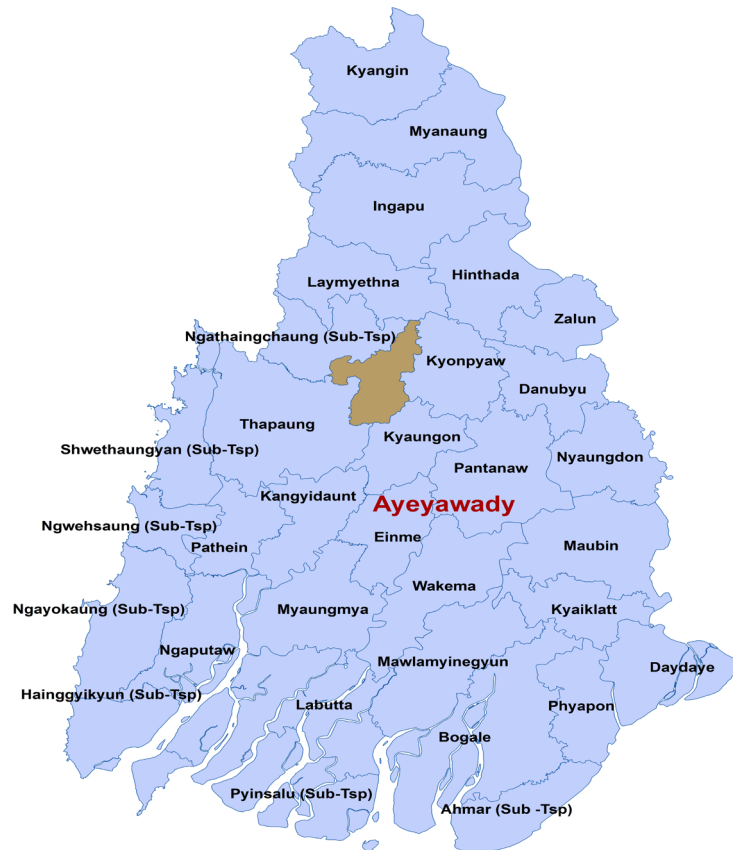
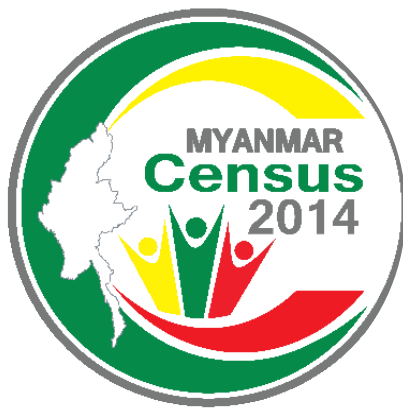




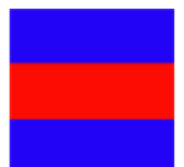
THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census AYEYAWADY REGION, PATHEIN DISTRICT Yekyi Township Report



Department of Population
Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

October 2017



The 2014 Myanmar Population and Housing Census

Ayeyawady Region, Patheingyi District

Yekyi Township Report

Department of Population

Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population

Office No.48

Nay Pyi Taw

Tel: +95 67 431062

www.dop.gov.mm

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Yekyi Township Figures at a Glance ¹

Total Population	105,070 ²	
Population males	49,807 (47.4%)	
Population females	55,263 (52.6%)	
Percentage of urban population	10.1%	
Area (Km²)	508.7 ³	
Population density (per Km²)	206.5 persons	
Median age	30.2 years	
Number of wards	5	
Number of village tracts	56	
Number of private households	27,802	
Percentage of female headed households	19.5%	
Mean household size	3.7 persons ⁴	
Percentage of population by age group		
Children (0 – 14 years)	27.2%	
Economically productive (15 – 64 years)	65.7%	
Elderly population (65+ years)	7.1%	
Dependency ratios		
Total dependency ratio	52.2	
Child dependency ratio	41.3	
Old dependency ratio	10.9	
Ageing index	26.3	
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	90	
Literacy rate (persons aged 15 and over)	95.1%	
Male	97.2%	
Female	93.3%	
People with disability	Number	Per cent
Any form of disability	7,937	7.6
Walking	3,789	3.6
Seeing	4,369	4.2
Hearing	2,134	2.0
Remembering	3,038	2.9

Type of Identity Card (persons aged 10 and over)	Number	Per cent	
Citizenship Scrutiny	65,538	75.4	
Associate Scrutiny	35	< 0.1	
Naturalised Scrutiny	78	0.1	
National Registration	530	0.6	
Religious	365	0.4	
Temporary Registration	70	0.1	
Foreign Registration	*	< 0.1	
Foreign Passport	*	< 0.1	
None	20,331	23.4	
Labour Force (aged 15 – 64)	Both sexes	Male	Female
Labour force participation rate	58.0%	86.0%	33.6%
Unemployment rate	4.0%	3.5%	5.2%
Employment to population ratio	55.6%	83.0%	31.9%
Ownership of housing unit (Tenure)	Number	Per cent	
Owner	27,231	97.9	
Renter	212	0.8	
Provided free (individually)	101	0.4	
Government quarters	215	0.8	
Private company quarters	27	0.1	
Other	*	0.1	
Material for housing	Wall	Floor	Roof
Dhani/Theke/In leaf	6.0%		38.5%
Bamboo	71.5%	38.2%	0.2%
Earth	< 0.1%	0.3%	
Wood	19.3%	58.7%	0.1%
Corrugated sheet	0.1%		60.9%
Tile/Brick/Concrete	3.1%	2.4%	0.3%
Other	0.1%	0.4%	< 0.1%
Main source of energy for cooking	Number	Per cent	
Electricity	1,408	5.1	
LPG	*	< 0.1	
Kerosene	181	0.7	
Biogas	*	0.1	
Firewood	24,643	88.6	
Charcoal	757	2.7	
Coal	*	< 0.1	
Other	780	2.8	

Main source of energy for lighting	Number	Per cent
Electricity	4,410	15.9
Kerosene	9,427	33.9
Candle	2,463	8.9
Battery	9,594	34.5
Generator (private)	123	0.4
Water mill (private)	*	< 0.1
Solar system/energy	1,761	6.3
Other	22	0.1
Main source of drinking water	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	137	0.5
Tube well, borehole	25,021	90.0
Protected well/spring	1,280	4.6
Bottled/purifier water	49	0.2
<i>Total Improved Water Sources</i>	<i>26,487</i>	<i>95.3</i>
Unprotected well/spring	55	0.2
Pool/pond/lake	29	0.1
River/stream/canal	1,081	3.9
Waterfall/rainwater	-	-
Other	150	0.5
<i>Total Unimproved Water Sources</i>	<i>1,315</i>	<i>4.7</i>
Main source of water for non-drinking use	Number	Per cent
Tap water/piped	134	0.5
Tube well, borehole	24,887	89.5
Protected well/spring	1,203	4.3
Unprotected well/spring	67	0.2
Pool/pond/lake	44	0.2
River/stream/canal	1,310	4.7
Waterfall/rainwater	*	< 0.1
Bottled/purifier water	*	< 0.1
Other	145	0.5

Type of toilet	Number	Per cent
Flush	101	0.4
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)	25,246	90.8
<i>Total Improved Sanitation</i>	<i>25,347</i>	<i>91.2</i>
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)	486	1.7
Bucket (Surface latrine)	396	1.4
Other	75	0.3
None	1,498	5.4
Availability of communication amenities	Number	Per cent
Radio	11,276	40.6
Television	11,973	43.1
Landline phone	1,424	5.1
Mobile phone	6,911	24.9
Computer	346	1.2
Internet at home	570	2.1
Households with none of the items	9,317	33.5
Households with all of the items	92	0.3
Availability of Transportation equipment	Number	Per cent
Car/Truck/Van	224	0.8
Motorcycle/Moped	6,720	24.2
Bicycle	15,318	55.1
4-Wheel tractor	1,272	4.6
Canoe/Boat	2,641	9.5
Motor boat	521	1.9
Cart (bullock)	6,484	23.3

Note: ¹ Population figures for Yekyi Township are as of 29th March 2014.

² Includes both household population and institution population.

³ Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

⁴ Calculated based on conventional household population

* Less than 20.

Contents

Introduction	3
Census information on Yekyi Township	5
(A) Demographic Characteristics	7
(B) Religion	13
(C) Education	14
(D) Economic Characteristics	18
(E) Identity Cards	24
(F) Disability	25
(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities	28
Type of housing unit	28
Type of toilet	29
Source of drinking water	31
Source of lighting	33
Type of cooking fuel	35
Communication and related amenities	37
Transportation items	39
(H) Fertility and Mortality	40
Fertility	40
Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality	42
Definitions and Concepts	44
List of Contributors	48

Introduction

In April 2014, the Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar conducted its latest census, after three decades without a Population and Housing Census. In the post-independence period, comprehensive population and housing censuses were only successfully undertaken in 1973, 1983 and most recently in April 2014.

Censuses are an important source of benchmark information on the characteristics of the population and households in every country. One unique feature of a census is its ability to provide information down to the lowest administrative level. Such information is vital for planning and evidence based decision-making at every level. Additional data uses include allocation of national resources; the review of administrative boundaries; the positioning of social infrastructures, drawing national development plans, service provision and developing social infrastructure, and for humanitarian preparedness and response.

The results of the 2014 Census have been published so far in a number of volumes. The first was the Provisional Results released in August 2014. The Census Main Results were launched in May 2015. These included The Union Report, Highlights of the Main Results, and reports of each of the 15 States and Regions. The reports on Occupation and Industry and Religion were launched in March 2016 and July 2016, respectively. All the publications are available online at <http://www.dop.gov.mm/> and <http://myanmar.unfpa.org/node/15104>.

The current set of the 2014 Census publications comprise township and sub-township reports. Their preparation involved collaborative efforts of the Department of Population and UNFPA. This report contains selected demographic and socio-economic characteristics of Yekyi Township in Ayeyawady Region. The information included in this report is the situation of 2014 March 29, Census night. Township level information is very important. However, the level of confidence of township estimates is not the same as Union level information. Some of the townships have relatively small populations; the interpretation of these estimates should be made with caution. Some of the indicators, such as IMR/U5MR, were adopted only after careful analysis considering a number of factors to ensure consistency in the results. Estimates for townships with relatively small number of observations should not be taken as exact estimates of the mortality level, but rather they should be regarded as reasonable indicators for the scale of mortality risk they experience, an indication of which townships are better off and which are in a more vulnerable situation.

Census information on Yekyi Township

(A) Demographic Characteristics

Total population	105,070 *		
Males	49,807		
Females	55,263		
Sex ratio	90 males per 100 females		
Percentage of urban population	10.1%		
Area (Km ²)	508.7 **		
Population density (persons per Km ²)	206.5 persons		
Number of wards	5		
Number of village tracts	56		
	Total	Urban	Rural
Population in conventional households	103,701	10,240	93,461
Number of conventional households	27,802	2,766	25,036
Mean household size	3.7 persons ***		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Yekyi Township, there are more females than males with 90 males per 100 females. • The majority of the people in the Township live in rural areas with only (10.1%) living in urban areas. • The population density of Yekyi Township is 207 persons per square kilometre. • There are 3.7 persons living in each household in Yekyi Township. This is lower than the Union average. 			

Note: * Includes both household population and institution population.

** Settlement and Land Record Department, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, (2014-2015)

*** Calculated based on conventional household population

Table 1: Population and number of conventional households by sex by ward and village tract; Yekyi Township (Patheingyi District, Ayeyawady Region)

Sr	Ward/Village Tract	No. of Conventional households	Population		
			Total	Males	Females
	Total	27,802	105,070	49,807	55,263
	Ward	2,766	10,627	4,834	5,793
1	Nay Win(W)	601	2,384	1,088	1,296
2	Sa Yar San(W)	519	2,014	945	1,069
3	Aung San(W)	478	1,764	761	1,003
4	Ba Htu(W)	747	2,902	1,324	1,578
5	Myo Ma(W)	421	1,563	716	847
	Village Tract	25,036	94,443	44,973	49,470
1	Si Son Kone(VT)	66	219	95	124
2	Thin Gan Daunt(VT)	859	3,123	1,421	1,702
3	Kyon Pa Doke(VT)	171	653	305	348
4	Ka Nyin Gwa(VT)	224	843	408	435
5	Pa Dauk Chaung(VT)	297	1,096	535	561
6	Ma Yin Ku(VT)	210	919	422	497
7	Za Yat Hla(VT)	419	1,565	723	842
8	Kyon Ma Yan(VT)	471	1,591	784	807
9	Taung La Har(VT)	163	600	282	318
10	Nat Sin Ngu(VT)	423	1,523	742	781
11	Kaing Ngu(VT)	347	1,210	565	645
12	Hnget Thaik(VT)	345	1,297	609	688
13	Inn Hlyar Kone(VT)	445	1,631	774	857
14	Than Din(VT)	391	1,390	674	716
15	Kyar Kan(VT)	634	2,323	1,072	1,251
16	Yone Tone(VT)	353	1,277	623	654
17	Kyar Chaung(VT)	675	2,448	1,131	1,317
18	Taung Lel(VT)	294	1,033	500	533
19	Htut Pa Lut(VT)	362	1,277	604	673
20	Hpa Yar Kone(VT)	156	524	263	261
21	Kywe Ta Lin(VT)	377	1,380	666	714

Table 1: (Continued)

Sr	Ward/Village Tract	No. of Conventional households	Population		
			Total	Males	Females
22	Hpa Yar Ngu(VT)	574	2,175	1,035	1,140
23	Tha Khut Kone(VT)	269	1,137	534	603
24	Wet Yoke(VT)	608	2,363	1,152	1,211
25	Yae Thoe(VT)	274	1,053	527	526
26	Kan Chaung(VT)	474	1,808	877	931
27	Kun Thee Chaung(VT)	222	762	368	394
28	Chaung Hpyar(VT)	331	1,126	538	588
29	Hpet Tha Let(VT)	202	805	359	446
30	War Yon La Har(VT)	292	1,174	552	622
31	Doe Kone(VT)	161	623	292	331
32	Nyaung Pin Thar(VT)	310	1,225	597	628
33	Kwin Thone Sint(VT)	840	3,198	1,522	1,676
34	Daunt Gyi Yoe Ma Dawt(VT)	876	3,261	1,564	1,697
35	Nat Sin Kwin(VT)	301	1,216	602	614
36	Thit Koke Ta Taung(VT)	302	1,213	603	610
37	Kyon Hpar Yoe(VT)	364	1,360	641	719
38	Nyaung Ngu Let Khoke(VT)	208	711	333	378
39	Taik Sun Auk Inn(VT)	602	2,214	1,082	1,132
40	Htan Kyun Seik Thar(VT)	497	2,217	1,129	1,088
41	Tha Yet Kone(VT)	133	576	282	294
42	Wet Lar(VT)	383	1,537	784	753
43	Yoe Da Yar Det(VT)	537	1,996	934	1,062
44	Kaing Chaung(VT)	460	1,798	870	928
45	Sat Kwin(VT)	1,135	4,009	1,930	2,079
46	Nwar Yae Taik(VT)	529	2,019	960	1,059
47	Ah Kei(VT)	269	953	434	519
48	Hnaw Kone(VT)	420	1,679	802	877
49	Ma Gyi La Har(VT)	696	2,867	1,367	1,500
50	Kwin Gyi(VT)	262	1,192	576	616

Table 1: (Continued)

Sr	Ward/Village Tract	No. of Conventional households	Population		
			Total	Males	Females
51	Pan Zan Kwin(VT)	190	765	361	404
52	Bweit Ngu(VT)	499	1,750	802	948
53	Ka Nyin Ngu(VT)	539	1,952	942	1,010
54	Yin Shay(VT)	306	1,173	573	600
55	Thit Hpyu Pin(VT)	263	1,006	502	504
56	Ah Thoke(VT)	3,026	11,608	5,349	6,259

Figure 2: Population by broad age groups, Yekyi Township

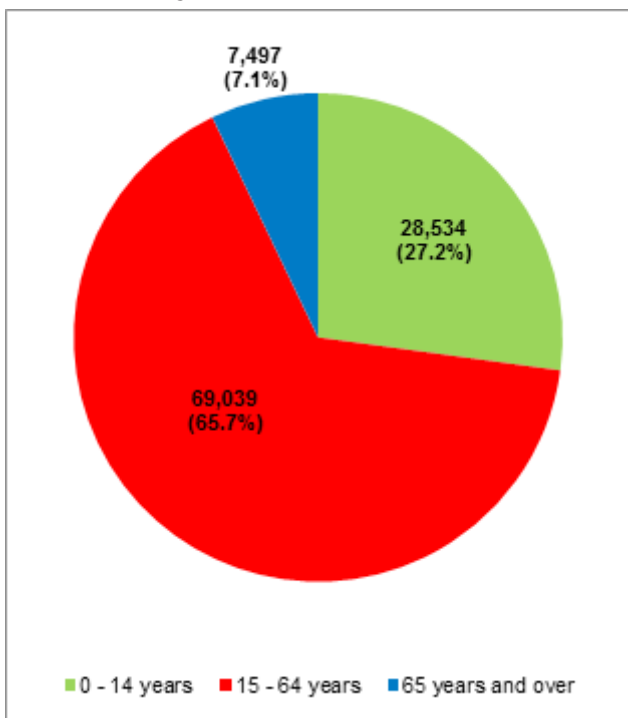
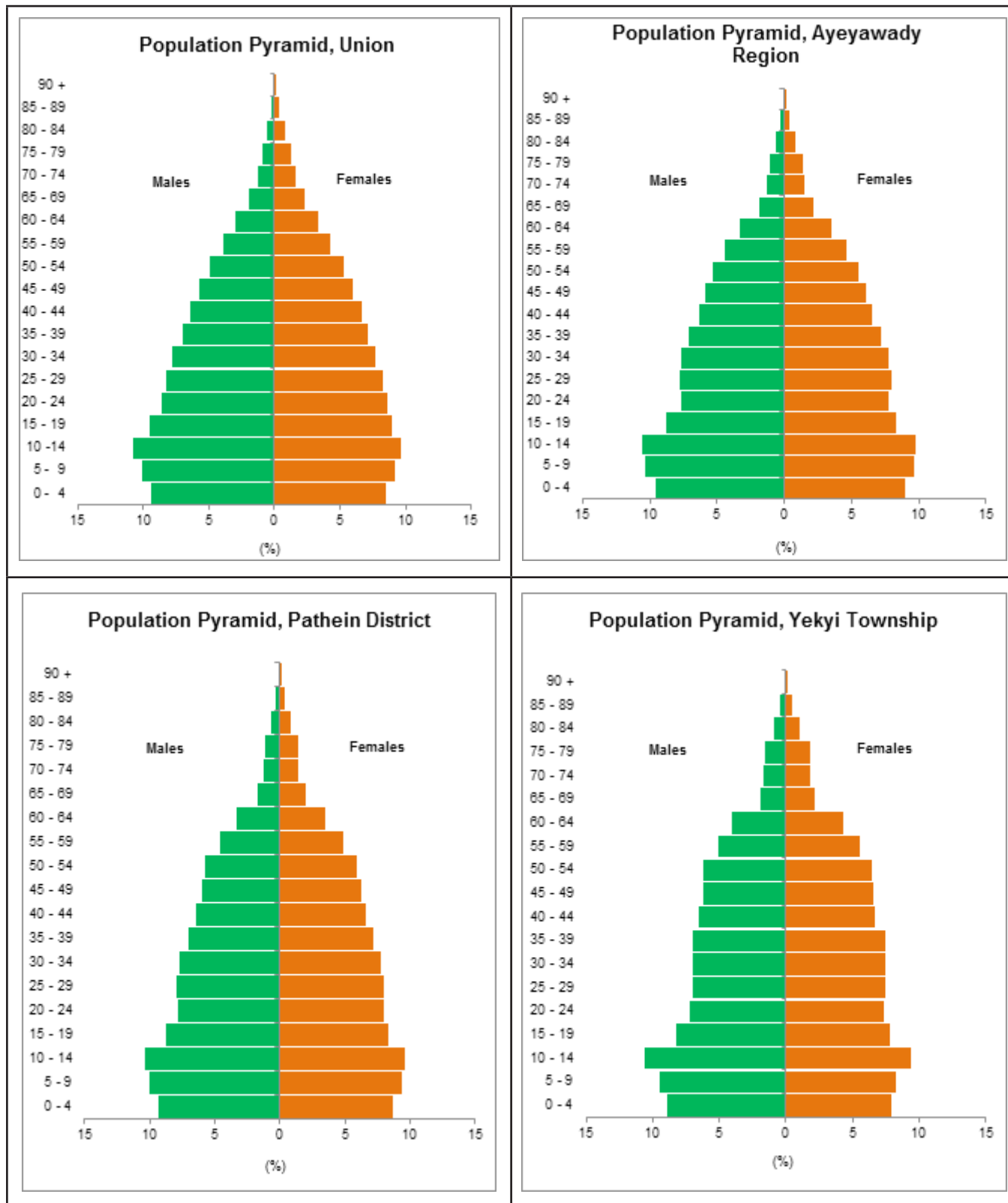


Table 2: Population by 5-year age groups, Yekyi Township

Age groups	Total	Males	Females
Total	105,070	49,807	55,263
0 - 4	8,785	4,422	4,363
5 - 9	9,317	4,732	4,585
10 - 14	10,432	5,257	5,175
15 - 19	8,369	4,085	4,284
20 - 24	7,610	3,580	4,030
25 - 29	7,619	3,511	4,108
30 - 34	7,609	3,458	4,151
35 - 39	7,600	3,486	4,114
40 - 44	6,925	3,258	3,667
45 - 49	6,704	3,067	3,637
50 - 54	6,658	3,074	3,584
55 - 59	5,574	2,531	3,043
60 - 64	4,371	2,018	2,353
65 - 69	2,144	948	1,196
70 - 74	1,879	855	1,024
75 - 79	1,804	799	1,005
80 - 84	1,038	457	581
85 - 89	476	202	274
90 +	156	67	89

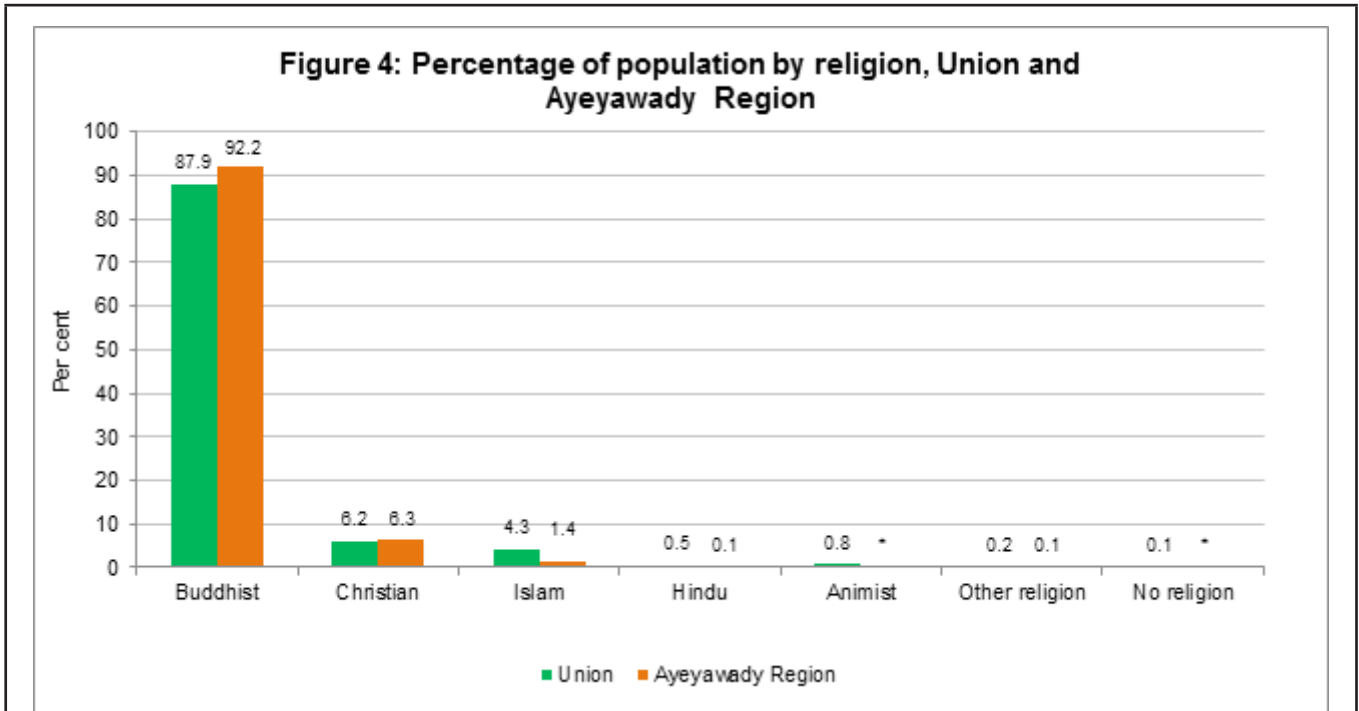
- The proportion of productive working population between 15 to 64 years of age in Yekyi Township is 65.7 per cent.
- The proportion of children aged 14 and below together with the proportion of the elderly aged 65 and over are less than the proportion of the working age group population.
- Fewer proportions of children and elderly reduce the dependency of those age groups on the working age population.

Figure 3: Population pyramid (Union, Ayeyawady Region, Patheingyi District and Yekyi Township)



- The birth rate has been noticeably declining in Yekyi Township since the last 10 years.
- The population is considerably large at (10-14) age group and it has started declining from age group 15-19 onwards.
- Compared to Union level, there is a slight difference between the proportion of working age group 15-64 population in Yekyi Township and that of the Union.
- Starting from age group 15-19, there are less males than females in all age groups.

(B) Religion



- At the Union level, the composition of the population by religion is: 87.9% Buddhist, 6.2% Christian, 4.3% Islam, 0.5% Hindu, 0.8% Animist, 0.2% Other religion and 0.1% No religion.
- In Ayeyawady Region, it is 92.2% Buddhist, 6.3% Christian, 1.4% Islam, 0.1% Hindu, 0.1% Other religion and less than 0.1% each for Animist and those with No religion respectively.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

(C) Education

Table 3: Population aged 5 - 29 and current school attendance by sex by age

Age	Total population			Currently attending		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
5	1,853	961	892	543	281	262
6	1,841	924	917	1,479	735	744
7	1,892	944	948	1,633	812	821
8	1,830	906	924	1,572	785	787
9	1,815	930	885	1,539	801	738
10	2,009	996	1,013	1,641	814	827
11	2,007	987	1,020	1,551	776	775
12	2,127	1,048	1,079	1,528	750	778
13	2,100	1,068	1,032	1,331	694	637
14	1,918	905	1,013	1,043	528	515
15	1,821	908	913	786	404	382
16	1,643	789	854	592	288	304
17	1,612	758	854	452	221	231
18	1,606	747	859	325	142	183
19	1,507	733	774	214	103	111
20	1,799	860	939	145	69	76
21	1,413	663	750	65	30	35
22	1,477	674	803	42	24	18
23	1,472	699	773	27	12	15
24	1,360	619	741	13	7	6
25	1,591	733	858	16	10	6
26	1,423	657	766	11	5	6
27	1,480	678	802	11	7	4
28	1,613	715	898	11	3	8
29	1,437	670	767	8	5	3

Figure 5: School attendance by age, Union, Ayeyawady Region and Yekyi Township

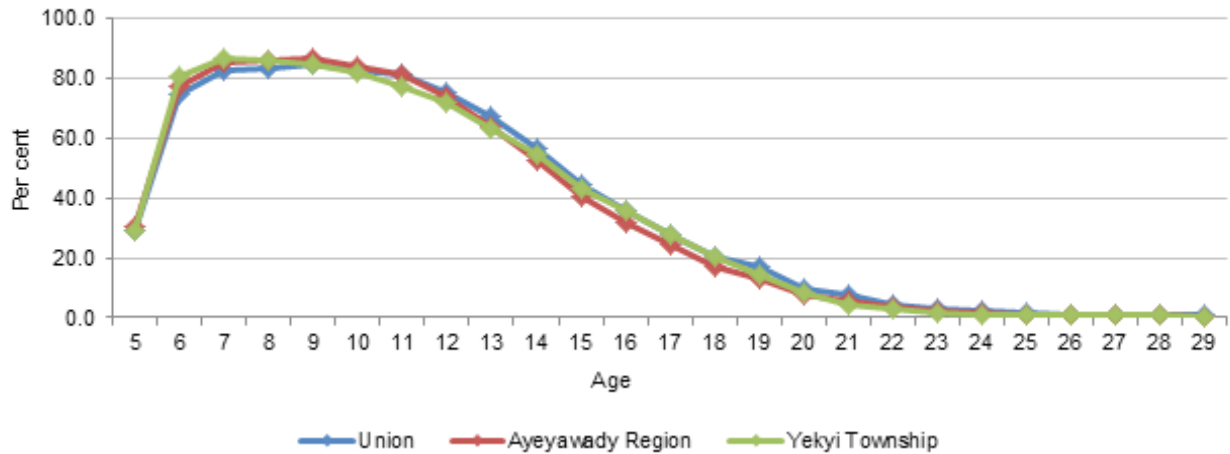
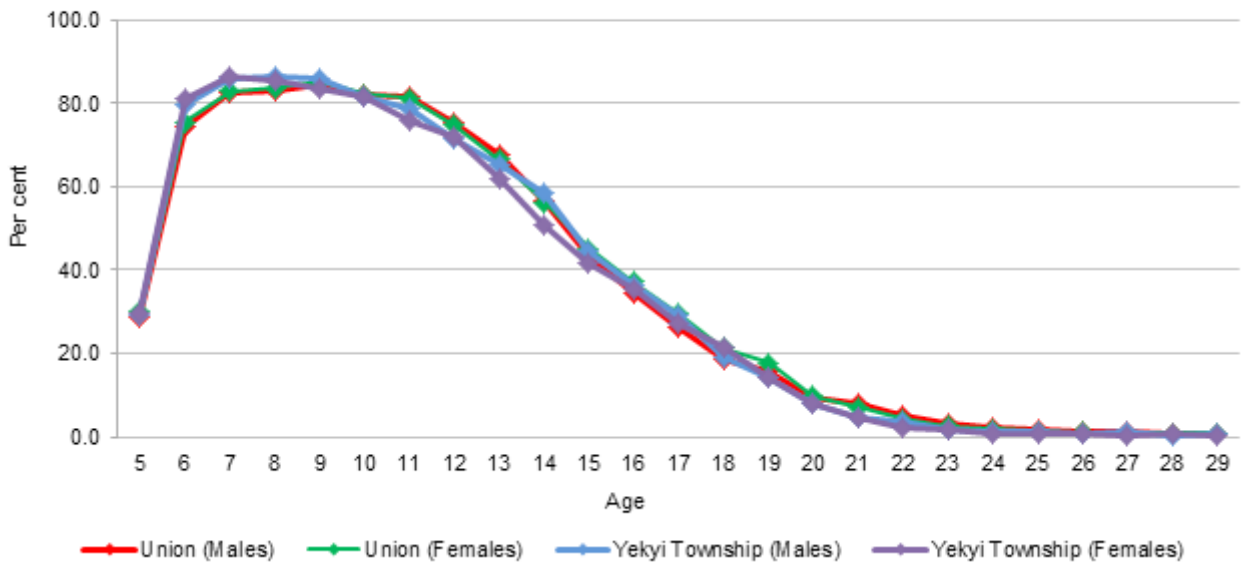
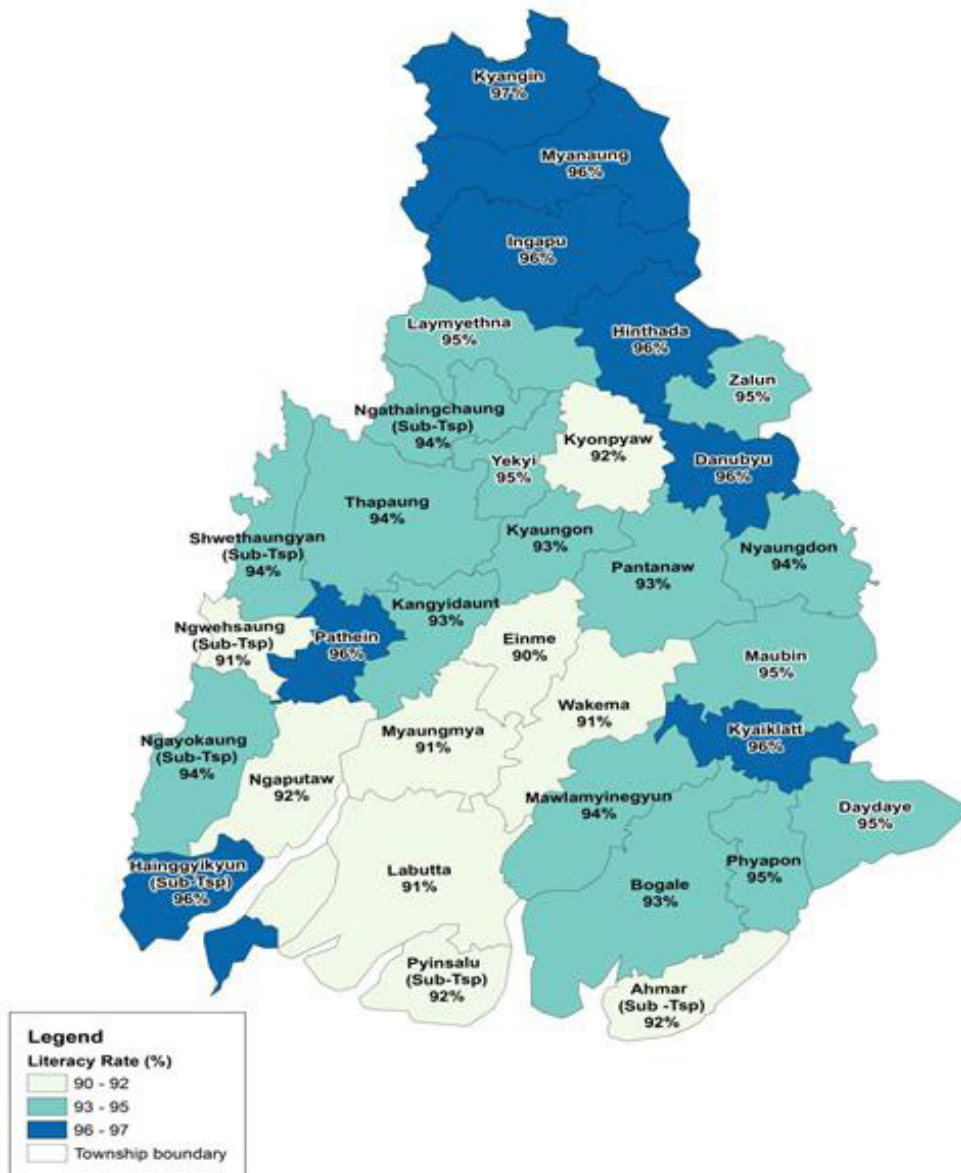


Figure 6: School attendance by age by sex, Union and Yekyi Township



- School attendance in Yekyi Township drops after age 12 for both males and females.
- Compared to the Union, the school attendance of males in Yekyi Township slightly declines than that of the Union after age 19 onwards.

Figure 7: Literacy rate, Ayeyawady Region (aged 15 and over)



Union	: 89.5%
Ayeyawady Region	: 93.8%
Patheingyi District	: 93.8%
Yekyi Township	: 95.1%

Table 4: Youth literacy rate (15 - 24), Yekyi Township

Sex	Total Population (15 - 24)	Literacy Rate (15 - 24)
Total	15,710	97.0
Males	7,450	97.4
Females	8,260	96.7

- The literacy rate of those aged 15 and over in Yekyi Township is 95.1 per cent. It is higher than the literacy rate of Ayeyawady Region (93.8%) and the Union (89.5%). Female literacy rate is 93.3 per cent and for the males it is 97.2 per cent.
- The literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 is 97.0 per cent with 96.7 per cent for females and 97.4 per cent for males.

Table 5: Population aged 25 and over by highest level of education completed, urban/rural and sex

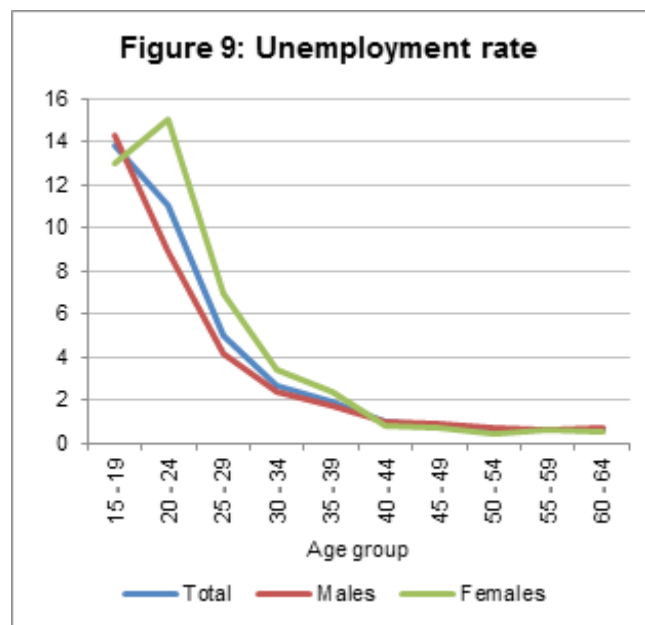
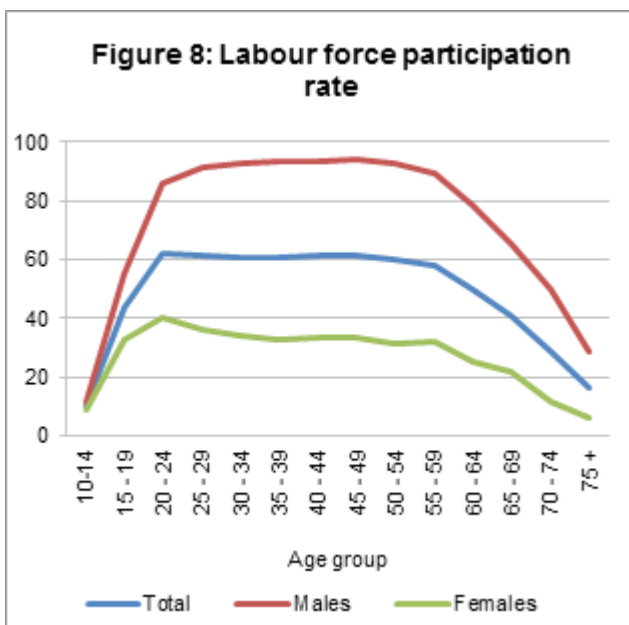
	Total	None	% Never attended	Primary school		Middle school (grade 6 - 9)	High school (grade 10 - 11)	Diploma	University/ College	Post-graduate and above	Vocational training	Other
				(grade 1 - 4)	(grade 5)							
Total	60,557	4,090	6.8	15,046	20,234	10,786	5,204	57	3,634	76	30	1,400
Urban	6,693	333	5.0	1,128	1,213	1,467	1,108	20	1,167	14	5	238
Rural	53,864	3,757	7.0	13,918	19,021	9,319	4,096	37	2,467	62	25	1,162
Males	27,731	1,174	4.2	5,473	9,111	6,507	3,143	38	1,609	24	17	635
Females	32,826	2,916	8.9	9,573	11,123	4,279	2,061	19	2,025	52	13	765

- Some 6.8 per cent of the population aged 25 and over have never been to school.
- Of the rural population aged 25 and over, 7.0 per cent have never been to school.
- There are 4.2 per cent of males aged 25 and over who have never attended school as against 8.9 per cent for females.
- Among those aged 25 and over, 33.4 per cent has completed primary school (grade 5) and only 6.0 per cent has completed university/college education.

(D) Economic Characteristics

Table 6: Population aged 10 and over by labour force participation rate and unemployment rate by sex and age group

Age groups	Labour Force Participation Rate			Unemployment Rate		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
10 - 14	10.0	11.3	8.6	18.8	22.6	13.7
15 - 19	43.9	55.3	33.0	13.8	14.3	13.0
20 - 24	61.7	85.6	40.5	11.0	8.9	15.0
25 - 29	61.5	91.2	36.2	5.0	4.1	6.9
30 - 34	60.9	92.7	34.3	2.7	2.4	3.4
35 - 39	60.5	93.1	32.9	1.9	1.7	2.4
40 - 44	61.3	93.1	33.1	1.0	1.0	0.8
45 - 49	61.2	94.2	33.3	0.8	0.9	0.7
50 - 54	59.7	92.6	31.6	0.6	0.7	0.4
55 - 59	58.0	89.1	32.1	0.6	0.6	0.6
60 - 64	49.7	78.4	25.1	0.6	0.7	0.5
65 - 69	41.1	65.5	21.7	0.1	-	0.4
70 - 74	28.8	49.4	11.7	0.2	-	0.8
75 +	16.1	28.8	6.2	-	-	-
15 - 24	52.4	69.4	36.6	12.2	11.2	14.1
15 - 64	58.0	86.0	33.6	4.0	3.5	5.2



- Labour force participation rate for the population aged 15-64 in Yekyi Township is 58.0 per cent.
- The labour force participation rate of females is 33.6 per cent and is much lower than that of their male counterparts which is 86.0 per cent.
- In Yekyi Township, labour force participation rate for the population aged 10-14 is 10.0 per cent.
- The unemployment rate for those aged 15-64 in Yekyi Township is 4.0 per cent. There is some difference between the unemployment rate for males (3.5%) and for females (5.2%).
- The unemployment rate for young females aged 15-24 is 14.1 per cent.

Table 7: Population aged 10 and over not in the labour force by usual activity status and sex

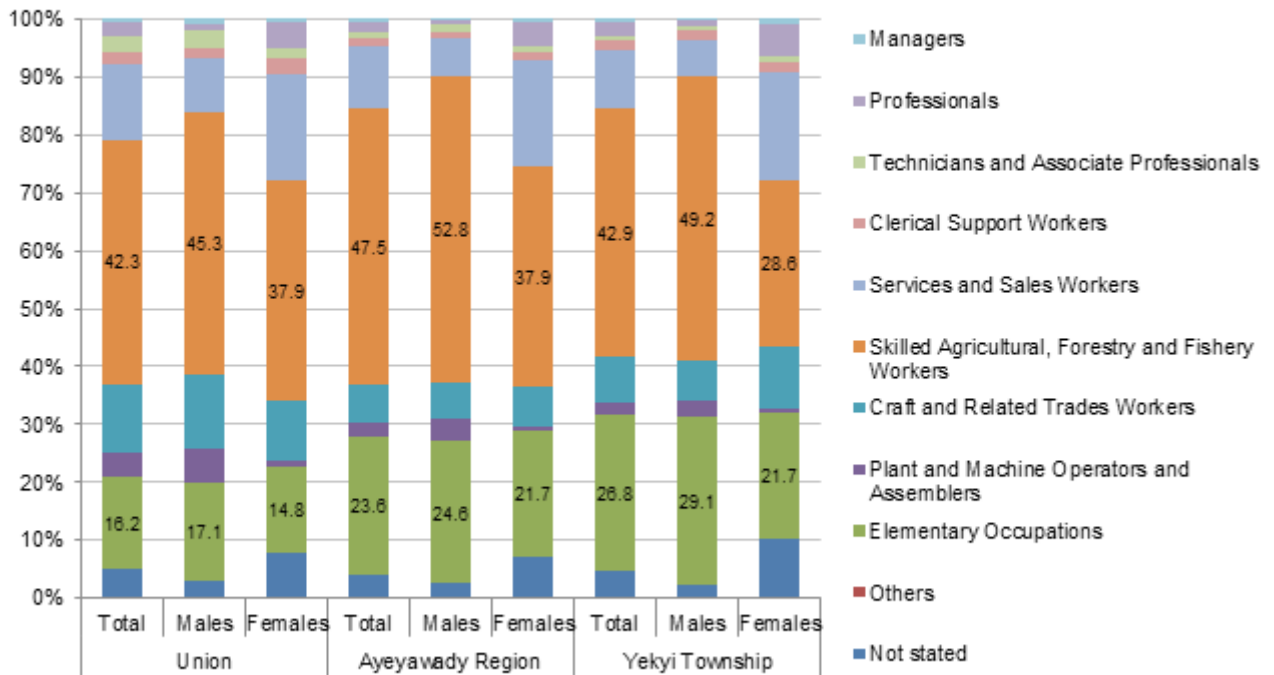
Sex	Usual activity status						
	Total	Did not seek work	Full time student	Household worker	Pensioner, retired, elderly	Ill, disabled	Other
Total	43,933	0.5	25.3	52.0	11.3	1.8	9.0
Males	10,997	1.4	50.8	3.2	18.0	3.7	22.9
Females	32,936	0.2	16.9	68.3	9.1	1.2	4.4

- Among those aged 10 and over who are not in the labour force, 50.8 per cent of males are full time students while 68.3 per cent of females are household workers.

Table 8: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex

Occupation	Employed persons			Per cent		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total	38,121	26,411	11,710	100.0	100.0	100.0
Managers	188	96	92	0.5	0.4	0.8
Professionals	889	216	673	2.3	0.8	5.7
Technicians and Associate Professionals	359	235	124	0.9	0.9	1.1
Clerical Support Workers	604	407	197	1.6	1.5	1.7
Services and Sales Workers	3,838	1,664	2,174	10.1	6.3	18.6
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	16,353	12,999	3,354	42.9	49.2	28.6
Craft and Related Trades Workers	3,083	1,816	1,267	8.1	6.9	10.8
Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers	762	693	69	2.0	2.6	0.6
Elementary Occupations	10,234	7,691	2,543	26.8	29.1	21.7
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not stated	1,811	594	1,217	4.8	2.2	10.4

Figure 10: Percentage of employed persons aged 15 - 64 by occupation by sex, Union, Ayeyawady Region and Yekyi Township



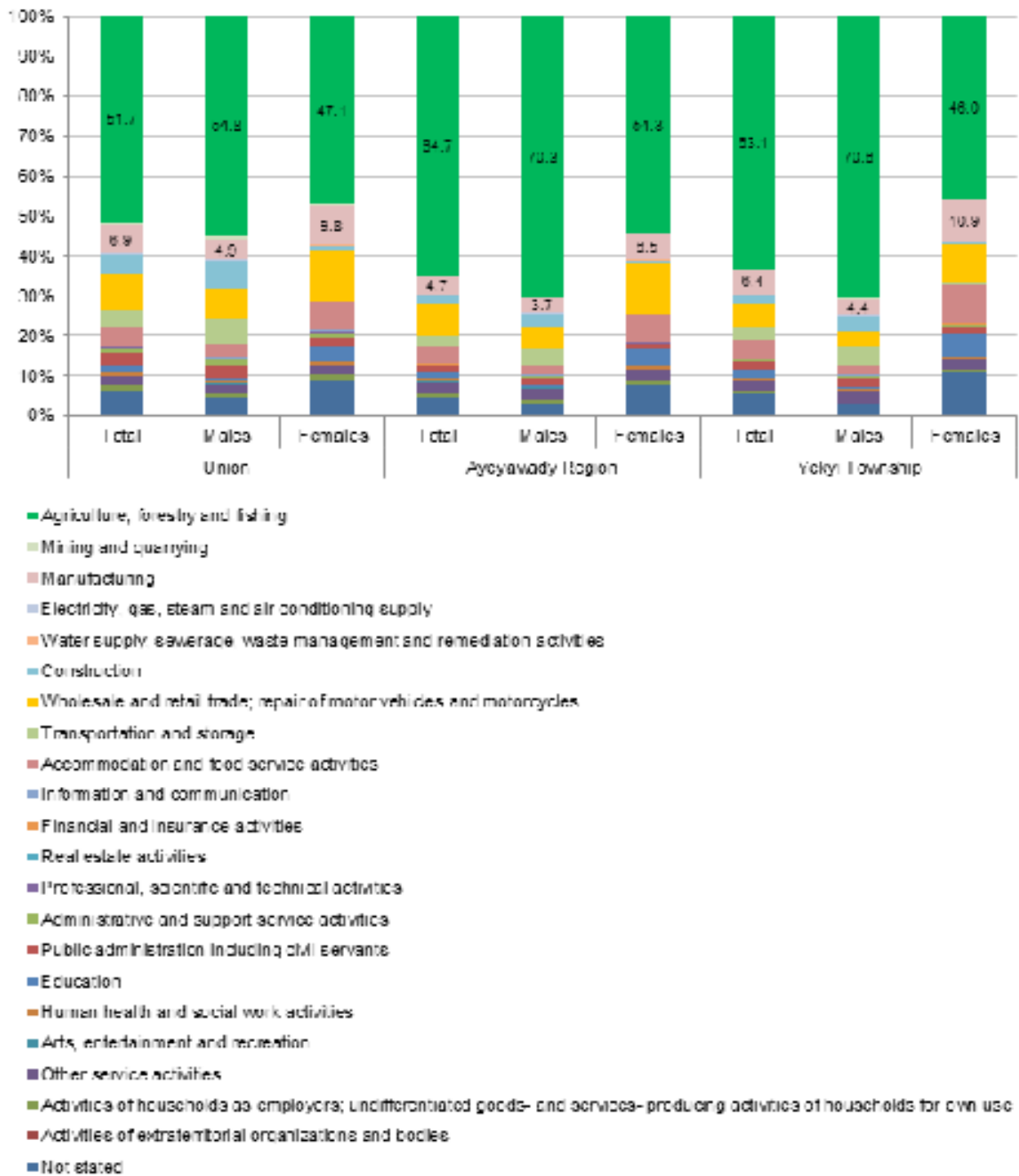
- In Yekyi Township, 42.9 per cent of the employed persons aged 15-64 are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and is the highest proportion, followed by 26.8 per cent in elementary occupations.
- Analysis by sex shows that 49.2 per cent of males and 28.6 per cent of females are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers.
- In Ayeyawady Region, 47.5 per cent are skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers and 23.6 per cent are in elementary occupations.

Table 9: Employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex

Industry	Employed persons			Per cent		
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
Total	38,121	26,411	11,710	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	24,043	18,655	5,388	63.1	70.6	46.0
Mining and quarrying	8	7	1	*	*	*
Manufacturing	2,429	1,150	1,279	6.4	4.4	10.9
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	55	51	4	0.1	0.2	*
Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	55	53	2	0.1	0.2	*
Construction	931	887	44	2.4	3.4	0.4
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	2,150	1,028	1,122	5.6	3.9	9.6
Transportation and storage	1,189	1,175	14	3.1	4.4	0.1
Accommodation and food service activities	1,863	717	1,146	4.9	2.7	9.8
Information and communication	37	25	12	0.1	0.1	0.1
Financial and insurance activities	38	16	22	0.1	0.1	0.2
Real estate activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional, scientific and technical activities	33	25	8	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support service activities	150	116	34	0.4	0.4	0.3
Public administration including civil servants	800	583	217	2.1	2.2	1.9
Education	871	180	691	2.3	0.7	5.9
Human health and social work activities	126	48	78	0.3	0.2	0.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation	93	64	29	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other service activities	1,047	763	284	2.7	2.9	2.4
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use	123	88	35	0.3	0.3	0.3
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not stated	2,080	780	1,300	5.5	3.0	11.1

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Figure 11: Percentage of employed persons aged 15 - 64 by industry by sex, Union, Ayeyawady Region and Yekyi Township



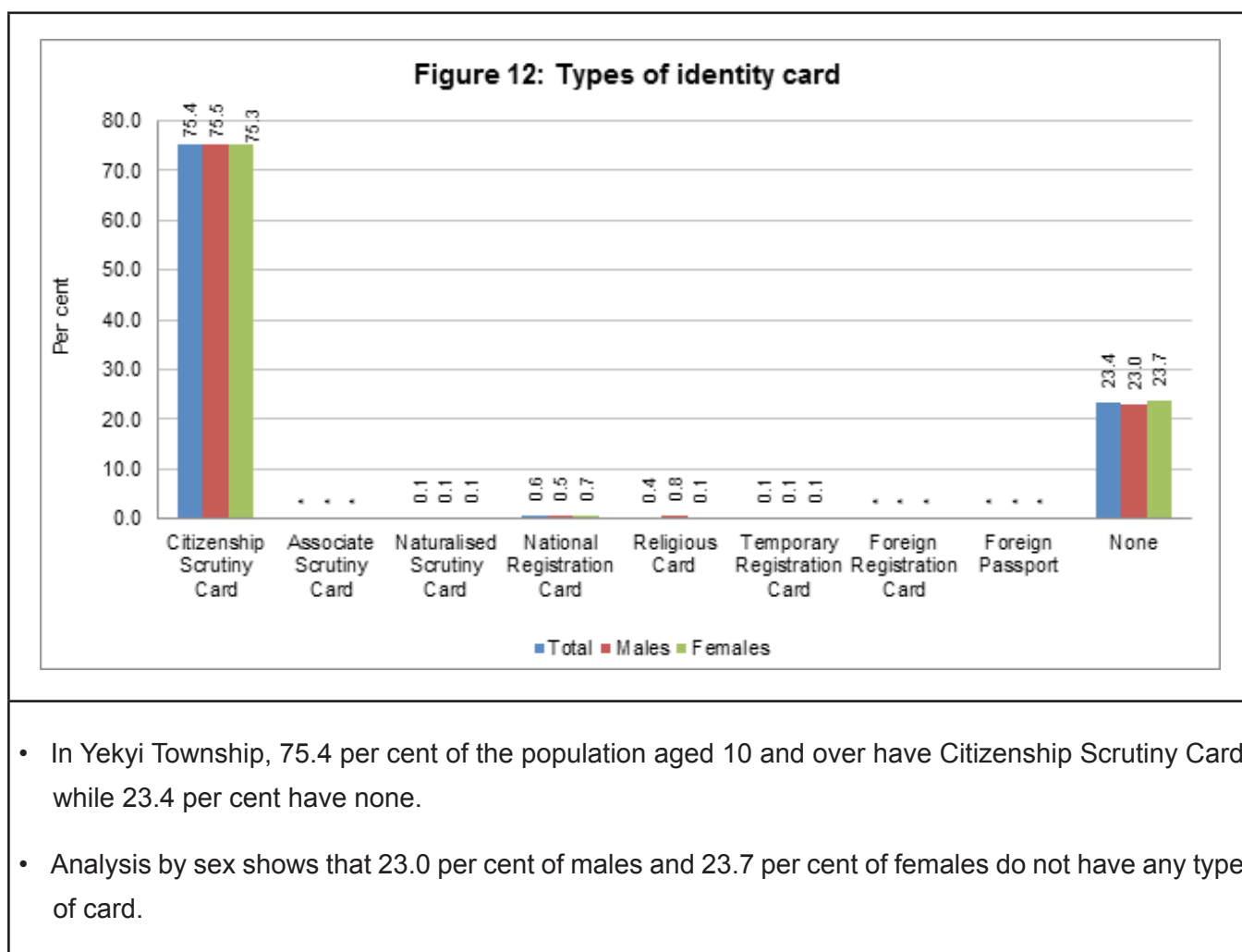
- In Yekyi Township, the proportion of employed persons working in the industry of “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” is the highest with 63.1 per cent.
- The second highest industry is “Manufacturing” at 6.4 per cent.
- There are 70.6 per cent of males and 46.0 per cent of females working in “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” industry.
- In Ayeyawady Region, there are 64.7 per cent of employed population working in “Agriculture, forestry and fishing” industry and 4.7 per cent in “Manufacturing” industry.

(E) Identity Cards

Table 10: Population aged 10 and over by type of identity card, urban/rural and sex

	Citizenship Scrutiny Card	Associate Scrutiny Card	Naturalised Scrutiny Card	National Registration Card	Religious Card	Temporary Registration Card	Foreign Registration Card	Foreign Passport	None
Total	65,538	35	78	530	365	70	*	*	20,331
Urban	7,595	3	7	12	63	13	*	-	1,458
Rural	57,943	32	71	518	302	57	*	*	18,873
Males	30,673	14	45	192	330	33	*	*	9,353
Females	34,865	21	33	338	35	37	*	*	10,978

Note: * Less than 20 cards.



(F) Disability

Table 11: Population by disability prevalence rate and type of disability by sex by age group

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Total	105,070	97,133	7,937	7.6	4,369	2,134	3,789	3,038
0 - 4	8,785	8,109	676	7.7	54	53	572	536
5 - 9	9,317	9,133	184	2.0	26	33	91	102
10 - 14	10,432	10,243	189	1.8	40	33	68	111
15 - 19	8,369	8,225	144	1.7	37	22	52	66
20 - 24	7,610	7,496	114	1.5	20	27	42	52
25 - 29	7,619	7,490	129	1.7	37	28	39	55
30 - 34	7,609	7,444	165	2.2	38	42	48	65
35 - 39	7,600	7,387	213	2.8	64	40	90	67
40 - 44	6,925	6,573	352	5.1	191	67	102	92
45 - 49	6,704	6,239	465	6.9	302	68	131	93
50 - 54	6,658	5,930	728	10.9	489	135	236	166
55 - 59	5,574	4,828	746	13.4	492	139	297	176
60 - 64	4,371	3,496	875	20.0	566	200	379	259
65 - 69	2,144	1,555	589	27.5	384	166	295	196
70 - 74	1,879	1,201	678	36.1	457	222	349	248
75 - 79	1,804	1,032	772	42.8	530	351	411	320
80 - 84	1,038	479	559	53.9	395	288	343	250
85 - 89	476	203	273	57.4	185	162	185	130
90 +	156	70	86	55.1	62	58	59	54

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Males	49,807	46,133	3,674	7.4	1,943	928	1,747	1,403
0 - 4	4,422	4,091	331	7.5	23	20	280	260
5 - 9	4,732	4,625	107	2.3	14	18	53	60
10 - 14	5,257	5,155	102	1.9	19	20	36	57
15 - 19	4,085	4,001	84	2.1	18	14	37	39
20 - 24	3,580	3,518	62	1.7	7	11	28	31
25 - 29	3,511	3,447	64	1.8	14	11	17	32
30 - 34	3,458	3,381	77	2.2	18	20	24	31
35 - 39	3,486	3,376	110	3.2	25	19	56	35
40 - 44	3,258	3,072	186	5.7	92	31	58	55
45 - 49	3,067	2,850	217	7.1	143	25	66	46
50 - 54	3,074	2,730	344	11.2	231	56	109	74
55 - 59	2,531	2,176	355	14.0	234	57	138	77
60 - 64	2,018	1,661	357	17.7	235	84	159	109
65 - 69	948	687	261	27.5	165	67	129	84
70 - 74	855	568	287	33.6	194	98	145	99
75 - 79	799	466	333	41.7	239	156	163	137
80 - 84	457	215	242	53.0	167	126	144	102
85 - 89	202	89	113	55.9	76	67	77	52
90 +	67	25	42	62.7	29	28	28	23

Table 11: (Continued)

Age groups	Total Population				Type of disability			
	Total	Not disabled	With any of 4 disabilities	Disability prevalence rate (%)	Seeing	Hearing	Walking	Remembering
Females	55,263	51,000	4,263	7.7	2,426	1,206	2,042	1,635
0 - 4	4,363	4,018	345	7.9	31	33	292	276
5 - 9	4,585	4,508	77	1.7	12	15	38	42
10 - 14	5,175	5,088	87	1.7	21	13	32	54
15 - 19	4,284	4,224	60	1.4	19	8	15	27
20 - 24	4,030	3,978	52	1.3	13	16	14	21
25 - 29	4,108	4,043	65	1.6	23	17	22	23
30 - 34	4,151	4,063	88	2.1	20	22	24	34
35 - 39	4,114	4,011	103	2.5	39	21	34	32
40 - 44	3,667	3,501	166	4.5	99	36	44	37
45 - 49	3,637	3,389	248	6.8	159	43	65	47
50 - 54	3,584	3,200	384	10.7	258	79	127	92
55 - 59	3,043	2,652	391	12.8	258	82	159	99
60 - 64	2,353	1,835	518	22.0	331	116	220	150
65 - 69	1,196	868	328	27.4	219	99	166	112
70 - 74	1,024	633	391	38.2	263	124	204	149
75 - 79	1,005	566	439	43.7	291	195	248	183
80 - 84	581	264	317	54.6	228	162	199	148
85 - 89	274	114	160	58.4	109	95	108	78
90 +	89	45	44	49.4	33	30	31	31

- Eight in every 100 persons in Yekyi Township have, at least, one form of disability.
- Slightly more females than males have disability.
- The prevalence of disability increases with age and it increases considerably after the age of 50.
- Difficulties with seeing and walking were the most commonly mentioned forms of disability in the Township.

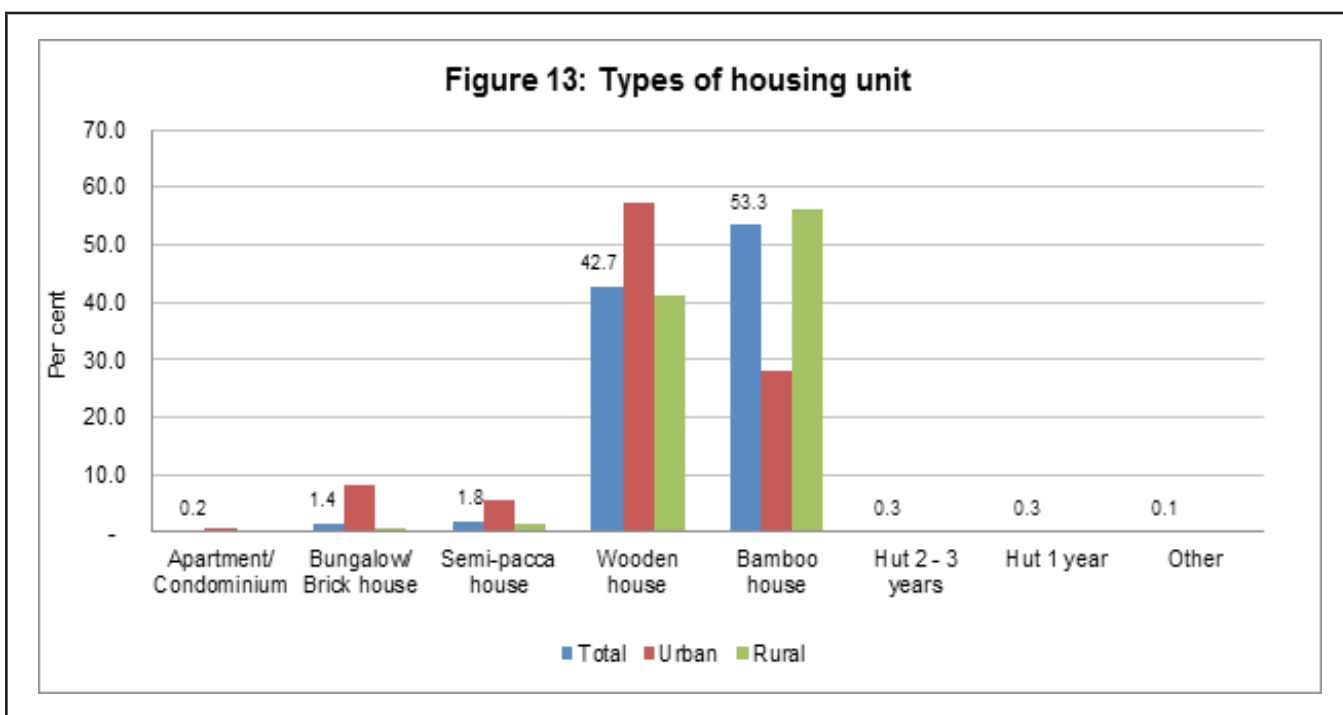
(G) Housing Conditions and Household Amenities

Type of housing unit

Table 12: Conventional households by type of housing unit by urban/rural

Residence	Total	Apartment/ Condominium	Bungalow/ Brick house	Semi-pacca house	Wooden house	Bamboo house	Hut 2 - 3 years	Hut 1 year	Other
Total	27,802	0.2	1.4	1.8	42.7	53.3	0.3	0.3	0.1
Urban	2,766	0.6	8.2	5.4	57.2	28.2	0.1	0.1	*
Rural	25,036	0.1	0.7	1.4	41.1	56.1	0.3	0.3	0.1

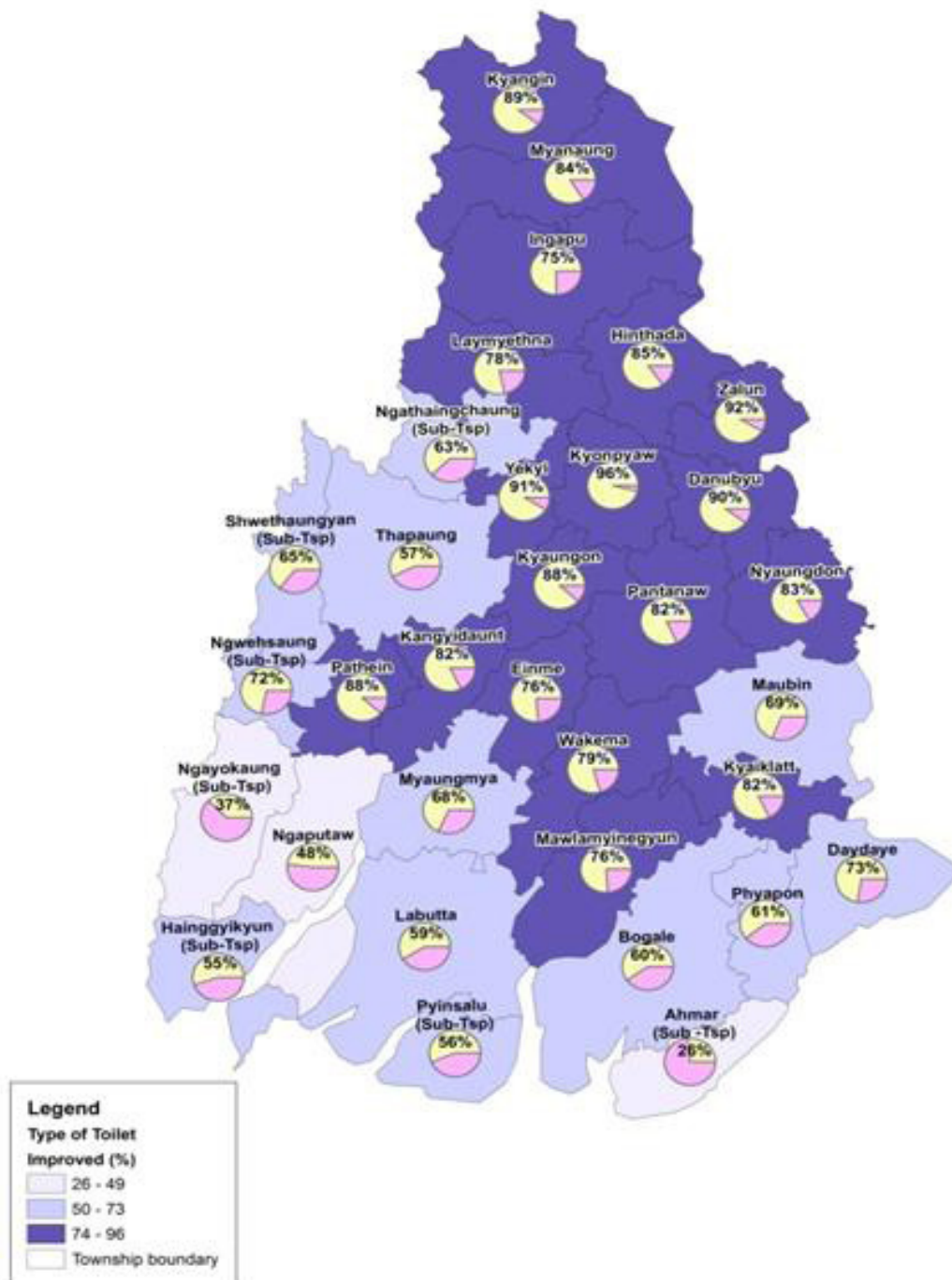
Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.



- The majority of the households in Yekyi Township are living in bamboo houses (53.3%) followed by households in wooden houses (42.7%).
- Some 57.2 per cent of urban households live in wooden houses and 56.1 per cent of rural households live in bamboo houses.

Type of toilet

Figure 14: Proportion of households with access to improved sanitation



Union	: 74.3%
Ayeyawady Region	: 74.9%
Patheingyi District	: 76.0%
Yekyi Township	: 91.2%

Table 13: Conventional households by type of toilet by urban/rural

Type of toilet		Total	Urban	Rural
Flush		0.4	1.3	0.3
Water seal (Improved pit latrine)		90.8	97.3	90.0
<i>Improved sanitation</i>		<i>91.2</i>	<i>98.6</i>	<i>90.3</i>
Pit (Traditional pit latrine)		1.7	0.9	1.9
Bucket (Surface latrine)		1.4	*	1.6
Other		0.3	-	0.3
None		5.4	0.5	5.9
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	27,802	2,766	25,036

- Some 91.2 per cent of the households in Yekyi Township have improved sanitation facilities (flush toilet (0.4%), water seal (improved pit latrine) (90.8%)).
- Compared to other townships in Ayeyawady Region, the proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Yekyi Township belongs to (74-96) per cent group.
- The proportion of households with improved sanitation facilities in Ayeyawady Region is 74.9 per cent while it is 74.3 per cent at the Union level.
- Some 5.4 per cent of the households in the township have no toilet facilities. For the entire Ayeyawady Region, it is 12.8 per cent.
- In the rural areas of Yekyi Township, 5.9 per cent of the households have no toilet facilities.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Source of drinking water

Figure 15: Proportion of households with access to improved source of drinking water

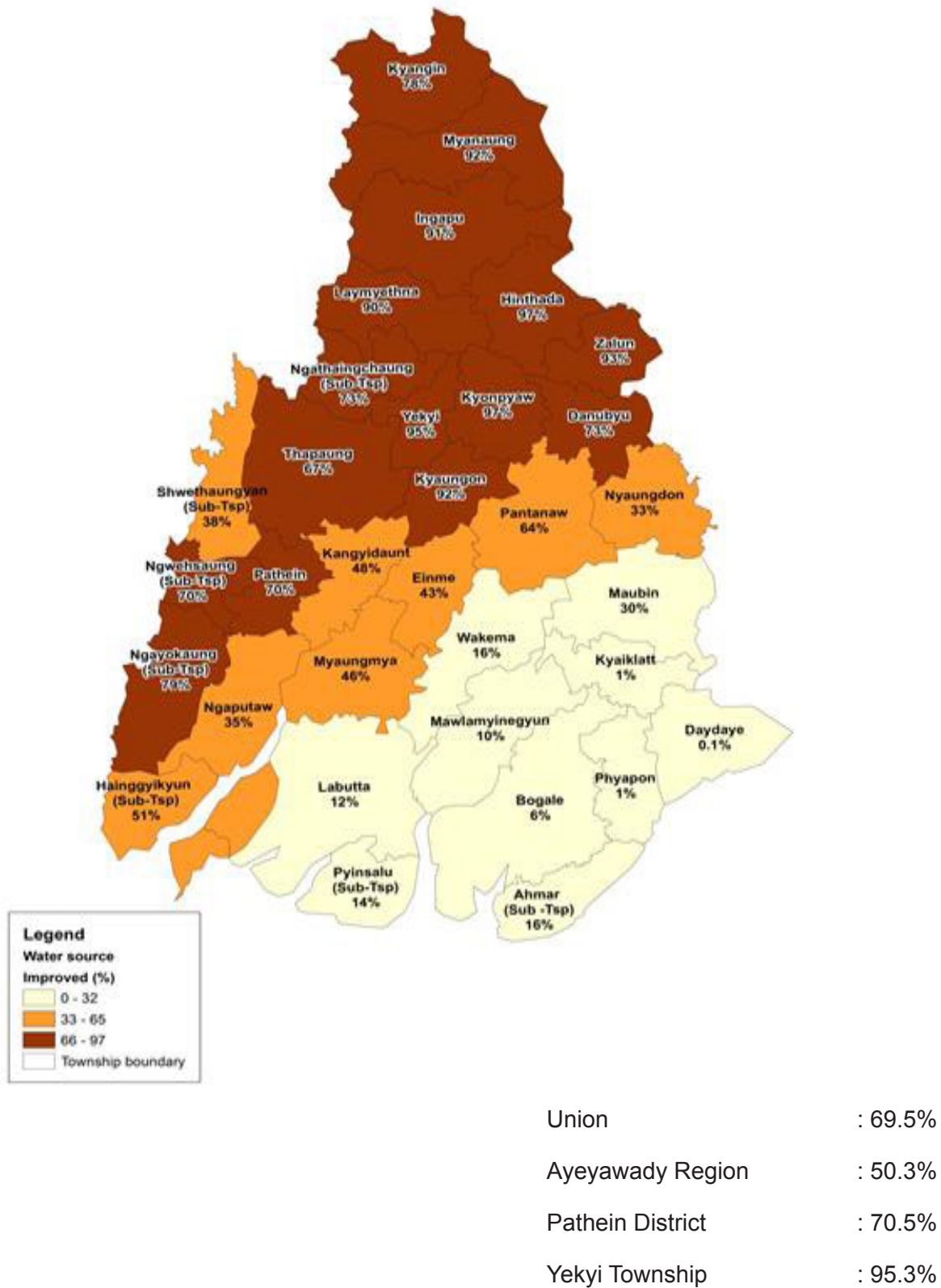


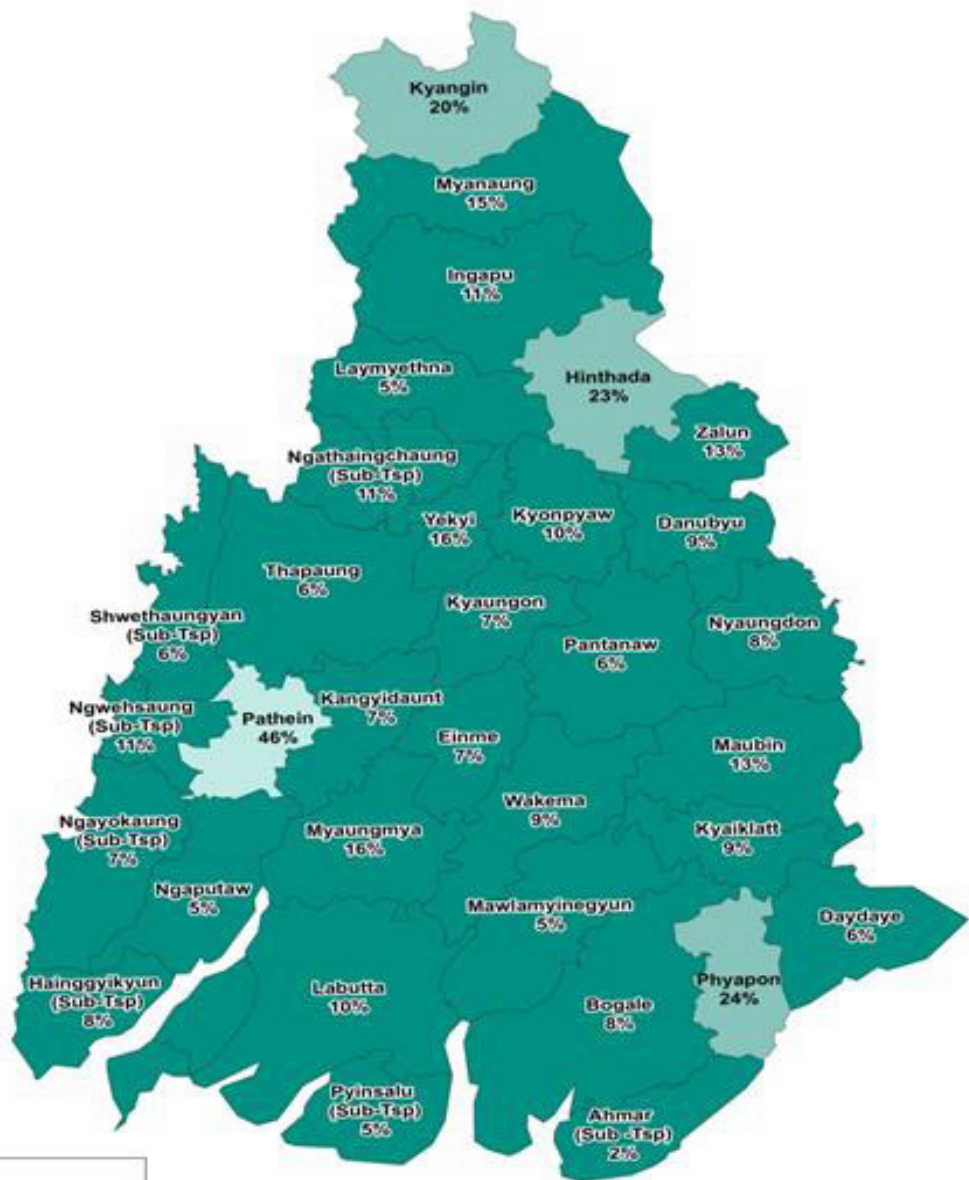
Table 14: Conventional households by source of drinking water by urban/rural

Source of drinking water		Total	Urban	Rural
Tap water/ Piped		0.5	0.5	0.5
Tube well, borehole		90.0	95.4	89.4
Protected well/ Spring		4.6	3.0	4.8
Bottled water/ Water purifier		0.2	0.7	0.1
<i>Total improved drinking water</i>		<i>95.3</i>	<i>99.6</i>	<i>94.8</i>
Unprotected well/Spring		0.2	0.2	0.2
Pool/Pond/ Lake		0.1	-	0.1
River/stream/ canal		3.9	-	4.3
Waterfall/ Rain water		-	-	-
Other		0.5	0.2	0.6
<i>Total unimproved drinking water</i>		<i>4.7</i>	<i>0.4</i>	<i>5.2</i>
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	27,802	2,766	25,036

- In Yekyi Township, 95.3 per cent of households use improved sources of drinking water (tap water/ piped, tube well, borehole, protected well/spring and bottled water/water purifier).
- Compared to other townships in Ayeyawady Region, the proportion of households use of improved sources of drinking water belongs to the range of (66-97) per cent and it is also higher than the Union average (69.5%).
- Some 90.0 per cent of the households use water from tube well/borehole and 4.6 per cent use water from protected well/spring.
- Some 4.7 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources.
- In rural areas, 5.2 per cent of the households use water from unimproved sources for drinking water.

Source of lighting

Figure 16: Proportion of households using electricity for lighting



Union	: 32.4%
Ayeyawady Region	: 12.0%
Pathein District	: 14.6%
Yekyi Township	: 15.9%

Table 15: Conventional households by source of lighting by urban/rural

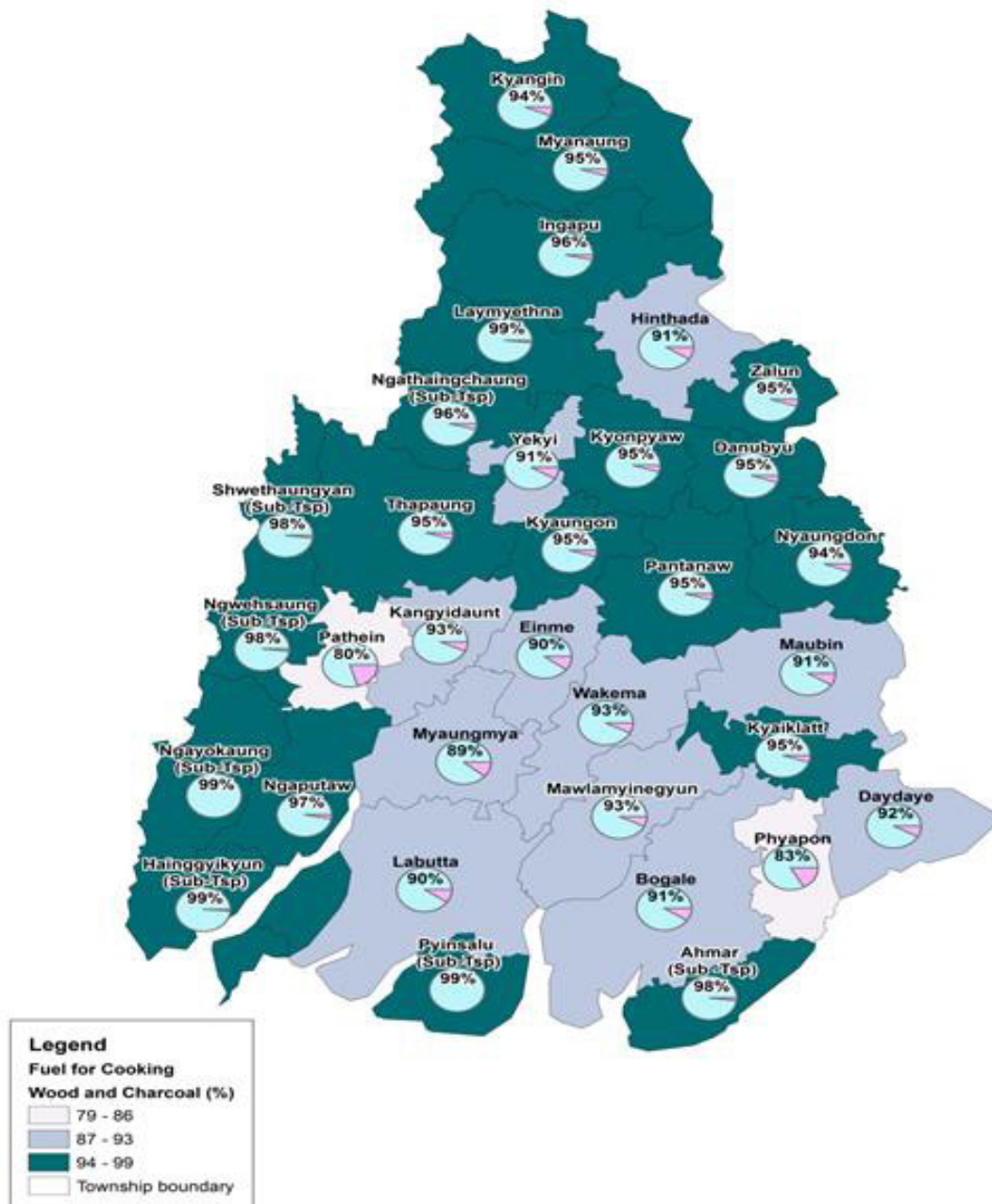
Source of lighting		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		15.9	68.3	10.1
Kerosene		33.9	3.0	37.3
Candle		8.9	6.9	9.1
Battery		34.5	21.4	36.0
Generator (private)		0.4	-	0.5
Water mill (private)		*	-	*
Solar system/energy		6.3	0.4	7.0
Other		0.1	*	0.1
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	27,802	2,766	25,036

- In Yekyi Township, 15.9 per cent of the households use electricity for lighting. This proportion belongs to the (2-17) per cent group in electricity usage compared to other townships in Ayeyawady Region. The percentage of households that use electricity in Ayeyawady Region is 12.0 per cent.
- The use of battery for lighting is the highest in the township with 34.5 per cent.
- In rural areas, 37.3 per cent of the households use kerosene for lighting.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

Type of cooking fuel

Figure 17: Proportion of households using wood-related cooking fuel



Union	: 81.0%
Ayeyawady Region	: 92.7%
Pathein District	: 92.8%
Yekyi Township	: 91.3%

Table 16: Conventional households by type of cooking fuel by urban/rural

Type of cooking fuel		Total	Urban	Rural
Electricity		5.1	30.3	2.3
LPG		*	0.1	*
Kerosene		0.7	-	0.7
BioGas		0.1	*	0.1
Firewood		88.6	54.7	92.4
Charcoal		2.7	9.6	2.0
Coal		*	0.1	*
Other		2.8	5.2	2.5
Total	Per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number	27,802	2,766	25,036

- In Yekyi Township, households mainly use wood-related fuels for cooking with 88.6 per cent using firewood and 2.7 per cent using charcoal.
- Only 5.1 per cent of households use electricity for cooking.
- Some 92.4 per cent of households in rural areas use firewood and 2.0 per cent use charcoal.

Note: * Less than 0.1 per cent.

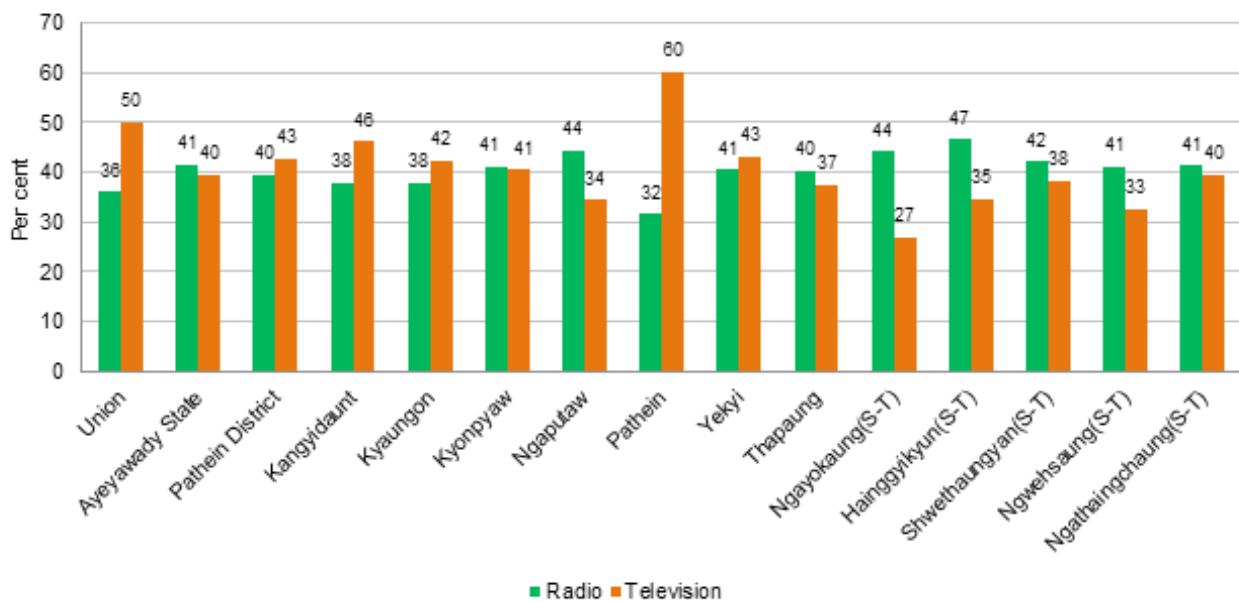
Communication and related amenities

Table 17: Conventional households by availability of communication and related amenities by urban/rural

Residence	Conventional households	Radio	Television	Land line phone	Mobile phone	Computer	Internet at home	% with none of the items	% with all of the items
Total	27,802	40.6	43.1	5.1	24.9	1.2	2.1	33.5	0.3
Urban	2,766	31.3	65.2	11.6	49.0	4.9	6.9	21.3	0.6
Rural	25,036	41.6	40.6	4.4	22.2	0.8	1.5	34.9	0.3

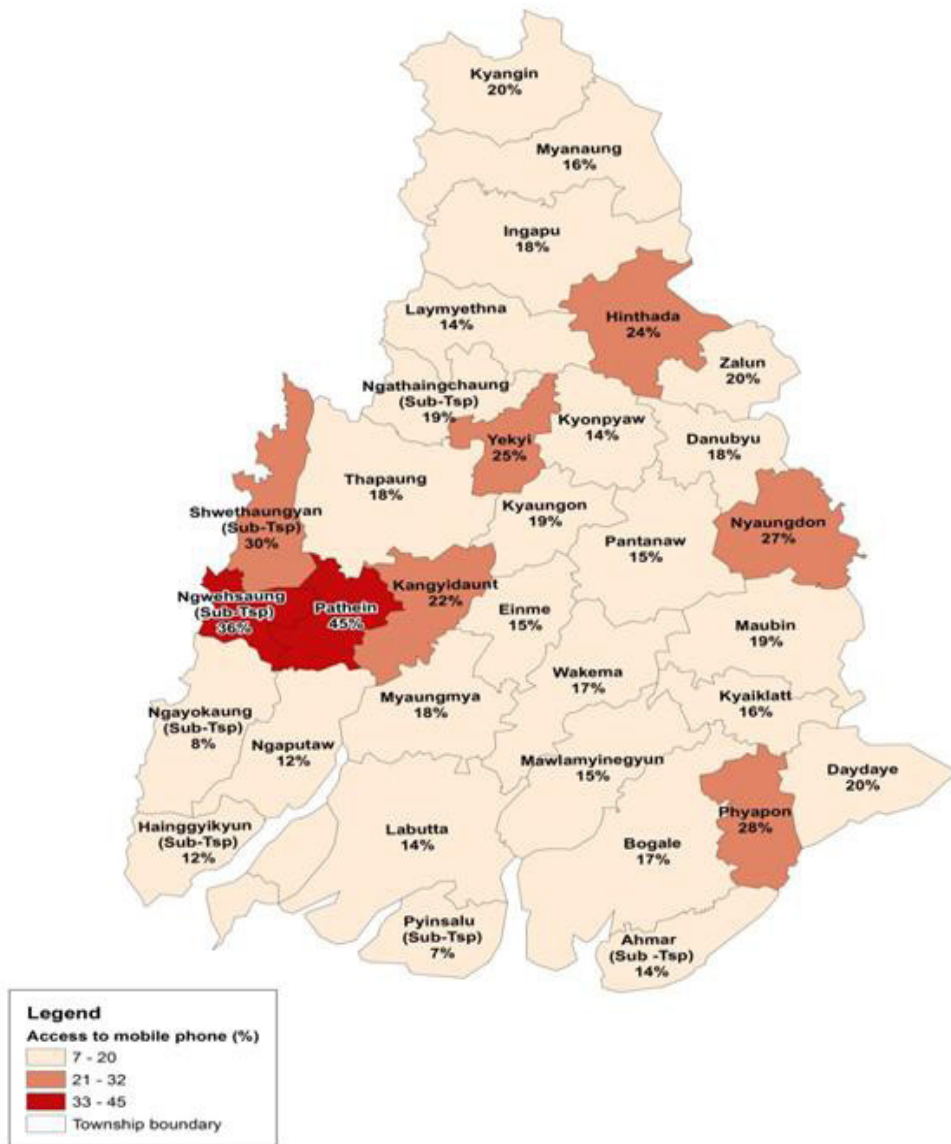
- Some 43.1 per cent of the households in Yekyi Township have access to television and is the highest among the access of communication and related amenities. Some 65.2 per cent of households in urban areas have access to television, while 41.6 per cent of the household in rural areas reported having radio.

Figure 18: Percentage of households with access to radio and television



- In Yekyi Township, 43.1 per cent of the households have access to television and about one half of the households (40.6%) reported having a radio.

Figure 19: Proportion of households with access to mobile phone



Union	: 32.9%
Ayeyawady Region	: 19.2%
Patheingyi District	: 22.3%
Yekyi Township	: 24.9%

- Only 24.9 per cent of the households in Yekyi Township reported having mobile phones and it is 19.2 per cent in the entire Ayeyawady Region.

Transportation items

Table 18: Conventional households by availability of transportation items by urban/rural

Region/District/ Township	Conventional households	Car/Truck/ Van	Motorcycle/ Moped	Bicycle	4-Wheel tractor	Canoe/ Boat	Motor boat	Cart (bullock)
Ayeyawady Region	1,488,983	9,065	276,847	566,391	36,835	211,646	100,106	227,654
Urban	200,962	4,706	69,392	118,659	3,030	3,774	3,457	5,549
Rural	1,288,021	4,359	207,455	447,732	33,805	207,872	96,649	222,105
Patheingyi District	394,147	3,485	86,618	151,744	10,216	44,989	18,471	62,528
Urban	69,584	2,033	26,927	37,481	1,117	1,644	1,211	2,486
Rural	324,563	1,452	59,691	114,263	9,099	43,345	17,260	60,042
Yekyi Township	27,802	224	6,720	15,318	1,272	2,641	521	6,484
Urban	2,766	58	995	1,851	63	1	1	99
Rural	25,036	166	5,725	13,467	1,209	2,640	520	6,385

- In Yekyi Township, 55.1 per cent of the households have bicycle as a means of transport and it is the highest proportion, followed by 24.2 per cent of households having motorcycle/moped.
- Analysis by urban/rural residence shows that the majority of the households mainly use bicycle as a means of transport.

(H) Fertility and Mortality

Fertility

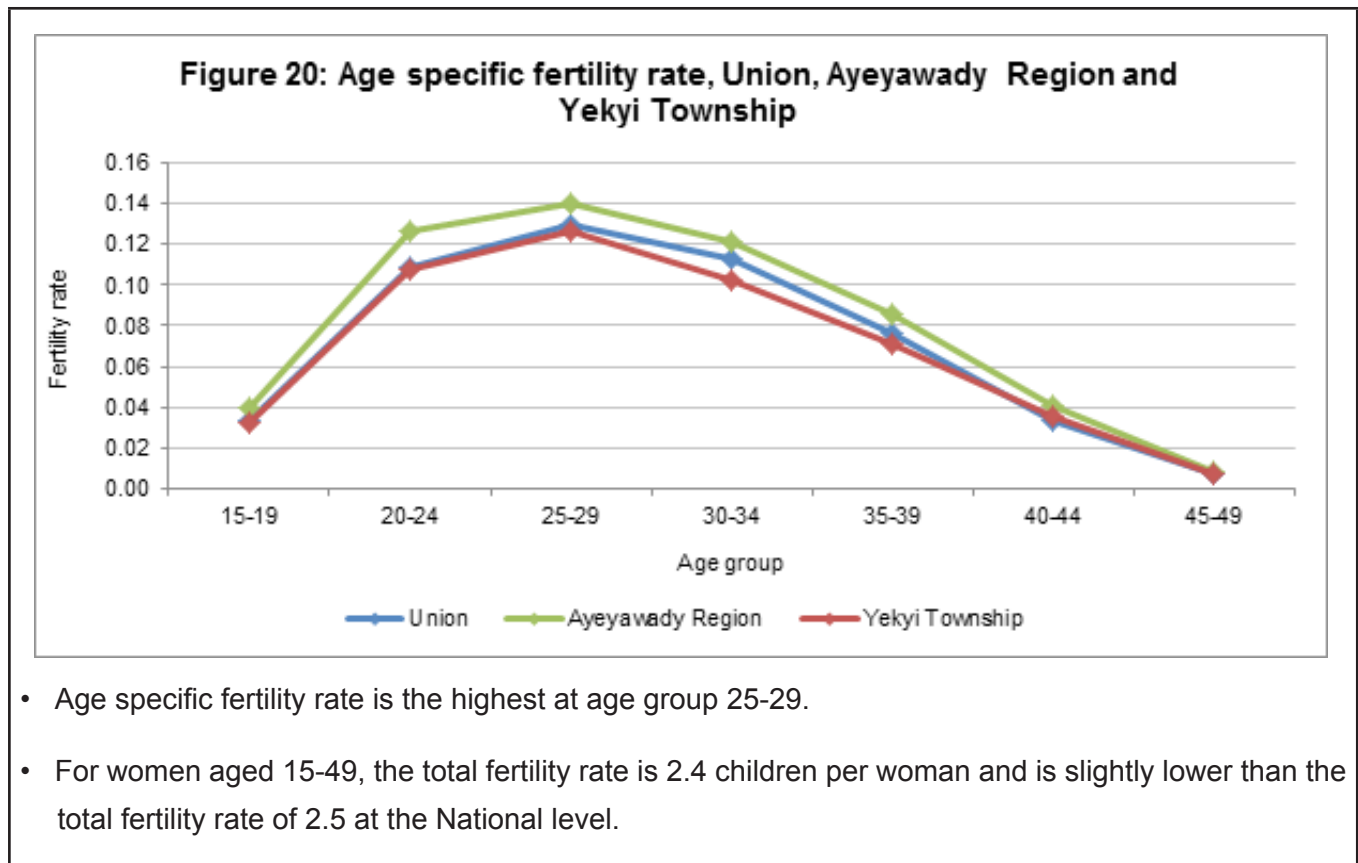
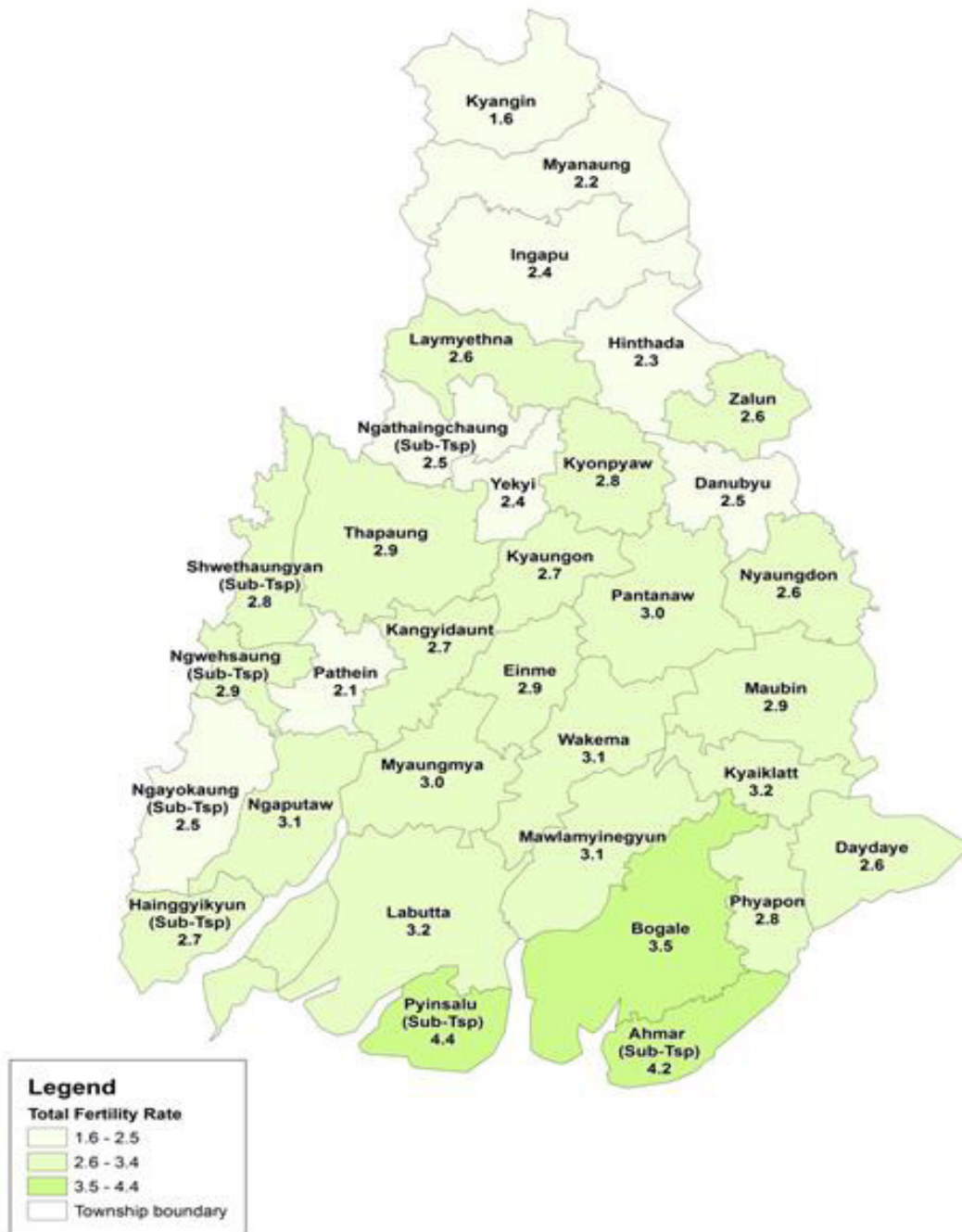
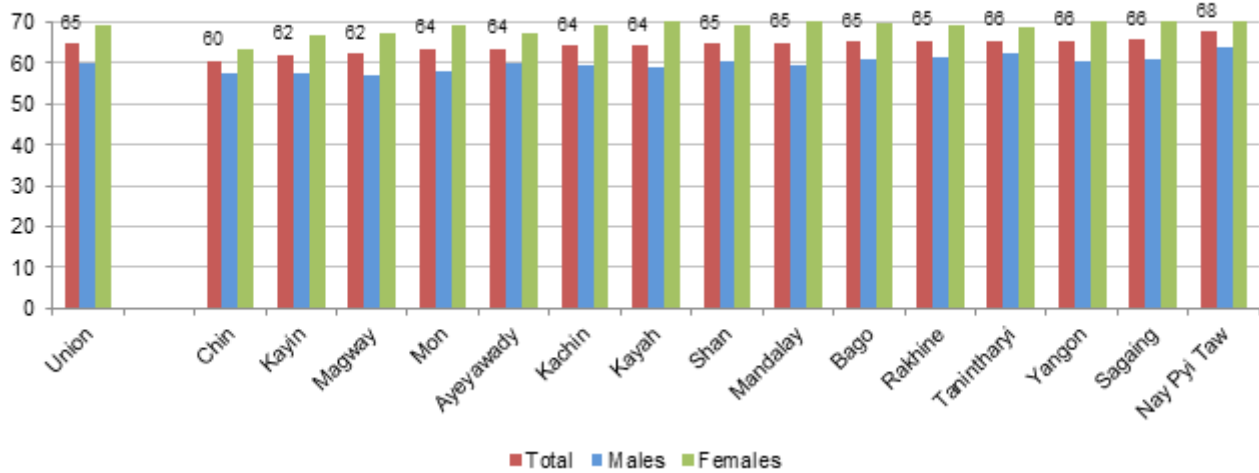


Figure 21: Total fertility rate



Union	: 2.5
Ayeyawady Region	: 2.8
Pathein District	: 2.6
Yekyi Township	: 2.4

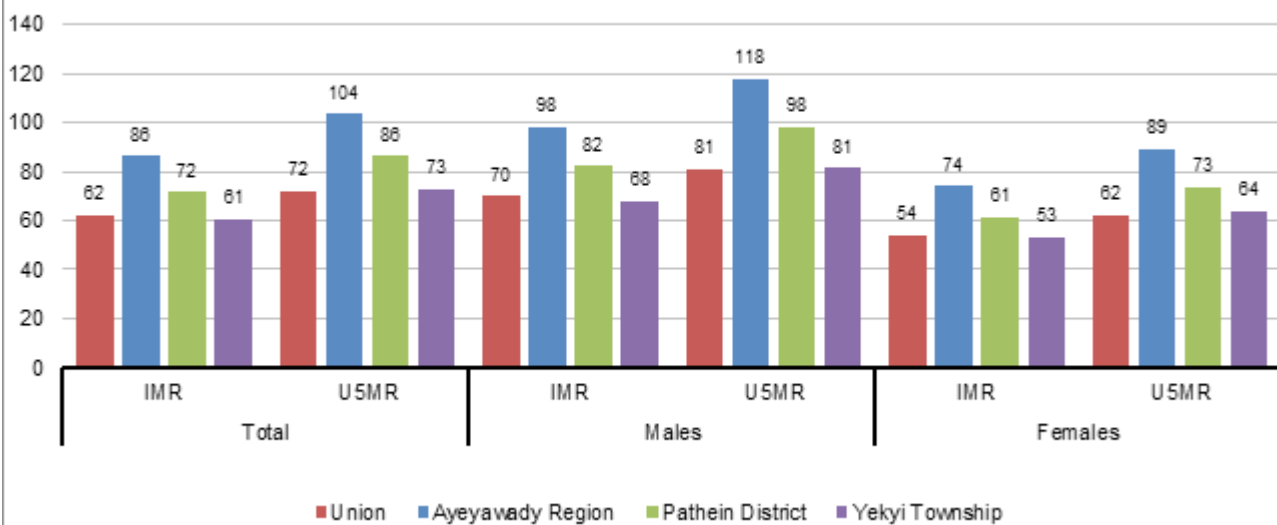
Figure 22: Life expectancy (Union and State/Region)



- The expectation of life at birth in Ayeyawady Region is 63.6 years and is lower than that of National level at 64.7 years.
- The female life expectancy at 67.2 years is higher than that of the males at 60.2 years.

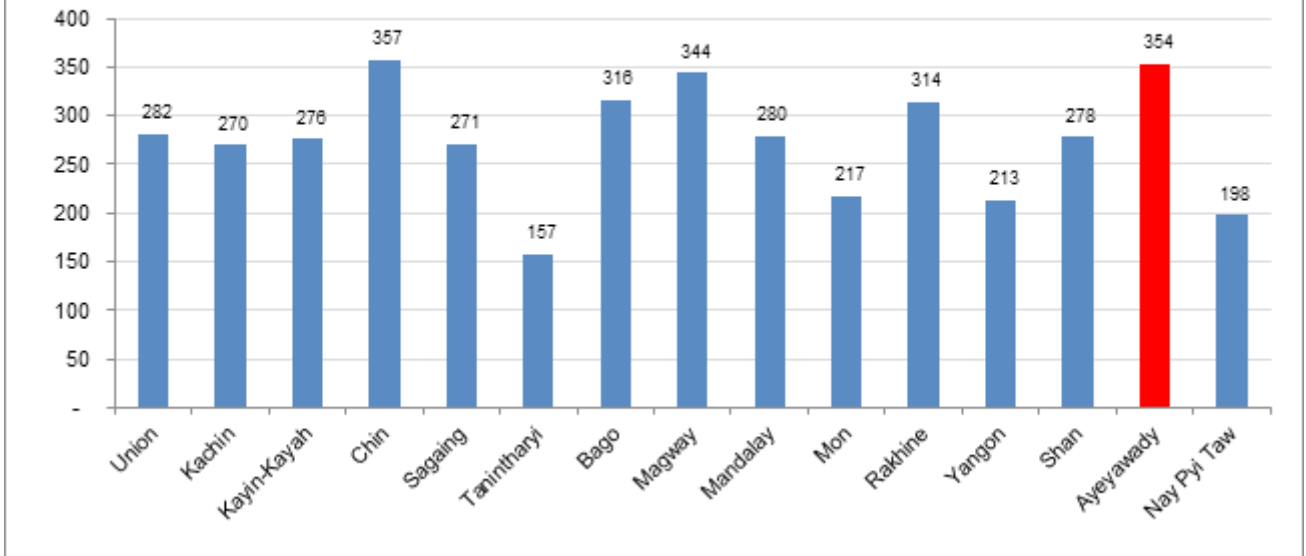
Childhood Mortality and Maternal Mortality

Figure 23: Infant and Under 5 mortality rates



- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Patheingyi District are higher than the Union average. The Infant mortality in Patheingyi District is 72 deaths under age one per 1,000 live births while Under 5 mortality is 86 deaths under age 5 per 1,000 live births.
- The Infant and Under 5 mortality rates in Yekyi Township are lower than those in Ayeyawady Region and Patheingyi District. The Infant mortality in Yekyi is 61 per 1,000 live births and Under 5 mortality is 73 per 1,000 live births.

Figure 24: Maternal mortality ratios (Union and State/Region)



- In Ayeyawady Region, there are 354 women dying while during pregnancy/delivery or within 42 days of termination of pregnancy for every 100,000 live births.
- The maternal mortality ratio in Ayeyawady Region is higher than that of the Union level.
- Compared to the average maternal mortality ratio of 140 for Southeast Asian countries, the maternal mortality ratio of 282 for Myanmar is high.

Definitions and Concepts

Population: The population in this report corresponds to the de-facto population of Myanmar on Census Night (see below).

Census Night: The night between the 29th and the 30th March 2014. Every person in Myanmar was enumerated where they spent the Census Night.

Rural area: Areas classified by the Department of General Administration (GAD) as village tracts. Generally these are areas with low population density and a land use which is predominantly agricultural.

Urban area: Areas classified by the GAD as wards. Generally these areas have an increased density of building structures, population and better infrastructural development.

Population Density: The population density relates to the number of persons in a given administrative area to the surface of the area, expressed in square kilometres (Km²). Areas covered by water are excluded from the calculation.

Mean Household Size: The average number of persons per household (people living in households divided by number of conventional households).

Sex ratio: The number of males for every 100 females in a population.

Dependency ratio: The total dependency ratio is the ratio of dependents (people younger than 15 years and older than 64) to the population of working-age (age 15-64). Data are shown as the proportion of dependents per 100 working-age population. Three different measures can be calculated: total dependency ratio, child dependency ratio and old age dependency ratio.

Child Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people younger than 15 years to the working age population (15-64).

Old Dependency Ratio: is the proportion of people older than 64 years to the working age population (15-64).

Ageing Index: The number of persons aged 65 years and over per 100 people under the age of 15 years.

Median Age: The age that divides a population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half the people are younger than this age and half are older.

Education: Education is the process by which people learn through instruction and teaching. The 2014 MPHC placed an emphasis on literacy skills, school attendance and educational attainment. The other categorisations used under education were:

- (a) **Literacy:** The ability to read and write in any language with reasonable understanding.
- (b) **School attendance:** The attendance at any regular educational institution or systematic instruction at any level of education during the last 12 months. This included schooling at pre-primary, primary, middle, high school and tertiary institutions of higher learning. The options were:
 - (a) Currently attending;
 - (b) Attended previously;
 - (c) Never attended.

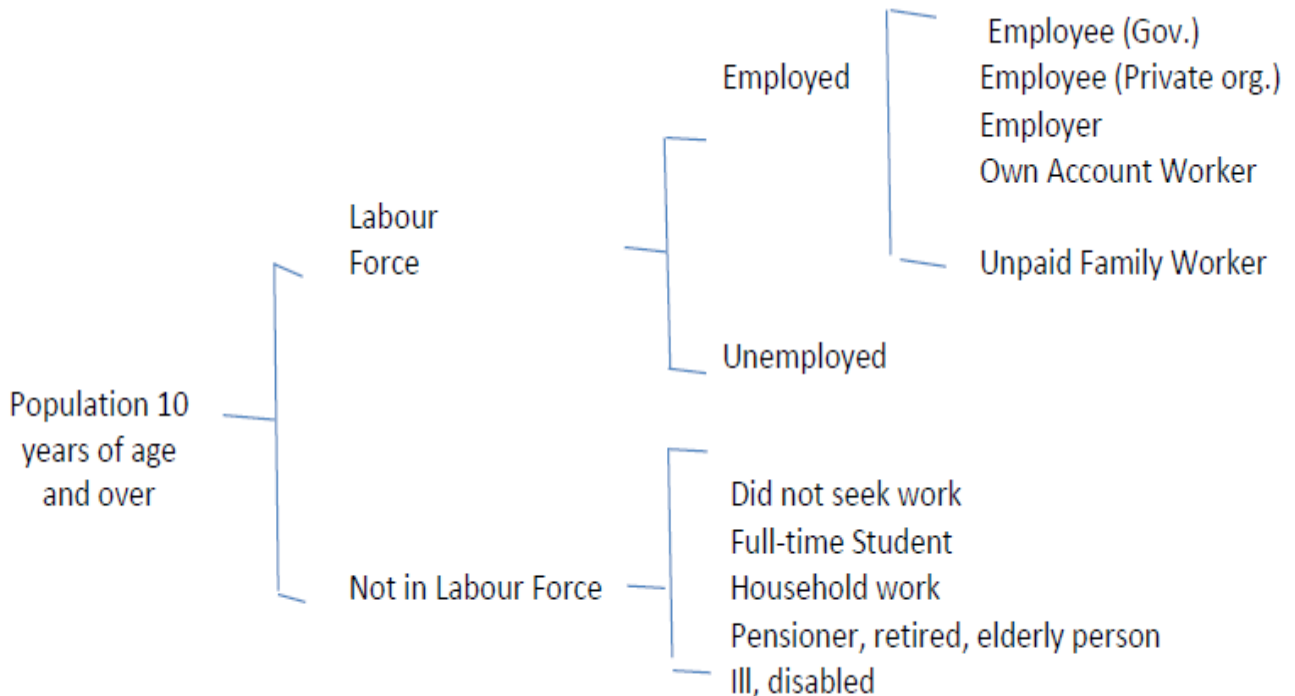
(c) **Educational Attainment:** The highest grade/standard/diploma/degree completed within the most advanced level attended in the education system of the country where the education was received. It covered both public and private institutions accredited by government.

Disability: Disability is a situation where a person is at a greater risk than the general population of experiencing restrictions in performing routine activities (including activities of daily living) or participating in roles (such as work) if no supportive measures are offered. The difficulties covered in the 2014 census included:

- (a) **Walking difficulty** (wheel chairs, crutches, limping, problems climbing steps);
- (b) **Seeing difficulty** (low vision, blind);
- (c) **Hearing difficulty** (partially or completely deaf);
- (d) **Mental/Intellectual difficulty** (slow learning development making it hard to compete with their counterparts at school, other mental conditions).

Identity card: An identity card is a document used to verify aspects of a person's personal identity. There are several types of identity cards issued by the Government of Myanmar, and national passports in the case of foreigners.

Labour Force Status: According to the type of usual economic activities during the 12 months before Census Night, all persons 10 years of age and over were classified as follows:



Labour Force: The Labour force is a general term covering “employed” and “unemployed” persons in the population.

Employed: “Employed” persons refer to those who did any work during the time of the week before the census date or worked for more than 6 months in the 12 months before the census date for pay or profit, such as a wage, salary, allowance, business profit, etc. Also included in this category were persons

working in family businesses, on a farm, in a store, in a private hospital etc., even though they were not paid any wages.

Unemployed: “Unemployed” persons refer to those who had no work but were able to work and actually seeking a job during the reference period, or at the time of the census enumeration.

Not in labour force: This category comprised persons who had no work and did not make any positive efforts to find a job during the 6 months before the census date or were unable to work. This included full time students, household work, elderly people, etc.

Employment Status: All employed persons were classified according to the economic activity status in the place where they worked during the last 12 months or if they worked in more than one place, where they worked most of the time. There were five employment categories:

- (a) **Employee (Government):** those employed and working for government including in state organisation institutions.
- (b) **Employee (Private organisation):** those employed and working for private employers or private organisations. All people in private companies, NGOs, international organisations, retail and wholesale enterprises fell under this category.
- (c) **Employer:** persons who during the reference period worked in their own business, which also employed one or more other persons.
- (d) **Own account worker:** self-employed persons who worked in their own business or worked in their own/family business for family gain **and did not have any employees.**
- (e) **Unpaid family worker:** persons who worked in a business, farm, trade or professional enterprise operated by a member of the household/family and received no pay.

Labour force participation rate: The labour force participation rate is the ratio between the labour force and the overall size of the total population of the same age range. This is an important indicator as it portrays the proportion of the population that is economically active.

$$\text{Labour force participation rate} = \frac{\text{Labour force (Employed + Unemployed)}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$$

Unemployment rate: The percentage of the total labour force that is unemployed but actively seeking employment and willing to work. These are people who are without work, looking for jobs and available for work.

$$\text{Unemployment rate} = \frac{\text{Unemployed}}{\text{Labour force (Employed + Unemployed)}} \times 100$$

Employment to population ratio: A statistical ratio that measures the proportion of the country's working-age population (ages 15 to 64) that is employed. The International Labour Organization (ILO) states that a person is considered employed if they have worked at least 1 hour in "gainful" employment in the most recent week.

$$\text{Employment to population ratio} = \frac{\text{Employed}}{\text{Total Population}} \times 100$$

Occupation: Occupation refers to the kind of work an employed person did in the establishment during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. Put differently, occupation is the kind of work done during the last 12 months by the person employed, regardless of the industry of the establishment. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, field data collectors were instructed to collect a detailed description of the work being done such as accounts clerk, data entry operator (clerk), legal secretary, domestic worker, fisherman, human resource manager, etc. If an employed person was engaged in two or more jobs, the kind of work was decided by the work in which he/she was mainly engaged in, that is in terms of time. The occupational classification is based on the ISCO 2008.

Industry: Industry refers to the main activity of the establishment where an employed person usually worked during the 12 months (reference period) before the census date. In the 2014 Myanmar Census, industry was explained to the enumerators as the type of economic activity carried out at the person's place of work. It is defined in terms of the kind of goods produced or services supplied by the enterprise in which the person works and not necessarily the specific duties or functions of the person's job. For example, a clerical officer working in stores within a factory that makes television sets. The industry should be recorded as manufacture of electrical goods. If an employed person worked in two or more establishments, "industry" was decided by the establishment where he/she worked most. The industrial classification is based on the ISIC Revision 4.

Live Birth: A live birth is one where the infant shows one or more of the following signs of life immediately after birth: crying or similar sounds, movement of the limbs or any other parts of the body and/or any other tangible signs of life. The census was concerned only with children born alive. Also collected was information on the last live birth of ever married female respondents.

Total fertility rate (TFR): The average number of children that a woman would give birth to if all women lived to the end of their childbearing years and bore children according to the current schedule of age-specific fertility rates.

$$\text{Total fertility rate (TFR)} = 5 \sum \text{Age specific fertility rate (ASFR)}$$

Age specific fertility rate (ASFR): The age-specific fertility rate measures the annual number of births to women of a specified age or age group per 1,000 women in that age group. Unless otherwise specified, the reference period for the age-specific fertility rates is the calendar year.

List of Contributors

Contributors to the Ayeyawady Region, Patheingyi District, Yekyi Township Report

Name	Institution	Role
Prepared by		
Daw Mar Mar Oo	Staff Officer, Department of Population	Leader
Daw Naing Naing Lwin	Assistant Immigration Officer, Department of Population	Assistant
U Aung Min Thein	Junior Clerk, Department of Population	Assistant
Translator and Reviewer		
Daw Tin Tin Nyunt	UNFPA Consultant	Translation and Review
Data Processing and IT Team		
Daw Sandar Myint	Deputy Director, Department of Population	Programming and generation of tables
Daw Su Myat Oo	Immigration Assistant, Department of Population	Generation of tables
Daw Aye Thiri Zaw	Junior Clerk, Department of Population	Generation of tables
Daw Lin Lin Mar	Staff Officer, Department of Population	Generation of maps
Daw Cho Cho Than	Assistant Computer Operator, Department of Population	Generation of maps
Daw Khine Sabbe Tun	Junior Clerk, Department of Population	Generation of maps
Designer		
U Naing Phyo Kyaw	Staff Officer, Department of Population	Graphic Designer
U Win Ko	Junior Clerk, Department of Population	Graphic Designer

The Townships Reports

can be downloaded at :

www.dop.gov.mm

or

<http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census>

