Drinking water
77.3% of all households’ main source of drinking water is classified as an improved water source. At the Union level it is lower at 69.5%.

Sanitation
91.1% of all households have toilets that are classified as improved sanitation facilities. At the Union level the figure is lower at 74.3%.

Life expectancy
A person in Yangon Region lives on average until the age of 71.2 years, higher than the Union life expectancy of 66.8 years.

Childhood mortality
In Yangon Region, 44 out of 1,000 infants die before their first birthday (Infant Mortality Rate IMR) which is among the lowest in the country and significantly lower than the Union level IMR of 62.

The Under-5 Mortality Rate for Yangon Region is also one of the lowest in the country. 50 children die before reaching their fifth birthday. At the Union level it is 72.

Housing amenities
69.3% of households use electricity as their main source of energy for lighting; there are wide disparities between State/Region and urban and rural areas. At the Union level it is considerably lower at 32.4%.

Only 26.2% of households use firewood as their main source of energy for cooking. At the Union level it is 69.2%.

Myanmar Map with States/Regions

Yangon Region Figures at a Glance

Population (March 2014)
- Total: 7,360,703
- Male: 3,516,403 (47.8%)
- Female: 3,844,300 (52.2%)
- Sex ratio: 92 males per 100 females
- Urban: 5,160,512 (70%)
- Rural: 2,200,191 (30%)
- % of total population: 14.3%
- Population Density: 716.3 per Km²

Proportion of households with access to improved sources of drinking water, by State and Region

The Main Census Results can be downloaded at:
www.dop.gov.mm
or http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

Department of Population, Ministry of Immigration and Population with technical support from UNFPA
How has the population of Yangon Region changed between 1973, 1983 and 2014?

- **2014**: 7,360,703
- **1983**: 3,965,916
- **1973**: 3,190,359

The population of Yangon Region is the highest in size when compared with other States/Regions in the country.

**Population pyramid for Yangon Region in 2014**

The population pyramid for Yangon Region in 2014 shows a narrow base and a bulge in the working age population. The bulge in the working age population may be attributed to migration to the city by populations from other States/Regions, while the narrow base may be due to declining birthrates.

**Proportion of broad age groups in the total population**

- **Under 15 years**: 23.5%
- **15-64 years**: 70.9%
- **65 years and over**: 5.7%

The population can be divided into three broad age groups, those less than 15 years (Child population), 15-64 years (Productive age), and 65 years and over (Aged population).

**Dependency Ratio**

In Yangon Region the Total Dependency Ratio was 41.1 in 2014. The dependency ratio measures the pressure on the productive population. The Total Dependency Ratio at the Union Level was 52.5 in 2014.

- **Under 15 years**: 1,725,413
- **15-64 years**: 5,219,941
- **65 years +**: 415,349

**Housing conditions**

64.5% of households in Yangon Region own their house, lower than the Union Level figure of 85.5%.

**Labour force participation rate**

63.1% of all people who are of working age (15-64) were in the labour force. The proportion of males in the labour force is considerably higher (81.8%) than females (46.4%).

**Literacy**

Out of 5,271,946 people aged fifteen years and over, 5,095,313 reported that they were able to read and write. The literacy rate for Yangon Region is 96.6%, higher than the Union literacy rate of 89.5%. Literacy rates are higher for males (98%) than females (95.5%).

**School attendance**

Out of a population of 6,431,752 persons aged 5 years and over living in conventional households, 1,113,430 are currently attending school.

**Population density**

The population density of Yangon is the highest in the country with 716 persons per Km². This is approximately nine times higher than the Union level population density of 76 persons per Km².