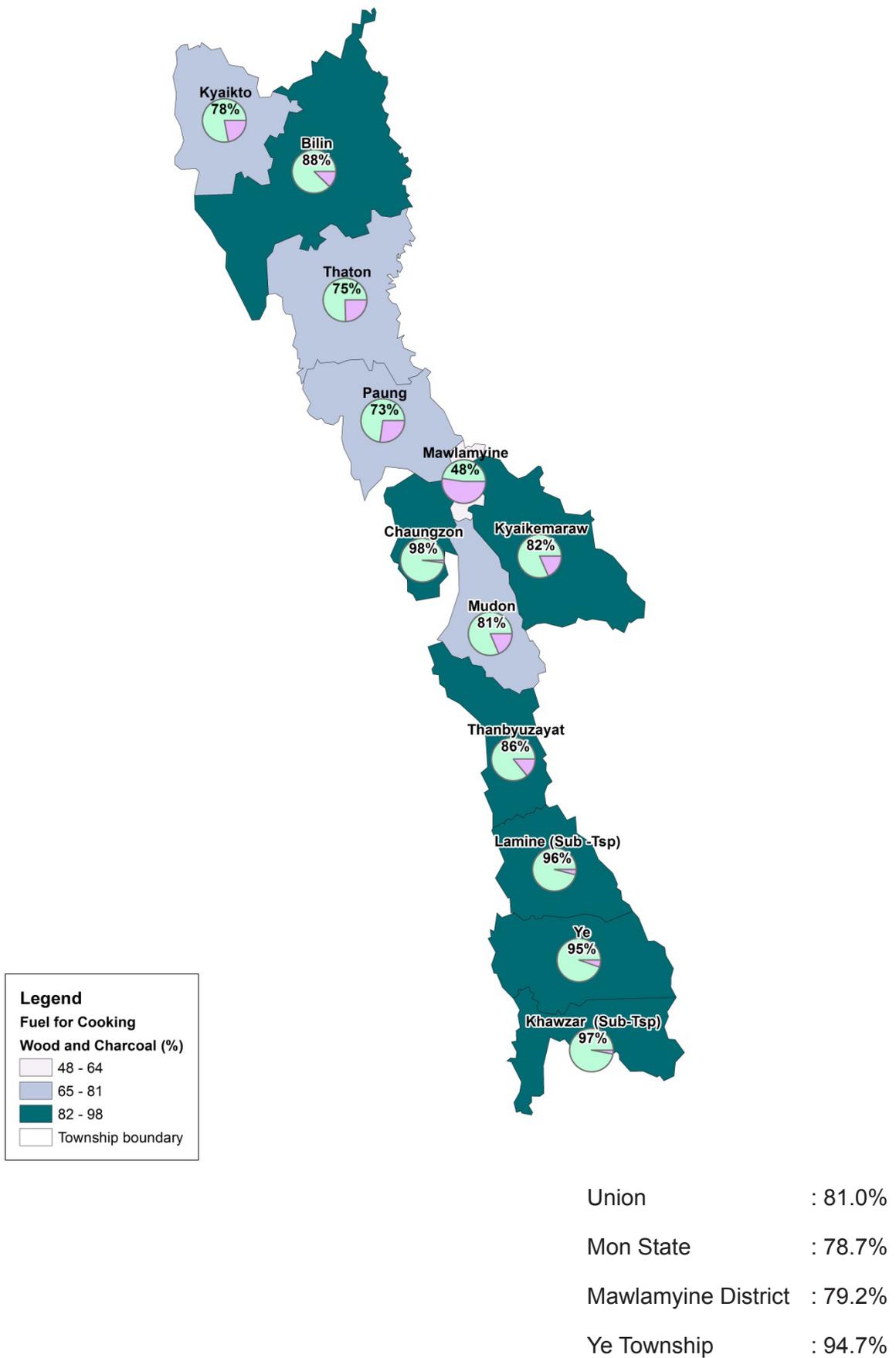


Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Type of cooking fuel		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		0.9	2.1	0.6
LPG		0.5	0.8	0.4
Kerosene		0.1	-	0.2
BioGas		2.8	6.2	1.9
Firewood		71.4	51.3	76.5
Charcoal		23.3	38.4	19.5
Coal		0.7	0.3	0.8
Other		0.3	0.7	0.1
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	29,991	6,113	23,878

- In Ye Township, households use wood-related fuels for cooking with 71.4 per cent using firewood and 23.3 per cent using charcoal.
- About 0.9 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- About 76.5 per cent of households in rural areas use firewood and 19.5 per cent use charcoal.

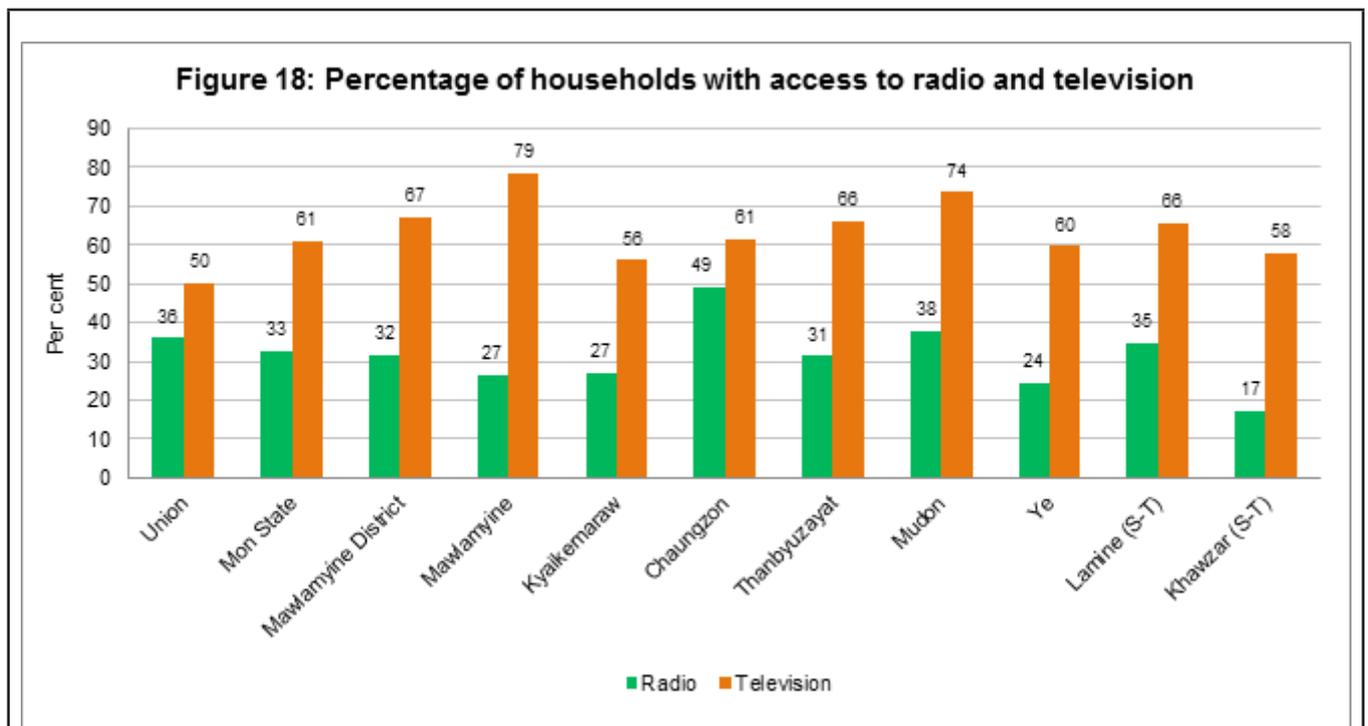
Communication and related amenities

Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	29,991	24.3	59.6	3.9	31.5	2.0	2.0	29.6	0.1
Urban	6,113	24.9	71.3	8.3	60.9	5.0	3.6	16.7	0.1
Rural	23,878	24.1	56.7	2.8	23.9	1.2	1.6	32.9	*

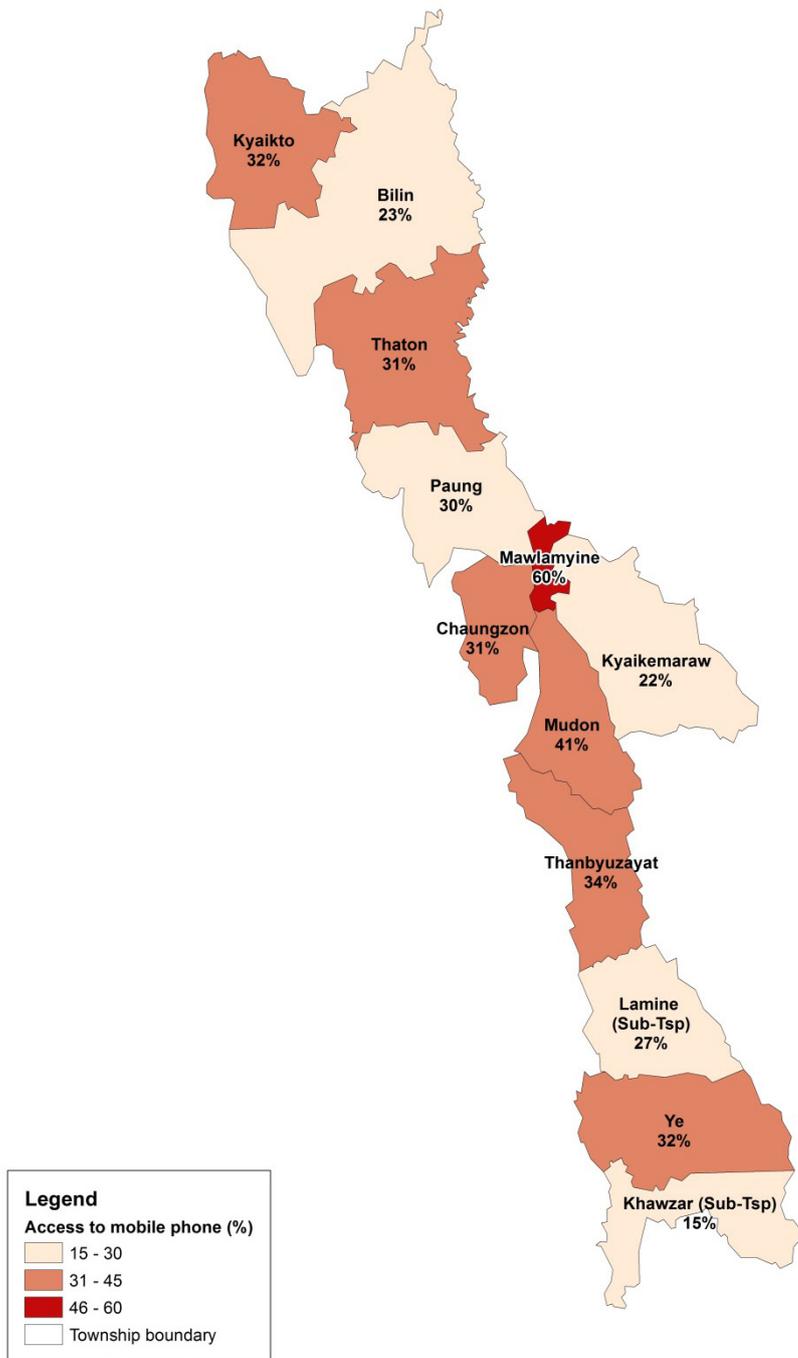
- About 59.6 per cent of the households in Ye Township have access to television and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. About 71.3 per cent of households in urban areas have access to television, while the proportion for rural areas was 56.7 per cent.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.



- About 24.3 per cent of the households in Ye Township have access to radio and about one in four households.

Figure 19: Proportion of households with access to mobile phone



Union	: 32.9%
Mon State	: 34.2%
Mawlamyine District	: 37.7%
Ye Township	: 31.5%

- About 31.5 per cent of the households in Ye Township reported having mobile phones. Compared to other townships in Mon State, it belongs to the (31-45) proportion group.

Transportation items

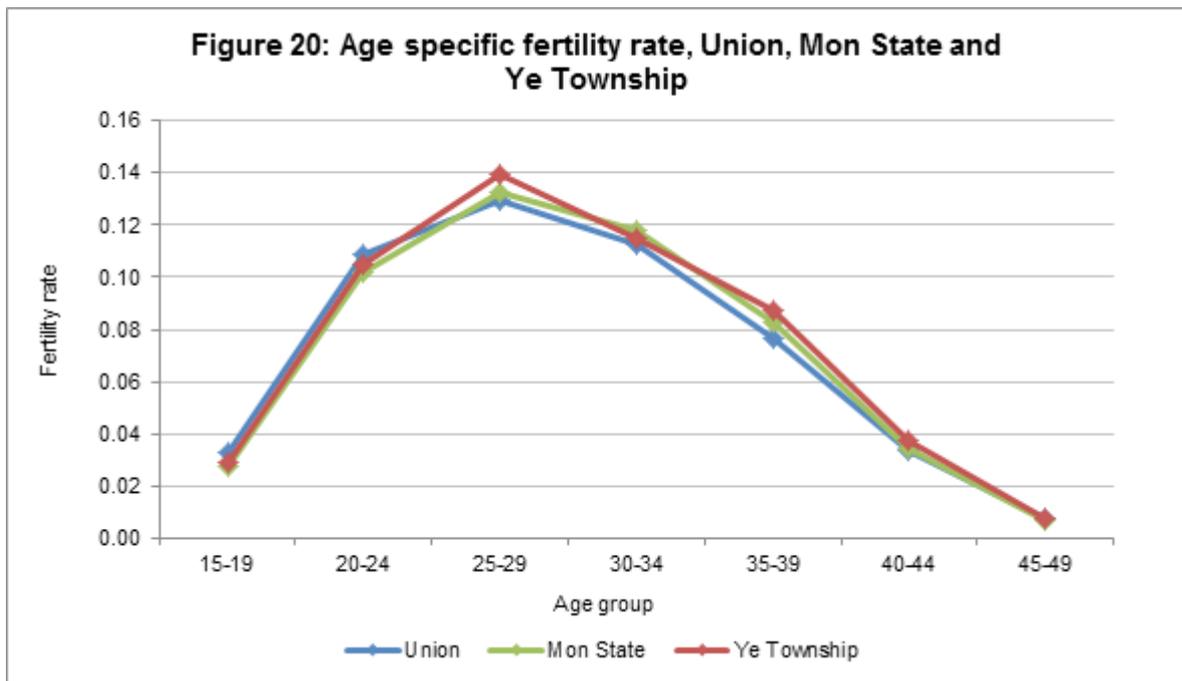
Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

State/District/Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Mon State	422,612	10,886	177,349	207,846	13,467	5,837	8,366	40,167
Urban	114,187	5,974	54,889	57,220	1,730	654	708	3,142
Rural	308,425	4,912	122,460	150,626	11,737	5,183	7,658	37,025
Mawlamyine District	253,283	8,138	126,445	113,815	7,062	3,905	5,182	19,455
Urban	86,019	4,941	44,211	38,079	1,172	495	457	1,311
Rural	167,264	3,197	82,234	75,736	5,890	3,410	4,725	18,144
Ye Township	29,991	513	15,182	6,118	540	198	773	798
Urban	6,113	220	3,744	1,648	115	31	24	47
Rural	23,878	293	11,438	4,470	425	167	749	751

- In Ye Township, 50.6 per cent of the households have motorcycle/moped as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 20.4 per cent of households having bicycle.
- Analysis by urban/rural residence, the majority of the households mainly use motorcycle/moped as a means of transport.

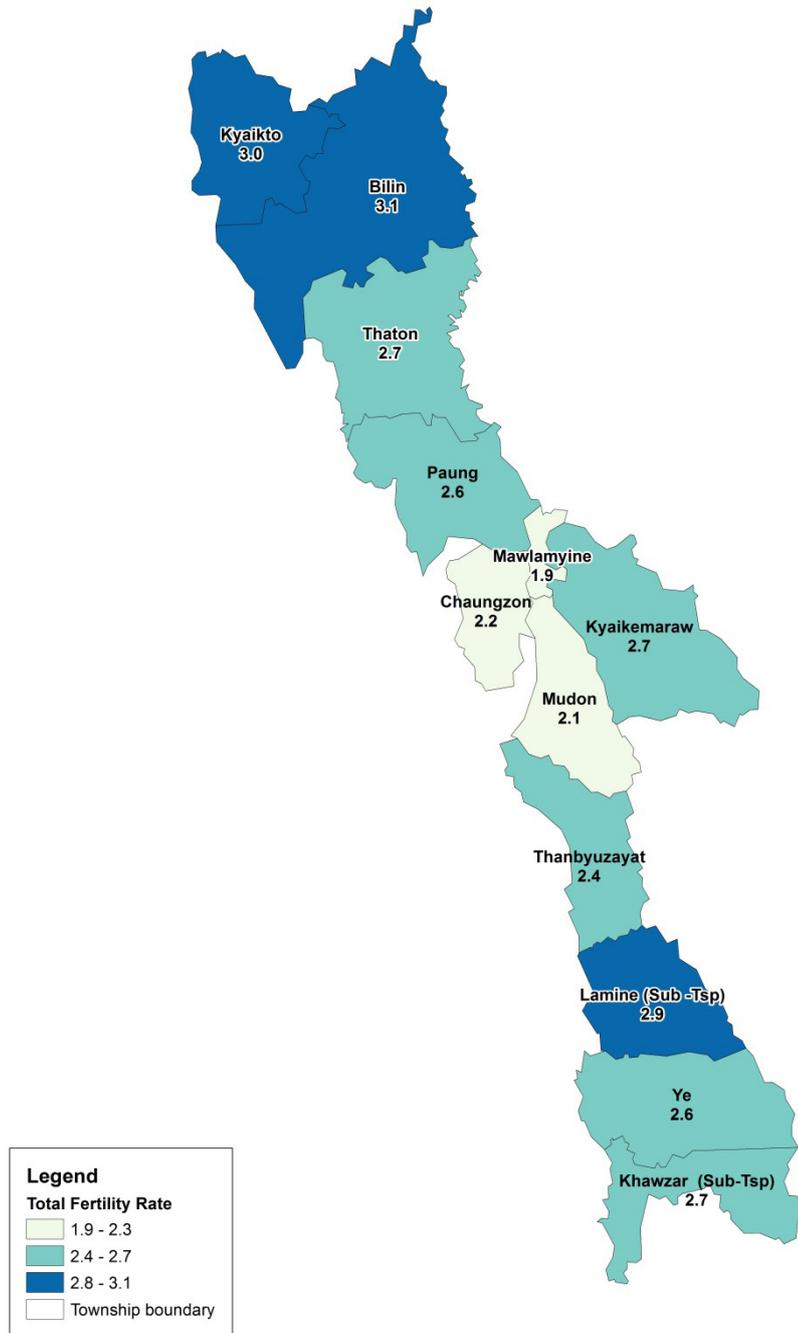
(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility



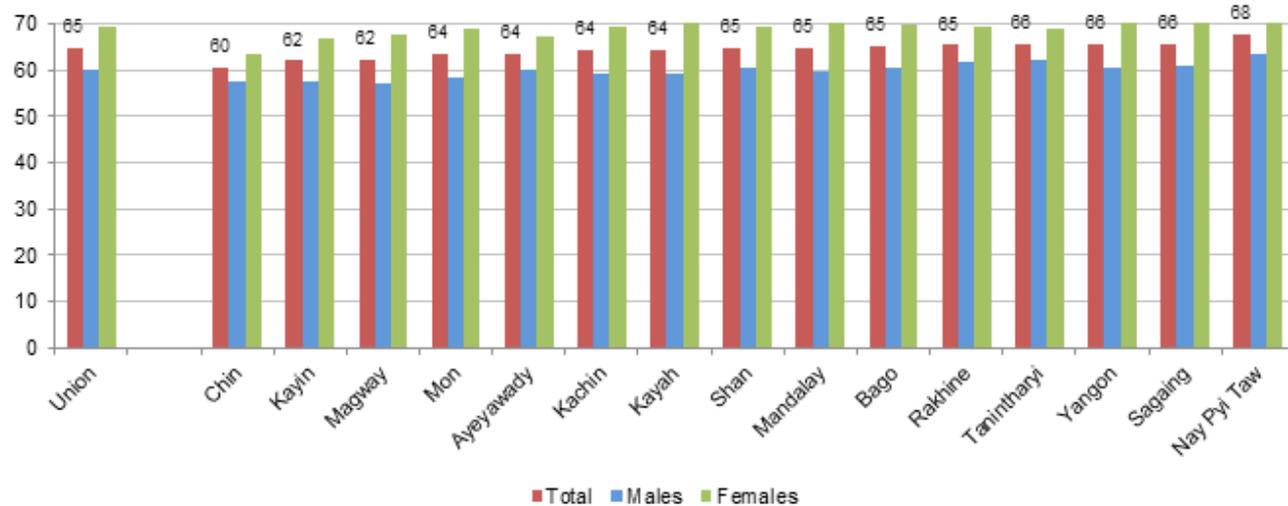
- Age specific fertility rate is the highest at age group 25-29.
- For women aged 15-49, the total fertility rate is 2.6 children per woman and is slightly higher than the total fertility rate of 2.5 at the National level.

Figure 21: Total fertility rate



Union	: 2.5
Mon State	: 2.5
Mawlamyine District	: 2.3
Ye Township	: 2.6

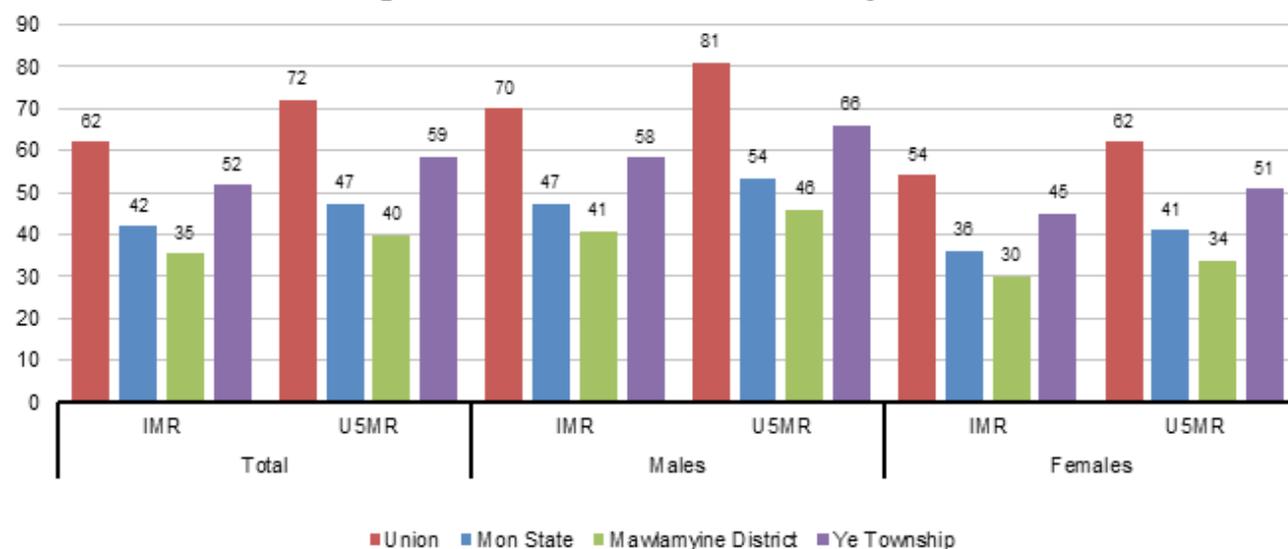
Figure 22: Life expectancy (Union and State/Region)



- The expectation of life at birth in Mon State is 63.5 years and is lower than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 69.1 years is higher than that of the males at 58.2 years.

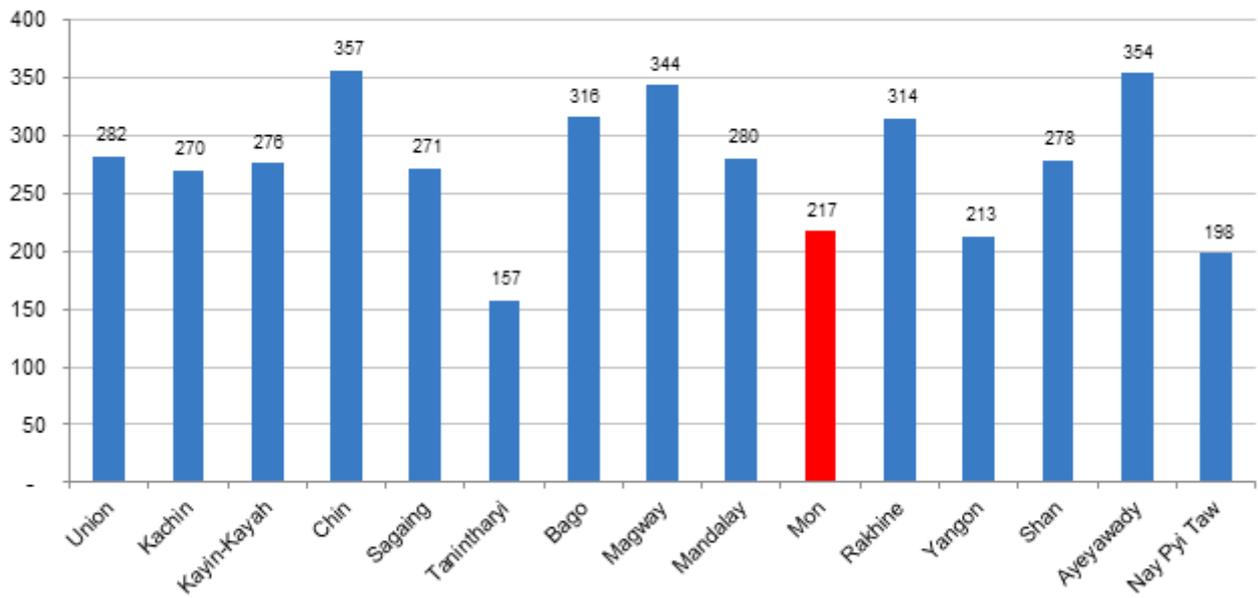
Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality

Figure 23: Infant and Under 5 mortality rates



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Mawlamyine District are lower than the Union average. The Infant mortality in Mawlamyine District is 35 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is 40 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Ye Township are higher than those in Mon State and Mawlamyine District. The Infant mortality in Ye is 52 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 59 per 1,000 live births.

Figure 24: Maternal mortality ratios (Union and State/Region)



- In Mon State, there are 217 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio in Mon State is lower than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

(a) **Literacy:** The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.

(b) **School attendance:** The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:

(a) Currently attending; (b) Attended previously; (c) Never attended.

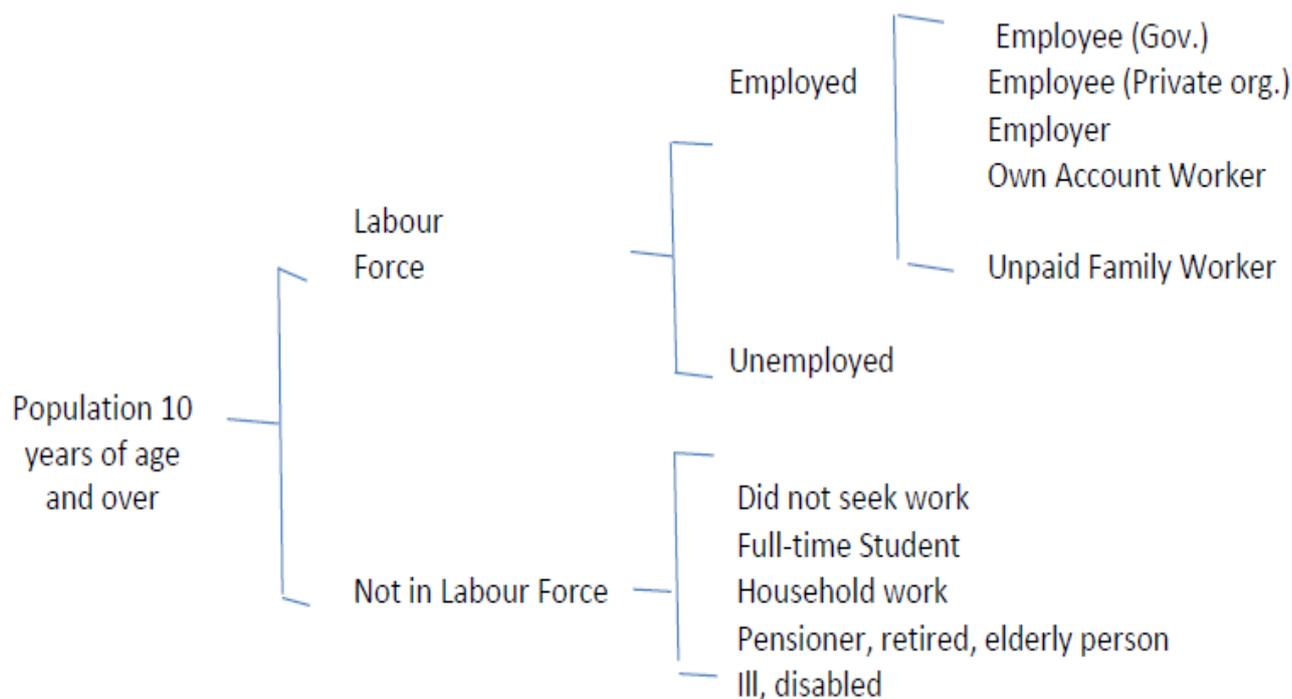
(c) **Educational Attainment:** The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) **Walking difficulty** (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) **Seeing difficulty** (low vision, blind);
- (c) **Hearing difficulty** (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) **Mental/Intellectual difficulty** (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering “employed” and “unemployed” persons in the population.

Employed: “Employed” persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit, such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons

working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: “Unemployed” persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) **Employee (Government):** those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- (b) **Employee (Private organisation):** those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) **Employer:** persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) **Own account worker:** self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain **and did not have any employees.**
- (e) **Unpaid family worker:** persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

$$\text{Labour force participation rate} = \frac{\text{Labour force (Employed + Unemployed)}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$$

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

$$\text{Unemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Unemployed}}{\text{Labour force (Employed + Unemployed)}} \times 100$$

Employment to population ratio: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

$$\text{Employment to population ratio} = \frac{\text{Employed}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$$

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

$$\text{Total fertility rate (TFR)} = 5 \sum \text{Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)}$$

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

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The Townships Reports
can be downloaded at :

www.dop.gov.mm

or

<http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census>

